Socio-demographic Profile of Children Aged 0 to 5 and their Parents

RTS de l'Outaouais

BASED ON THE 2016 CENSUS OF CANADA

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FOR THE

Community Health and Social Services Network



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Socio-demographic Profiles of Children aged 0-5 and their Parents

Introduction

Early Child Development as a Social Determinant of Health

Early child development (ECD) is a cornerstone of human development and childhood is considered to be the most important developmental phase of the individual lifespan. The developmental outcomes of this early phase of life impact the level of health and well-being enjoyed by a population in its future. Early child development is a social determinant of the health of communities and it is a process that is particularly sensitive to social determinants like the socio-economic status of families with children aged 0-5 and their social environment, access to health and social services, communication competency and literacy and access to local social support networks.

Health organizations around the globe are promoting knowledge and fostering policy, programs and initiatives that aim to improve the situation of children experiencing disadvantaged conditions and who are thereby vulnerable to poor childhood development. In Québec, the 2017 study of the Institut de la statistique du Québec entitled *Québec Survey on Children's Development in Kindergarten/Enquète quebécoise sur le development des enfants à la maternelle* selected the following key areas for assessment of the quality of ECD: physical health and well-being; social competence; emotional maturity; cognitive and language development; as well as communication skills and general knowledge.

See the report at <u>https://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/statistiques/sante/enfants-ados/developpement-enfants-maternelle-2017_an.html</u>

The Community Health and Social Services Network: Bright Beginnings

The Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) supports the English-speaking communities of Québec in their efforts to redress health status inequalities and promote community vitality. It strengthens and mobilizes networks at the local, regional and provincial levels in order to address health determinants, influence public policy and develop services for English speakers who, too often are left out of the system. It's 65 member organizations from various sectors aim to improve vitality and health of individuals and families among Québec's minority language communities. Learn more at http://chssn.org/about-us/

CHSSN financially supports 21 local or regional community health and social services network organizations who mobilize citizens and multi-sectorial partners in all regions of Québec using a population health approach. They collectively address health determinants such as access to health services, healthy child development, education and literacy, and social environments or support networks. With their networks, CHSSN has developed a collective vision and an early childhood framework called *Bright Beginnings: an adapted approach to supporting English-speaking children (0-5) and families.* This approach is being implemented by networks to varying degrees in many regions in accordance with each network organization's capacity.

To explore their approach further go to http://chssn.org/pdf/ProvincialActionPlan-BB_ENG.pdf

About These Profiles

These profiles draw from the 2016 Census of Canada to provide pertinent socio-demographic information on the children aged 0-5 of Québec's English-speaking communities and their families in

accordance with Québec's RTS (réseau territorial de services) territories.¹ They include information on their numbers, where they live, family structures they are part of, socio-economic issues they face, their status as recent immigrants to Québec, aboriginal identity and their likelihood to be members of a visible minority. Each regional profile includes tables, graphs and information bullets that provide provincial and regional statistics for selected characteristics as well as comparisons between French-speaking majority and English-speaking minority populations within these administrative territories.

Please note that these profiles draw from two different census samples. Section 1 of each profile provides information drawn from the 2016 census sample of the Québec population living in private households. **Section 2** provides information on the 2016 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in census families in Québec.

Definitions and Concepts

These profiles draw data from the Statistics Canada 2016 Census of Canada and are organized in accordance with its definitions and concepts. The census dictionary is available at, https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/ref/dict/index-eng.cfm

First Official Language Spoken (FOLS) The definitions of first official language spoken and official language minority are outlined in the Official Languages (Communications with and Services to the Public) Regulations issued pursuant to the Official Languages Act (1988). The official language minority is English in Québec and French in all other provinces and territories. First Official Language Spoken is derived from the census questions on knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language. Multiple responses are distributed equally among declared languages.

<u>Census Family households</u> are those with a married couple (with or without children), or a couple living common-law (with or without children), or a lone parent living with one or more children (lone-parent family).

<u>Census family</u> is defined as a married couple and the children, if any, of either and/or both spouses; a couple living common law and the children, if any, of either and/or both partners; or a lone parent of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling and that child or those children. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. Children may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family.

<u>Private household</u> refers to a person or group of persons who occupy the same dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada or abroad. For census purposes, households are classified into three groups: private households, collective households and households outside Canada. Unless otherwise specified, all data in census products are for private households only.

<u>Educational Attainment</u> – Persons with low educational attainment are those with only a high school graduation certificate or less while those with high educational attainment are those with a university bachelor's degree or higher.

¹ For further information go to <u>http://www.msss.gouv.qc.ca/professionnels/informations-geographiques-et-de-population/decoupage-territorial/</u>

<u>Income</u> – Persons with low income are those with individual after-tax income less than \$20k while those with high income reported \$50k or more. This includes income from all sources.

<u>LICO</u> uses the income levels of a given family and considers how large a share of its income is spent on necessities such as food, shelter and clothing. If the amount a family spends is 20% higher than an average family in a year, it falls into the low income cut-off category. People who live below income cut-offs may be said to live in "straitened circumstances." (Human Resources and Skills Development Canada, August 2009.)

<u>Mobility status</u> – (Place of residence 5 years ago) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2011, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier.

Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers.

Movers include non-migrants and migrants.

Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve.

Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada.

External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date. External migrants are referred to as immigrants in this document.

Methodological Notes

Data Source

These profiles draw information from datasets developed by the Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) using the 2016 Census of Canada. Findings are provided for Québec's RTS territories in which there are at least 250 English speaking residents. **Please note that the profiles are divided into two sections. Section 1** provides information drawn from the 2016 census sample of the Québec population living in private households. **Section 2** provides information on the 2016 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in census families in Québec.

Linguistic definitions

There are numerous linguistic definitions that are used to identify the English-speaking population in Québec. The choice of linguistic indicator depends largely on the issue being examined. These profiles use the <u>First Official Language Spoken</u> (FOLS) definition with multiple responses proportionally distributed since it best reflects the total English-speaking health service users in the province. First Official Language Spoken is derived from three census questions: knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language. Dual responses are divided equally among English-speaking and French-speaking groups. Other definitions include <u>Mother tongue</u> which refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood. The <u>language most often spoken at home</u> is used to designate the home language. <u>Knowledge of official languages</u> indicates the official language in which a person can carry on a conversation. The <u>language used most often at work</u> indicates the language spoken most frequently at work.

Demographic and Socio-economic Characteristics

The demographic and socio-economic variables addressed in these profiles are:

- Population size
- Household living arrangements
- Income
- Low-income cut-off (LICO)
- Educational attainment
- Labour force activity
- Visible minority status
- Family Structure
- Aboriginal identity
- Recent Immigrant status

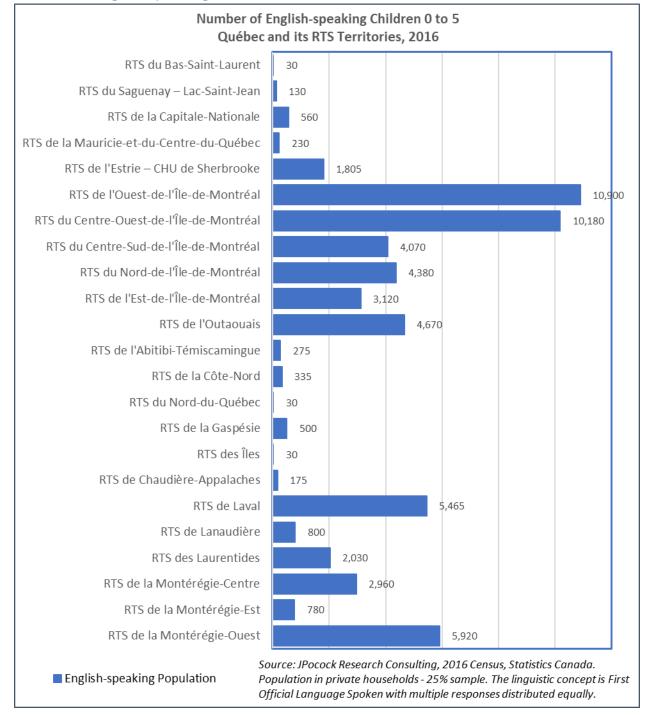
Section 1: Children 0-5

The statistics presented in this section of the profile are drawn from the 2016 census population living in private households in Québec.

Children 0 to 5 Across Québec

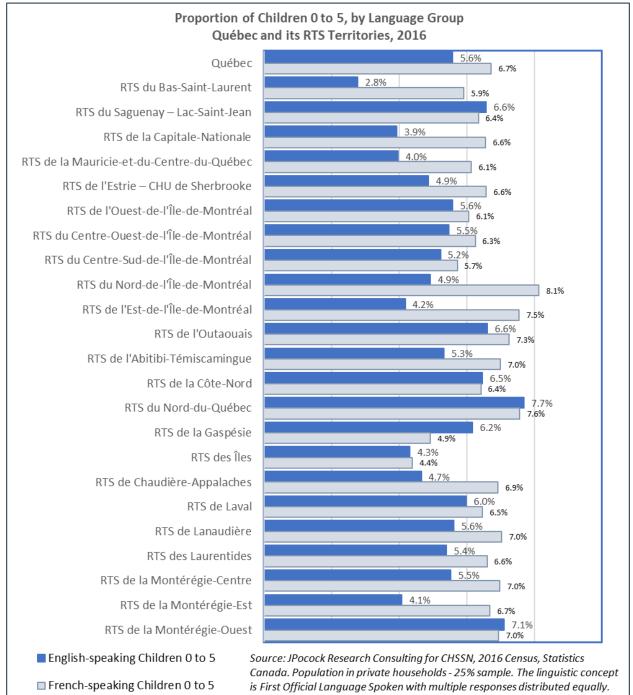
Proportion of Children Across Québec

Size and Proportion English-speaking Children 0 to 5 and French-speaking Children 0 to 5 Québec and its RTS Territories, 2016									
		English-speak	ing Populatior	ı		French-speal	king Population	ı	
Geography	Total English- speaking Population	Share of Total Population	English- speaking Children 0 to 5	English- speaking Children 0 to 5 (%)	Total French- speaking Population	Share of Total Population	French- speaking Children 0 to 5	French- speaking Children 0 to 5 (%)	
Québec	1,097,925	13.8%	61,400	5.6%	6,795,280	85%	456,615	6.7%	
RTS du Bas-Saint-Laurent	1,080	0.6%	30	2.8%	188,850	99%	11,175	5.9%	
RTS du Saguenay – Lac-Saint-Jean	1,975	0.7%	130	6.6%	266,835	99%	16,945	6.4%	
RTS de la Capitale-Nationale	14,205	2.0%	560	3.9%	693,190	98%	45,500	6.6%	
RTS de la Mauricie-et-du-Centre-du-Québec	5,800	1.2%	230	4.0%	484,485	99%	29,750	6.1%	
RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke	37,010	8.1%	1,805	4.9%	420,845	92%	27,705	6.6%	
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	194,935	55.8%	10,900	5.6%	148,085	42%	8,970	6.1%	
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	185,920	55.0%	10,180	5.5%	142,460	42%	8,915	6.3%	
RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	77,840	26.7%	4,070	5.2%	209,030	72%	11,965	5.7%	
RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	88,895	21.4%	4,380	4.9%	314,375	76%	25,575	8.1%	
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	74,575	14.9%	3,120	4.2%	415,110	83%	31,330	7.5%	
RTS de l'Outaouais	70,575	18.7%	4,670	6.6%	304,625	81%	22,120	7.3%	
RTS de l'Abitibi-Témiscamingue	5,155	3.6%	275	5.3%	137,920	96%	9,660	7.0%	
RTS de la Côte-Nord	5,175	5.7%	335	6.5%	85,085	94%	5,465	6.4%	
RTS du Nord-du-Québec	390	2.9%	30	7.7%	13,265	97%	1,005	7.6%	
RTS de la Gaspésie	8,090	10.7%	500	6.2%	67,840	89%	3,345	4.9%	
RTS des Îles	695	5.7%	30	4.3%	11,495	94%	505	4.4%	
RTS de Chaudière-Appalaches	3,755	0.9%	175	4.7%	404,685	99%	28,020	6.9%	
RTS de Laval	91,115	22.2%	5,465	6.0%	311,535	76%	20,170	6.5%	
RTS de Lanaudière	14,215	2.9%	800	5.6%	471,020	97%	33,155	7.0%	
RTS des Laurentides	37,555	6.5%	2,030	5.4%	538,755	93%	35,590	6.6%	
RTS de la Montérégie-Centre	53,570	13.7%	2,960	5.5%	332,790	85%	23,230	7.0%	
RTS de la Montérégie-Est	19,130	3.8%	780	4.1%	484,805	96%	32,445	6.7%	
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest	83,300	19.4%	5,920	7.1%	343,710	80%	23,890	7.0%	



Number of English-Speaking Children 0 to 5 Across Québec

Proportion of Children 0 to 5 Across Québec



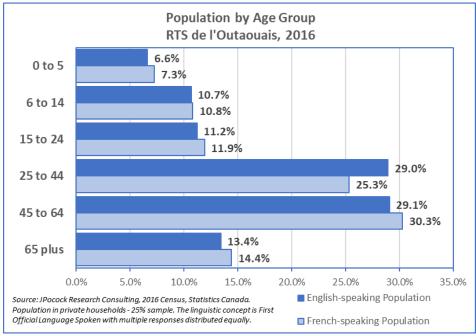
Children 0 to 5 in RTS de l'Outaouais

Population by Age - Table

Age Groups English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016								
Age GroupEnglish- speakingFrench- speakingEnglish- speakingFrench- speakingAge GroupSpeaking PopulationSpeaking PopulationSpeaking 								
Total	70,580	304,625	100.0%	100.0%				
0 to 5	4,670	22,120	6.6%	7.3%				
6 to 14	7,530	32,905	10.7%	10.8%				
15 to 24	7,920	36,255	11.2%	11.9%				
25 to 44	20,440	77,180	29.0%	25.3%				
45 to 64	20,535	92,285	29.1%	30.3%				
65 plus	9,475	43,880	13.4%	14.4%				
	Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language							

Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Population by Age - Graph

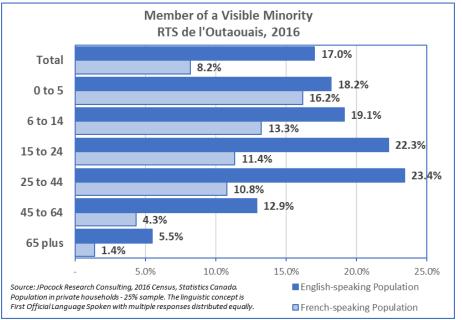


- In 2016, there were 70,580 English-speaking persons in the RTS de l'Outaouais territory. Of these, 4,670 (6.6%) were in the 0 to 5 age group.
- The proportion of children aged 0 to 5 was lower in the English-speaking population than in the French-speaking population (7.3%).
- The proportion of children aged 0 to 5 in the English-speaking population of RTS de l'Outaouais was higher than the average for Quebec's English-speaking population (5.6%).

Visible Minority by Age - Table

Visible Minority Status English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016							
English-speaking Population French-speaking Population							
Age Group	Total	Visible minority population	Proportion of Visible Minorities	Total	Visible minority population	Proportion of Visible Minorities	
Total	70,580	12,010	17.0%	304,625	24,985	8.2%	
0 to 5	4,670	850	18.2%	22,120	3,580	16.2%	
6 to 14	7,530	1,440	19.1%	32,905	4,360	13.3%	
15 to 24	7,920	1,765	22.3%	36,255	4,115	11.4%	
25 to 44	20,440	4,785	23.4%	77,180	8,320	10.8%	
45 to 64	20,535	2,650	12.9%	92,285	4,005	4.3%	
65 plus	9,475	520	5.5%	43,880	605	1.4%	
	Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.						

Visible Minority by Age - Graph

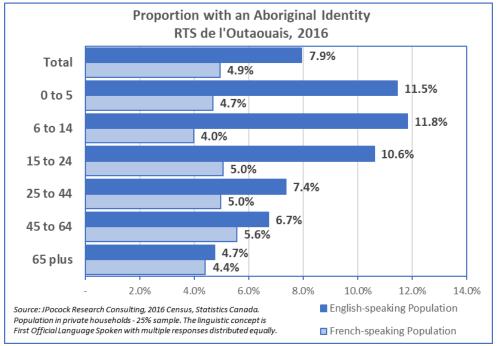


- In RTS de l'Outaouais there were 850 (18.2%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who were members of a visible minority. This proportion was higher than that displayed by the French-speaking population (16.2%).
- In 2016, the proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who were members of a visible minority was higher than that of the total English-speaking population of RTS de l'Outaouais (17.0%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 326,815 persons who were members of a visible minority, representing 29.8% of that population. The level for RTS de l'Outaouais was much lower than the provincial average.

Aboriginal Identity by Age - Table

Aboriginal Identity English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016								
English-speaking Population French-speaking Population								
Age Group	Total	Aboriginal Identity	Aboriginal Identity (%)	Total	Aboriginal Identity	Aboriginal Identity (%)		
Total	70,580	5,605	7.9%	304,625	15,075	4.9%		
0 to 5	4,670	535	11.5%	22,120	1,035	4.7%		
6 to 14	7,530	890	11.8%	32,905	1,310	4.0%		
15 to 24	7,920	840	10.6%	36,255	1,830	5.0%		
25 to 44	20,440	1,505	7.4%	77,180	3,830	5.0%		
45 to 64	20,535	1,380	6.7%	92,285	5,135	5.6%		
65 plus	9,475	450	4.7%	43 <i>,</i> 880	1,935	4.4%		
	Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.							

Aboriginal Identity by Age - Graph



- In RTS de l'Outaouais there were 535 (11.5%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who reported an aboriginal identity. This proportion was much higher than that displayed by the French-speaking population (4.7%).
- The proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who reported an aboriginal identity was much higher than that of the total English-speaking population of RTS de l'Outaouais (7.9%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 44,800 persons who reported an aboriginal identity, representing 4.1% of that population. The level for RTS de l'Outaouais is much higher than the provincial average.

Household Living Arrangements English-speaking Population RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016								
Age Group	Total	Total persons in Census families	Spouses, common-law partners and children	Lone parents and children	Total persons in non-Census families	Living with relatives		
Total	70,580	57,400	48,020	9,375	13,175	1,410		
0 to 5	4,670	4,660	3,765	890	15	10		
6 to 14	7,530	7,480	5,410	2,075	50	60		
15 to 24	7,920	6,585	4,705	1,880	1,340	210		
25 to 44	20,440	16,435	14,170	2,265	4,010	400		
45 to 64	20,535	16,150	14,285	1,870	4,380	415		
65 plus	9,475	6,090	5,690	400	3,385	320		
Total	100.0%	81.3%	68.0%	13.3%	18.7%	2.0%		
0 to 5	100.0%	99.8%	80.6%	19.1%	-	-		
6 to 14	100.0%	99.3%	71.8%	27.6%	0.7%	0.8%		
15 to 24	100.0%	83.1%	59.4%	23.7%	16.9%	2.7%		
25 to 44	100.0%	80.4%	69.3%	11.1%	19.6%	2.0%		
45 to 64	100.0%	78.6%	69.6%	9.1%	21.3%	2.0%		
65 plus	100.0%	64.3%	60.1%	4.2%	35.7%	3.4%		
Source: JPocock Re	esearch Consultir	ng, 2016 Census,	Statistics Canada.	Population in priv	ate household	s - 25%		

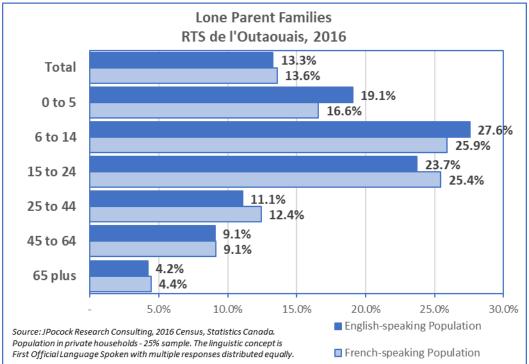
Household Living Arrangements by Age – English Speakers

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Household Living Arrangements by Age – French Speakers

Household Living Arrangements French-speaking Population RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016							
Age Group	Total	Total persons in Census families	Spouses, common-law partners and children	Lone parents and children	Total persons in non-Census families	Living with relatives	
Total	304,625	248,765	207,405	41,360	55 <i>,</i> 855	5,770	
0 to 5	22,120	22,005	18,345	3,665	115	115	
6 to 14	32,905	32,660	24,130	8,525	245	240	
15 to 24	36,255	31,520	22,300	9,225	4,730	1,040	
25 to 44	77,180	63,235	53,645	9,590	13,945	1,140	
45 to 64	92,285	71,130	62,715	8,415	21,150	1,625	
65 plus	43,880	28,215	26,270	1,945	15,665	1,605	
Total	100.0%	81.7%	68.1%	13.6%	18.3%	1.9%	
0 to 5	100.0%	99.5%	82.9%	16.6%	0.5%	0.5%	
6 to 14	100.0%	99.3%	73.3%	25.9%	0.7%	0.7%	
15 to 24	100.0%	86.9%	61.5%	25.4%	13.0%	2.9%	
25 to 44	100.0%	81.9%	69.5%	12.4%	18.1%	1.5%	
45 to 64	100.0%	77.1%	68.0%	9.1%	22.9%	1.8%	
65 plus	100.0%	64.3%	59.9%	4.4%	35.7%	3.7%	
		ng, 2016 Census, S iirst Official Langu					

Lone Parent Families by Age - Graph



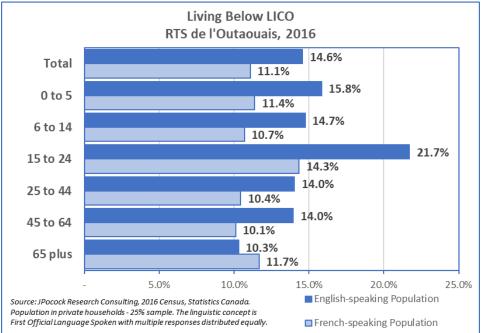
- In RTS de l'Outaouais there were 890 (19.1%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living in lone parent families. This proportion was higher than that displayed by the French-speaking population (16.6%).
- In 2016, the proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living in lone parent families was much higher than the total English-speaking population of RTS de l'Outaouais (13.3%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 136,050 persons living in lone parent families, representing 12.4% of that population. The level for RTS de l'Outaouais is higher than the provincial average.

LICO by Age - Table

Tendency to Live Below the Low-income Cut-off English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016								
	English-speaking Population French-speaking Population							
Age Group	Total	Living below LICO	Living below LICO (%)	Total	Living below LICO	Living below LICO (%)		
Total	70,580	10,280	14.6%	304,625	33,720	11.1%		
0 to 5	4,670	740	15.8%	22,120	2,515	11.4%		
6 to 14	7,530	1,110	14.7%	32,905	3,515	10.7%		
15 to 24	7,920	1,720	21.7%	36,255	5,200	14.3%		
25 to 44	20,440	2,865	14.0%	77,180	8,050	10.4%		
45 to 64	20,535	2,865	14.0%	92,285	9,330	10.1%		
65 plus	9,475	975	10.3%	43 <i>,</i> 880	5,115	11.7%		
Source: JPocock R			, Statistics Canada					

sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

LICO by Age - Graph



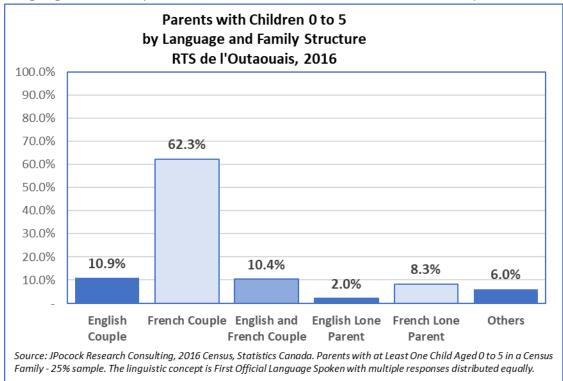
- In RTS de l'Outaouais there were 740 (15.8%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living below LICO. This proportion was much higher than that displayed by the French-speaking population (11.4%).
- The proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living below LICO was higher than the total English-speaking population of RTS de l'Outaouais (14.6%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 195,300 persons living below LICO, representing 17.8% of that population. The level for RTS de l'Outaouais is lower than the provincial average.

Section 2: Parents of Children 0 to 5

The statistics presented in this section of the profile are drawn from the 2016 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in a census family. Children of other ages may be present.

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016						
Census Family Structure and Language	Total					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210					
In an English Couple	3,940					
In a French Couple	22,560					
In an English and French Couple	3,775					
English Lone Parent	735					
French Lone Parent	3,010					
Other Types of Families	2,190					
Percentages						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%					
In an English Couple	10.9%					
In a French Couple	62.3%					
In an English and French Couple	10.4%					
English Lone Parent	2.0%					
French Lone Parent	8.3%					
Other Types of Families	6.0%					
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statisti at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sam concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple resp equally.	ple. The linguistic					

Language and Family Structure of Parents with Children 0 to 5 – Table



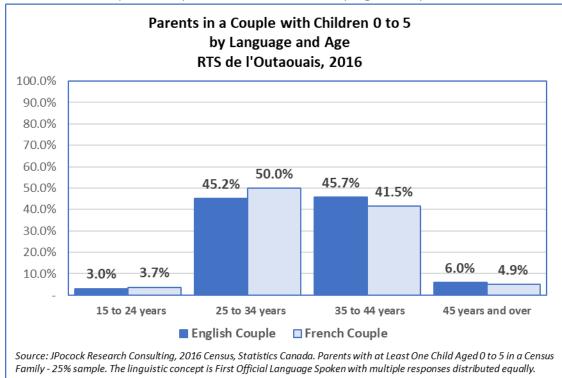
Language and Family Structure of Parents with Children 0 to 5 - Graph

• In RTS de l'Outaouais there were 36,210 parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5. Of these parents, 3,940 (10.9%) were part of an English-speaking couple, while 735 (2.0%) were English-speaking lone parents.

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5									
by Language, Census Family Structure and Age									
RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016									
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 years and over				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210	1,715	17,290	15,170	2,035				
In an English Couple	3,940	120	1,780	1,800	235				
In a French Couple	22,560	825	11,275	9,355	1,105				
In an English and French Couple	3,775	120	1,600	1,775	285				
English Lone Parent	735	120	315	260	40				
French Lone Parent	3,010	475	1,555	845	145				
Other Types of Families	2,190	60	760	1,140	235				
	Percentag	ges							
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	4.7%	47.7%	41.9%	5.6%				
In an English Couple	100.0%	3.0%	45.2%	45.7%	6.0%				
In a French Couple	100.0%	3.7%	50.0%	41.5%	4.9%				
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	3.2%	42.4%	47.0%	7.5%				
English Lone Parent	100.0%	16.3%	42.9%	35.4%	5.4%				
French Lone Parent	100.0%	15.8%	51.7%	28.1%	4.8%				
Other Types of Families	100.0%	2.7%	34.7%	52.1%	10.7%				

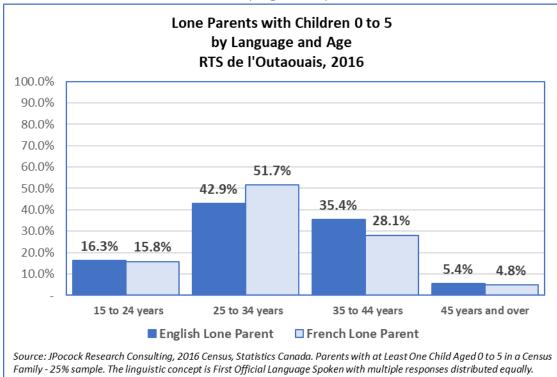
Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Age – Table

Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.



Parents in a Couple Family with Children 0 to 5 by Age - Graph

- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 4.7% of all parents with children 0 to 5 were between the ages of 15 and 24. Within English-speaking couples, the proportion of parents in this age group (3.0%) was lower than the proportion within French-speaking couples (3.7%) and much lower than the overall average.
- Among parents with children aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, 45.2% were between the ages of 25 and 34. This was lower than the proportion for French-speaking couples (50.0%).
- Among parents with children aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, 45.7% were between the ages of 35 and 44. This was higher than the proportion for French-speaking couples (41.5%).
- A large majority of parents with young children fall within the combined age group of 25 to 44. Among parents with children aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, approximately 91% were between the ages of 25 and 44. This was similar to the proportion for French-speaking couples (91%).
- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 5.6% of parents with children aged 0 to 5 were 45 years of age or older. Within English-speaking couples, 6.0% of parents with young children were within this age group, which was higher than the proportion within French-speaking couples (4.9%) and much higher than the overall average.



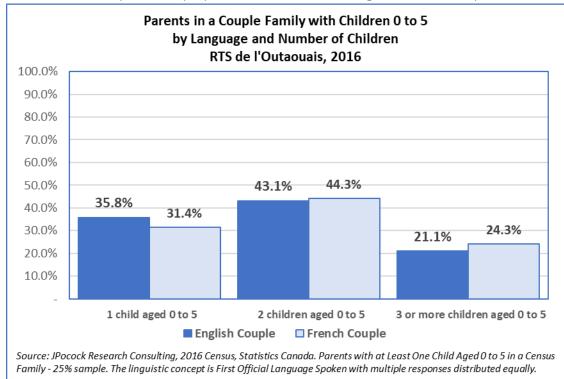
Lone Parents with Children 0 to 5 by Age - Graph

- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 16.3% were between the ages of 15 and 24. This was similar to the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (15.8%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, 42.9% were between the ages of 25 and 34. This was lower than the proportion for French-speaking lone parents (51.7%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, 35.4% were between the ages of 35 and 44. This was much higher than the proportion for French-speaking lone parents (28.1%).
- A large majority of parents with young children fall within the combined age group of 25 to 44. Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, approximately 78% were between the ages of 25 and 44. This was similar to the proportion for French-speaking lone parents (80%).
- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 5.4% of English-speaking lone parents with young children (0 to 5) were 45 years old or older. This was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents with young children (4.8%).

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Number of Children RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016							
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	One Child 0 to 5	Two Children 0 to 5	Three or More Children 0 to 5			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210	12,375	15,520	8,310			
In an English Couple	3,940	1,410	1,700	830			
In a French Couple	22,560	7,085	9,995	5,480			
In an English and French Couple	3,775	1,255	1,640	880			
English Lone Parent	735	350	240	145			
French Lone Parent	3,010	1,535	1,065	420			
Other Types of Families	2,190	740	890	565			
	Percentages						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	34.2%	42.9%	22.9%			
In an English Couple	100.0%	35.8%	43.1%	21.1%			
In a French Couple	100.0%	31.4%	44.3%	24.3%			
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	33.2%	43.4%	23.3%			
English Lone Parent	100.0%	47.6%	32.7%	19.7%			
French Lone Parent	100.0%	51.0%	35.4%	14.0%			
Other Types of Families	100.0%	33.8%	40.6%	25.8%			

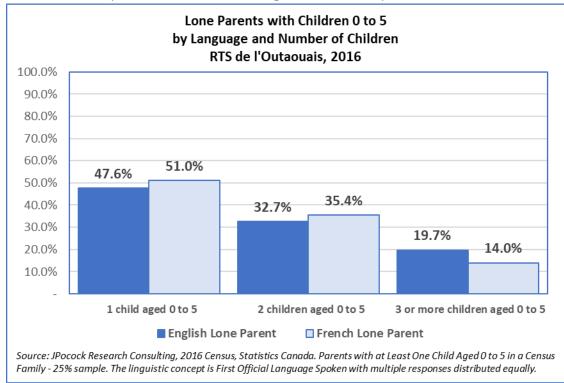
Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Number of Children – Table

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.



Parents in a Couple Family by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5 - Graph

- In RTS de l'Outaouais in 2016, 34.2% of all parents with children 0 to 5 had a single child within that age range. Among those parents in an English-speaking couple, 35.8% had a single child aged 0 to 5, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (31.4%) and similar to the overall average.
- Among parents in English-speaking couples with children aged 0 to 5, 43.1% had two children within that age range, which was similar to the proportion among French-speaking couples (44.3%).
- Among parents in English-speaking couples with children aged 0 to 5, 21.1% had three or more children within that age range, which was lower than the proportion among French-speaking couples (24.3%).



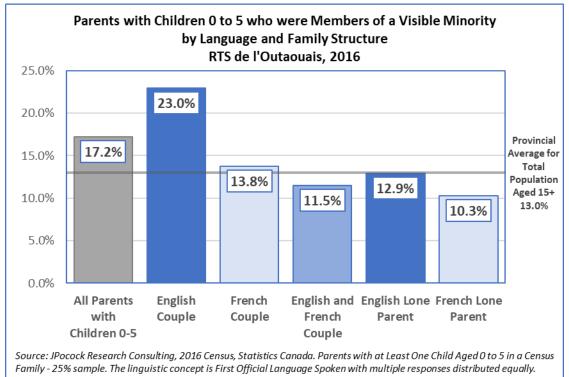
Lone Parents by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5 - Graph

- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 47.6% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 had a single child in that age group, which was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (51.0%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5, 32.7% had two children within that age range, which was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (35.4%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5, 19.7% had three or more children within that age range, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (14.0%).

Visible Minority Status - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Visible Minority Status RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016						
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Member of a Visible Minority	Not a Visible Minority			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210	6,235	29,975			
In an English Couple	3,940	905	3,030			
In a French Couple	22,560	3,110	19,450			
In an English and French Couple	3,775	435	3,340			
English Lone Parent	735	95	640			
French Lone Parent	3,010	310	2,705			
Other Types of Families	2,190	1,375	815			
Percentages						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	17.2%	82.8%			
In an English Couple	100.0%	23.0%	76.9%			
In a French Couple	100.0%	13.8%	86.2%			
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	11.5%	88.5%			
English Lone Parent	100.0%	12.9%	87.1%			
French Lone Parent	100.0%	10.3%	89.9%			
Other Types of Families	100.0%	62.8%	37.2%			
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.						

Visible Minority Status - Graph



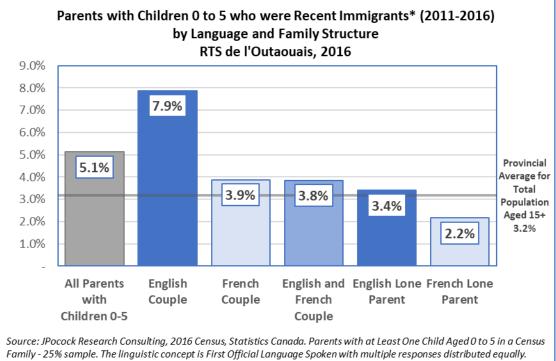
- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 17.2% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were members of a visible minority in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 23.0% were members of a visible minority, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (13.8%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 11.5% of parents with children 0 to 5 were members of a visible minority. This was much lower than the proportion in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 12.9% were a member of a visible minority. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (10.3%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much less likely to report being a member of a visible minority than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Recent Mobility (2011 – 2016) - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Recent Mobility Status (2011 to 2016) RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016						
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Non- Migrants	Migrants	Interprovincial Migrants	External Migrants (Immigrants)	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210	27,555	8,655	2,165	1,855	
In an English Couple	3,940	2,565	1,375	770	310	
In a French Couple	22,560	17,975	4,585	505	875	
In an English and French Couple	3,775	2,740	1,035	460	145	
English Lone Parent	735	455	280	165	25	
French Lone Parent	3,010	2,470	540	125	65	
Other Types of Families	2,190	1,355	835	135	430	
Percentages						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	76.1%	23.9%	6.0%	5.1%	
In an English Couple	100.0%	65.1%	34.9%	19.5%	7.9%	
In a French Couple	100.0%	79.7%	20.3%	2.2%	3.9%	
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	72.6%	27.4%	12.2%	3.8%	
English Lone Parent	100.0%	61.9%	38.1%	22.4%	3.4%	
French Lone Parent	100.0%	82.1%	17.9%	4.2%	2.2%	
Other Types of Families	100.0%	61.9%	38.1%	6.2%	19.6%	

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. *Between 2011 and 2016.

Recent Immigrant - Graph

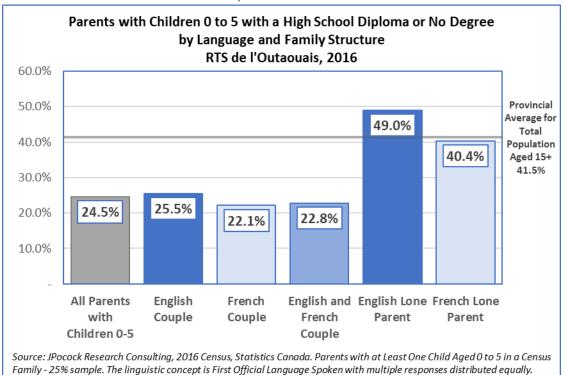


- *Immigrants refers to External Migrants
 - In RTS de l'Outaouais, 5.1% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were recent immigrants in 2016.
 - Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 7.9% were recent immigrants, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (3.9%).
 - Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 3.8% of parents with children 0 to 5 were recent immigrants. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and similar to the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
 - Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 3.4% were recent immigrants. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (2.2%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much less likely to report being a recent immigrant than were parents in English-speaking couples with children of that age.

Highest Educational Attainment – Table

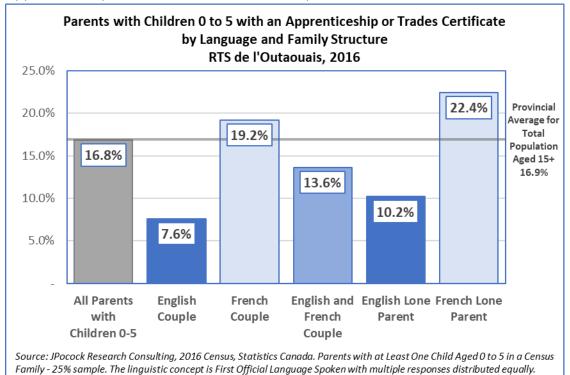
Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Highest Educational Attainment							
Census Family Structure and Language	RT(Total	S de l'Outa High School Diploma or No Degree	ouais, 2016 Apprenticeship or Trades Certificate	College, CEGEP or Other Non- University	University Certificate Below BA	University BA or Higher	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210	8,885	6,100	7,070	945	13,215	
In an English Couple	3,940	1,005	300	935	70	1,635	
In a French Couple	22,560	4,995	4,335	4,325	675	8,220	
In an English and French Couple	3,775	860	515	785	70	1,545	
English Lone Parent	735	360	75	165	-	125	
French Lone Parent	3,010	1,215	675	560	45	520	
Other Types of Families	2,190	445	200	300	70	1,170	
Percentages							
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	24.5%	16.8%	19.5%	2.6%	36.5%	
In an English Couple	100.0%	25.5%	7.6%	23.7%	1.8%	41.5%	
In a French Couple	100.0%	22.1%	19.2%	19.2%	3.0%	36.4%	
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	22.8%	13.6%	20.8%	1.9%	40.9%	
English Lone Parent	100.0%	49.0%	10.2%	22.4%	-	17.0%	
French Lone Parent	100.0%	40.4%	22.4%	18.6%	1.5%	17.3%	
Other Types of Families	100.0%	20.3%	9.1%	13.7%	3.2%	53.4%	
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The							

linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.



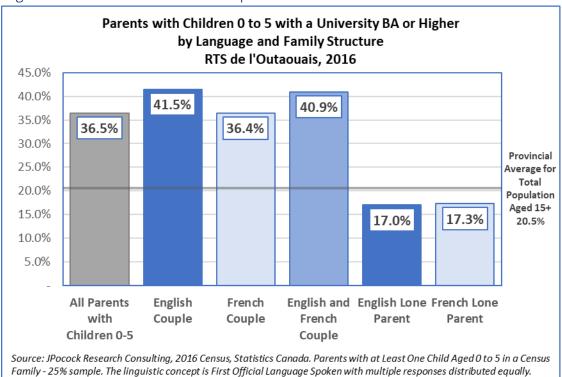
Low Educational Attainment - Graph

- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 24.5% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 25.5% reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment, which was higher than those in French-speaking couples (22.1%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 22.8% of parents with children 0 to 5 reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment. This was lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and similar to the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 49.0% reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (40.4%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to report this low level of educational attainment than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.



Apprenticeship and Trades Certificate - Graph

- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 16.8% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 7.6% reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment, which was much lower than those in French-speaking couples (19.2%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 13.6% of parents with children 0 to 5 reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment. This was much higher than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 10.2% reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment. This was much lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (22.4%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to have an apprenticeship or trades certificate than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.



High Educational Attainment - Graph

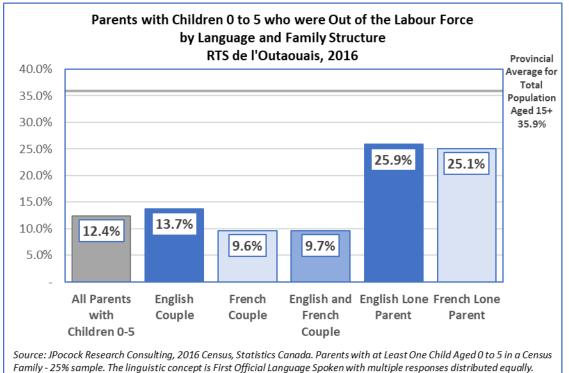
- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 36.5% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported having a university BA or higher in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 41.5% reported having a university BA or higher, which was higher than those in French-speaking couples (36.4%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 40.9% of parents with children 0 to 5 reported having a university BA or higher. This was similar to the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 17.0% reported having a university BA or higher. This was similar to the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (17.3%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much less likely to report having a university BA or higher than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Labour Force Activity - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5						
by Language, Census Family Structure and Labour Force Activity						
RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016						
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	In the Labour Force	Unemployed	Out of the Labour Force		
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210	31,720	1,820	4,485		
In an English Couple	3,940	3,400	285	540		
In a French Couple	22,560	20,380	920	2,175		
In an English and French Couple	3,775	3,415	200	365		
English Lone Parent	735	545	95	190		
French Lone Parent	3,010	2,260	155	755		
Other Types of Families	2,190	1,725	160	460		
Percentages						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	87.6%	5.7%	12.4%		
In an English Couple	100.0%	86.3%	8.4%	13.7%		
In a French Couple	100.0%	90.3%	4.5%	9.6%		
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	90.5%	5.9%	9.7%		
English Lone Parent	100.0%	74.1%	17.4%	25.9%		
French Lone Parent	100.0%	75.1%	6.9%	25.1%		
Other Types of Families	100.0%	78.8%	9.3%	21.0%		
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple						

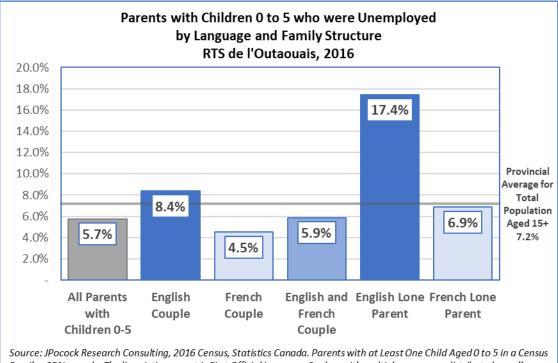
responses distributed equally.

Out of the Labour Force - Graph



- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 12.4% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were out of the labour force in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 13.7% were out of the labour force, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (9.6%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 9.7% of parents with children 0 to 5 were out of the labour force. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and similar to the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 25.9% were out of the labour force. This was similar to the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (25.1%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to be out of the labour force than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Unemployment Rate - Graph

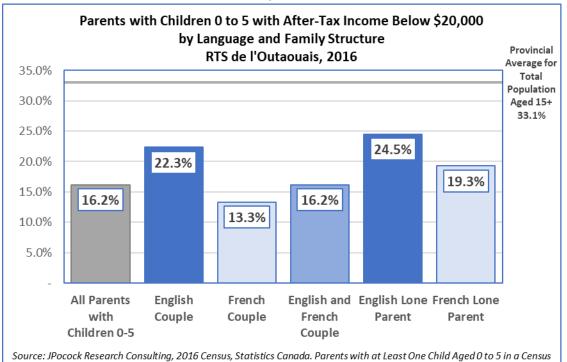


- Family 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.
 - In RTS de l'Outaouais, 5.7% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were unemployed in 2016.
 - Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 8.4% were unemployed, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (4.5%).
 - Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 5.9% of parents with children 0 to 5 were unemployed. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and much higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
 - Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 17.4% were unemployed. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (6.9%).
 - English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to be unemployed than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

After-Tax Income - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and After-Tax Income RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016						
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Less than \$20,000	\$20,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 and Over		
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210	5,850	16,795	13,565		
In an English Couple	3,940	880	1,720	1,340		
In a French Couple	22,560	3,005	10,655	8,895		
In an English and French Couple	3,775	610	1,465	1,690		
English Lone Parent	735	180	405	155		
French Lone Parent	3,010	580	1,585	850		
Other Types of Families	2,190	580	970	635		
	Percentages					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	16.2%	46.4%	37.5%		
In an English Couple	100.0%	22.3%	43.7%	34.0%		
In a French Couple	100.0%	13.3%	47.2%	39.4%		
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	16.2%	38.8%	44.8%		
English Lone Parent	100.0%	24.5%	55.1%	21.1%		
French Lone Parent	100.0%	19.3%	52.7%	28.2%		
Other Types of Families	100.0%	26.5%	44.3%	29.0%		
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple						

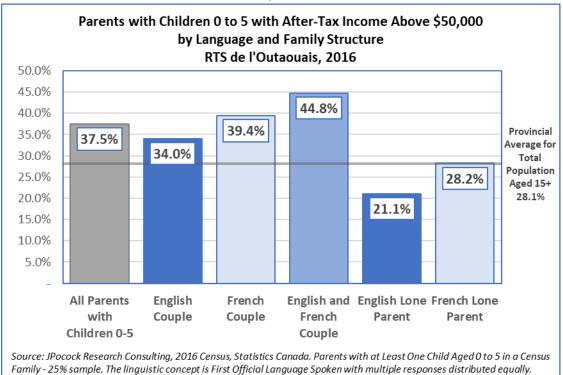
to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.



After-Tax Income Below \$20,000 - Graph

Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 16.2% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 earned an after-tax income below \$20,000 in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 22.3% earned an after-tax income below \$20,000, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (13.3%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 16.2% of parents with children 0 to 5 earned an after-tax income below \$20,000. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and much higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 24.5% earned an aftertax income below \$20,000. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (19.3%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were more likely to earn an income under \$20,000 than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.



After-Tax Income Above \$50,000 - Graph

- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 37.5% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 earned \$50,000 or
- more in 2016.
 Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 34.0% earned \$50,000 or more, which was lower than those in French-speaking couples (39.4%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 44.8% of parents with children 0 to 5 earned \$50,000 or more. This was much higher than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 21.1% earned \$50,000 or more. This was much lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (28.2%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much less likely to earn an income of \$50,000 or more than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

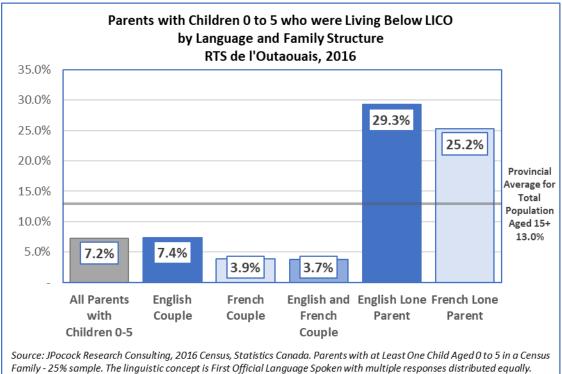
Low Income Cut-Off (LICO) - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5				
by Language, Census Family Structure and Low-Income Status				
RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016				

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Living Above LICO-AT	Living Below LICO-AT		
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210	33,475	2,625		
In an English Couple	3,940	3,605	290		
In a French Couple	22,560	21,675	880		
In an English and French Couple	3,775	3,630	140		
English Lone Parent	735	480	215		
French Lone Parent	3,010	2,245	760		
Other Types of Families	2,190	1,840	345		
Percei	ntages				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	92.4%	7.2%		
In an English Couple	100.0%	91.5%	7.4%		
In a French Couple	100.0%	96.1%	3.9%		
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	96.2%	3.7%		
English Lone Parent	100.0%	65.3%	29.3%		
French Lone Parent	100.0%	74.6%	25.2%		
Other Types of Families	100.0%	84.0%	15.8%		

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Living Below LICO - Graph

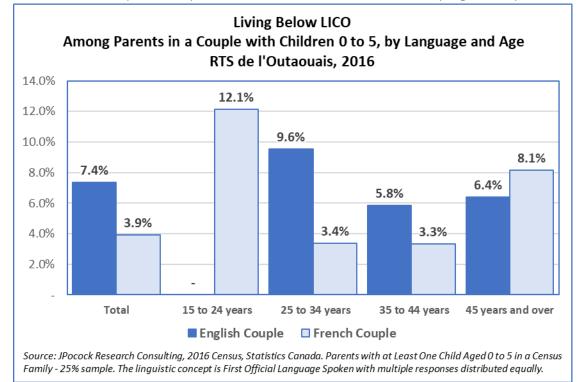


- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 7.2% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were living below LICO in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 7.4% were living below LICO, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (3.9%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 3.7% of parents with children 0 to 5 were living below LICO. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and similar to the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 29.3% were living below LICO. This was higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (25.2%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to report living below LICO than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 Living Below LICO by Language, Census Family Structure and Age RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016							
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 years and over		
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210	1,715	17,290	15,170	2,035		
In an English Couple	3,940	120	1,780	1,800	235		
In a French Couple	22,560	825	11,275	9,355	1,105		
In an English and French Couple	3,775	120	1,600	1,775	285		
English Lone Parent	735	120	315	260	40		
French Lone Parent	3,010	475	1,555	845	145		
Other Types of Families	2,190	60	760	1,140	235		
Living	Below LICO	-AT			-		
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	2,625	400	1,215	830	170		
In an English Couple	290	-	170	105	15		
In a French Couple	880	100	380	310	90		
In an English and French Couple	140	15	65	55	-		
English Lone Parent	215	50	100	60	10		
French Lone Parent	760	210	380	140	30		
Other Types of Families	345	25	120	155	45		
Percentage	Living Below	v LICO-AT					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	7.2%	23.3%	7.0%	5.5%	8.4%		
In an English Couple	7.4%	-	9.6%	5.8%	6.4%		
In a French Couple	3.9%	12.1%	3.4%	3.3%	8.1%		
In an English and French Couple	3.7%	12.5%	4.1%	3.1%	-		
English Lone Parent	29.3%	41.7%	31.7%	23.1%	-		
French Lone Parent	25.2%	44.2%	24.4%	16.6%	20.7%		
Other Types of Families	15.8%	41.7%	15.8%	13.6%	19.1%		

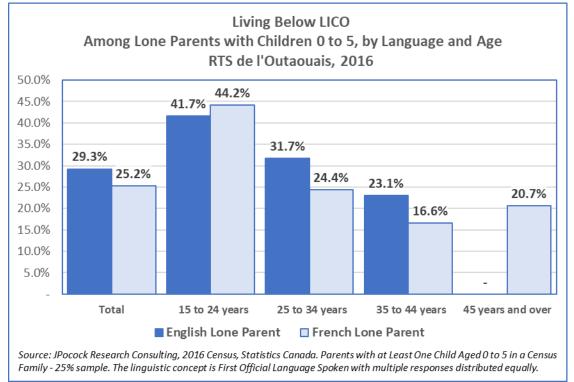
Parents with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO by Age - Table

Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.



Parents in a Couple Family with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO, by Age - Graph

- The number of parents aged 15 to 24 in an English-speaking couple with children 0 to 5 who were living below LICO was too low to reliably report.
- Among parents aged 25 to 34 with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 9.6% of those in Englishspeaking couples were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (3.4%).
- Among parents aged 35 to 44 with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 5.8% of those in Englishspeaking couples were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (3.3%).
- Among parents aged 45 or older with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 6.4% of those in Englishspeaking couples were living below LICO, which was much lower than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (8.1%).



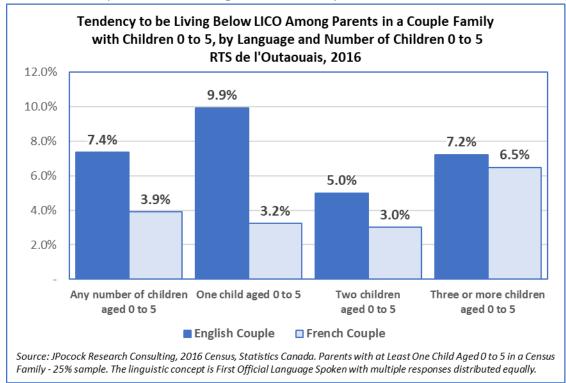
Lone Parents with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO, by Age - Graph

- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 41.7% of English-speaking lone parents aged 15 to 24 with children 0 to 5 were living below LICO, which was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents in that age group (44.2%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents aged 25 to 34 with children 0 to 5, 31.7% were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents aged 25 to 34 (24.4%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents aged 35 to 44 with children 0 to 5, 23.1% were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents aged 35 to 44 (16.6%).
- The number of English-speaking lone parents aged 45 and over with children 0 to 5 who were living below LICO was too low to reliably report.

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 Living Below LICO							
by Language, Census Family Structure and Number of Children 0 to 5							
RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016							
Census Family Structure and	Total with	One Child	Two Children	Three or More			
Language	Chilren 0 to 5	0 to 5	0 to 5	Children 0 to 5			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210	12,375	15,520	8,310			
In an English Couple	3,940	1,410	1,700	830			
In a French Couple	22,560	7,085	9,995	5,480			
In an English and French Couple	3,775	1,255	1,640	880			
English Lone Parent	735	350	240	145			
French Lone Parent	3,010	1,535	1,065	420			
Other Types of Families	2,190	740	890	565			
	Living Below LIC	O-AT					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	2,625	1,010	840	770			
In an English Couple	290	140	85	60			
In a French Couple	880	230	300	355			
In an English and French Couple	140	55	60	15			
English Lone Parent	215	90	70	55			
French Lone Parent	760	385	250	125			
Other Types of Families	345	105	80	155			
Perce	entage Living Belo	w LICO-AT		-			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	7.2%	8.2%	5.4%	9.3%			
In an English Couple	7.4%	9.9%	5.0%	7.2%			
In a French Couple	3.9%	3.2%	3.0%	6.5%			
In an English and French Couple	3.7%	4.4%	3.7%	1.7%			
English Lone Parent	29.3%	25.7%	29.2%	37.9%			
French Lone Parent 25.2% 25.1% 23.5% 29.8%							
Other Types of Families	15.8%	14.2%	9.0%	27.4%			

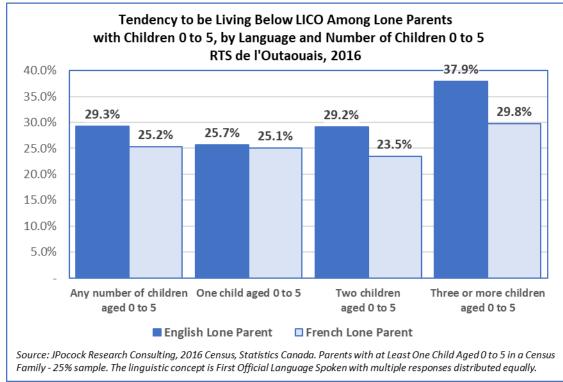
Parents Below LICO by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5 - Table

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.





- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 9.9% of parents in English-speaking couples with a single child aged 0 to 5 reported living below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (3.2%).
- Among English-speaking parents with two children aged 0 to 5, 5.0% were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (3.0%).
- Among parents in an English-speaking couple with three or more children aged 0 to 5, 7.2% were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (6.5%).



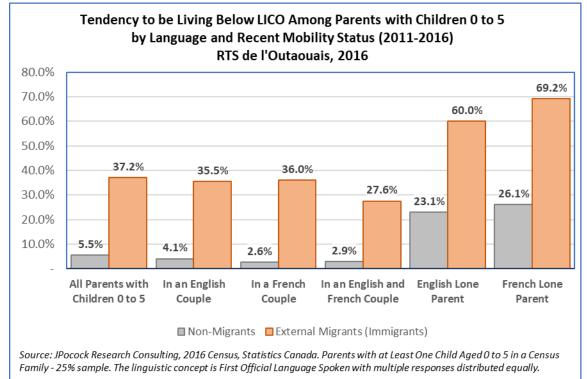
Lone Parents Living Below LICO, by Number of Children 0 to 5 - Graph

- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 25.7% of English-speaking lone parents with a single child aged 0 to 5 reported living below LICO, which was similar to the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (25.1%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with two children 0 to 5, 29.2% were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (23.5%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with three or more children 0 to 5, 37.9% were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (29.8%).

Below LICO by Recent Mobility Status - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Recent Mobility Status (2011-2016) RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016						
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Non- Migrants	Migrants	Interprovincial Migrants	External Migrants (Immigrants)	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210	27,555	8,655	2,165	1,855	
In an English Couple	3,940	2,565	1,375	770	310	
In a French Couple	22,560	17,975	4,585	505	875	
In an English and French Couple	3,775	2,740	1,035	460	145	
English Lone Parent	735	455	280	165	25	
French Lone Parent	3,010	2,470	540	125	65	
Other Types of Families	2,190	1,355	835	135	430	
	Living Belo	ow LICO-AT				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	2,625	1,525	1,100	160	690	
In an English Couple	290	105	185	45	110	
In a French Couple	880	465	415	10	315	
In an English and French Couple	140	80	60	10	40	
English Lone Parent	215	105	110	65	15	
French Lone Parent	760	645	115	15	45	
Other Types of Families	345	140	205	20	170	
	Percentage Livir	ng Below LICO	-AT			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	7.2%	5.5%	12.7%	7.4%	37.2%	
In an English Couple	7.4%	4.1%	13.5%	5.8%	35.5%	
In a French Couple	3.9%	2.6%	9.1%	-	36.0%	
In an English and French Couple	3.7%	2.9%	5.8%	-	27.6%	
English Lone Parent	29.3%	23.1%	39.3%	39.4%	60.0%	
French Lone Parent	25.2%	26.1%	21.3%	12.0%	69.2%	
Other Types of Families	15.8%	10.3%	24.6%	14.8%	39.5%	

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.



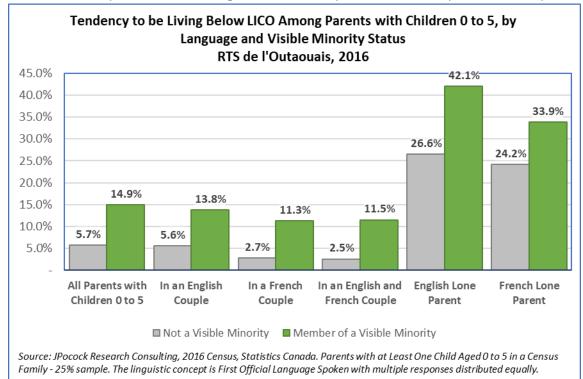
Parents with Children 0 to 5 Living Below LICO, by Recent Mobility (2011-2016) - Graph

- In RTS de l'Outaouais there were 690 parents of children 0 to 5 who had immigrated to Canada between 2011 and 2016. Of those parents in English-speaking couples, 35.5% were living below the Low-Income Cut-Off (LICO). This was similar to the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (36.0%).
- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 60.0% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were recent immigrants lived below LICO. This was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (69.2%).
- Among parents with children 0 to 5 who were not recent migrants, 4.1% of those in an Englishspeaking couple were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (2.6%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were not recent migrants, 23.1% lived below LICO. This was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (26.1%).

Below LICO by Visible Minority Status - Table

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Consus Family Structure and Visible Minority Status						
by Language, Census Family Structure and Visible Minority Status RTS de l'Outaouais, 2016						
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Member of a Visible Minority	Not a Visible Minority			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	36,210	6,235	29,975			
In an English Couple	3,940	905	3,030			
In a French Couple	22,560	3,110	19,450			
In an English and French Couple	3,775	435	3,340			
English Lone Parent	735	95	640			
French Lone Parent	3,010	310	2,705			
Other Types of Families	2,190	1,375	815			
Living Be	elow LICO-AT					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	2,625	930	1,695			
In an English Couple	290	125	170			
In a French Couple	880	350	530			
In an English and French Couple	140	50	85			
English Lone Parent	215	40	170			
French Lone Parent	760	105	655			
Other Types of Families	345	265	80			
Percentage Liv	ing Below LICO	-AT				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	7.2%	14.9%	5.7%			
In an English Couple	7.4%	13.8%	5.6%			
In a French Couple	3.9%	11.3%	2.7%			
In an English and French Couple	3.7%	11.5%	2.5%			
English Lone Parent	29.3%	42.1%	26.6%			
French Lone Parent	25.2%	33.9%	24.2%			
Other Types of Families 15.8% 19.3% 9.8%						

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.



Parents in Couple Families Living Below LICO, by Visible Minority Status - Graph

- In RTS de l'Outaouais there were 930 parents of children 0 to 5 who reported being a member of a visible minority. Of those parents in English-speaking couples, 13.8% were living below the Low-Income Cut-Off (LICO). This was much higher than the proportion among those in Frenchspeaking couples (11.3%).
- In 2016, 42.1% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were a member of a visible minority lived below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (33.9%).
- Among parents with children 0 to 5 who were not a member of a visible minority, 5.6% of those in an English-speaking couple were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (2.7%).
- In RTS de l'Outaouais, 26.6% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were not a member of a visible minority lived below LICO. This was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (24.2%).