# Socio-demographic Profile of Children Aged 0 to 5 and their Parents

RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal

BASED ON THE 2016 CENSUS OF CANADA

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FOR THE

Community Health and Social Services Network



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# Socio-demographic Profiles of Children aged 0-5 and their Parents Introduction

#### Early Child Development as a Social Determinant of Health

Early child development (ECD) is a cornerstone of human development and childhood is considered to be the most important developmental phase of the individual lifespan. The developmental outcomes of this early phase of life impact the level of health and well-being enjoyed by a population in its future. Early child development is a social determinant of the health of communities and it is a process that is particularly sensitive to social determinants like the socio-economic status of families with children aged 0-5 and their social environment, access to health and social services, communication competency and literacy and access to local social support networks.

Health organizations around the globe are promoting knowledge and fostering policy, programs and initiatives that aim to improve the situation of children experiencing disadvantaged conditions and who are thereby vulnerable to poor childhood development. In Québec, the 2017 study of the Institut de la statistique du Québec entitled *Québec Survey on Children's Development in Kindergarten/Enquète quebécoise sur le development des enfants à la maternelle* selected the following key areas for assessment of the quality of ECD: physical health and well-being; social competence; emotional maturity; cognitive and language development; as well as communication skills and general knowledge.

See the report at <a href="https://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/statistiques/sante/enfants-ados/developpement-enfants-maternelle-2017">https://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/statistiques/sante/enfants-ados/developpement-enfants-maternelle-2017</a> an.html

### The Community Health and Social Services Network: Bright Beginnings

The Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) supports the English-speaking communities of Québec in their efforts to redress health status inequalities and promote community vitality. It strengthens and mobilizes networks at the local, regional and provincial levels in order to address health determinants, influence public policy and develop services for English speakers who, too often are left out of the system. It's 65 member organizations from various sectors aim to improve vitality and health of individuals and families among Québec's minority language communities. Learn more at <a href="http://chssn.org/about-us/">http://chssn.org/about-us/</a>

CHSSN financially supports 21 local or regional community health and social services network organizations who mobilize citizens and multi-sectorial partners in all regions of Québec using a population health approach. They collectively address health determinants such as access to health services, healthy child development, education and literacy, and social environments or support networks. With their networks, CHSSN has developed a collective vision and an early childhood framework called *Bright Beginnings: an adapted approach to supporting English-speaking children (0-5) and families.* This approach is being implemented by networks to varying degrees in many regions in accordance with each network organization's capacity.

To explore their approach further go to <a href="http://chssn.org/pdf/ProvincialActionPlan-BB">http://chssn.org/pdf/ProvincialActionPlan-BB</a> ENG.pdf

#### **About These Profiles**

These profiles draw from the 2016 Census of Canada to provide pertinent socio-demographic information on the children aged 0-5 of Québec's English-speaking communities and their families in

accordance with Québec's RTS (réseau territorial de services) territories. They include information on their numbers, where they live, family structures they are part of, socio-economic issues they face, their status as recent immigrants to Québec, aboriginal identity and their likelihood to be members of a visible minority. Each regional profile includes tables, graphs and information bullets that provide provincial and regional statistics for selected characteristics as well as comparisons between French-speaking majority and English-speaking minority populations within these administrative territories.

Please note that these profiles draw from two different census samples. Section 1 of each profile provides information drawn from the 2016 census sample of the Québec population living in private households. Section 2 provides information on the 2016 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in census families in Québec.

#### Definitions and Concepts

These profiles draw data from the Statistics Canada 2016 Census of Canada and are organized in accordance with its definitions and concepts. The census dictionary is available at, <a href="https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/ref/dict/index-eng.cfm">https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/ref/dict/index-eng.cfm</a>

<u>First Official Language Spoken (FOLS)</u> The definitions of first official language spoken and official language minority are outlined in the Official Languages (Communications with and Services to the Public) Regulations issued pursuant to the Official Languages Act (1988). The official language minority is English in Québec and French in all other provinces and territories. First Official Language Spoken is derived from the census questions on knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language. Multiple responses are distributed equally among declared languages.

<u>Census Family households</u> are those with a married couple (with or without children), or a couple living common-law (with or without children), or a lone parent living with one or more children (lone-parent family).

<u>Census family</u> is defined as a married couple and the children, if any, of either and/or both spouses; a couple living common law and the children, if any, of either and/or both partners; or a lone parent of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling and that child or those children. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. Children may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family.

<u>Private household</u> refers to a person or group of persons who occupy the same dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada or abroad. For census purposes, households are classified into three groups: private households, collective households and households outside Canada. Unless otherwise specified, all data in census products are for private households only.

<u>Educational Attainment</u> – Persons with low educational attainment are those with only a high school graduation certificate or less while those with high educational attainment are those with a university bachelor's degree or higher.

 $<sup>^{1} \</sup> For further information go to \ \underline{http://www.msss.gouv.qc.ca/professionnels/informations-geographiques-et-de-population/decoupage-territorial/}$ 

<u>Income</u> – Persons with low income are those with individual after-tax income less than \$20k while those with high income reported \$50k or more. This includes income from all sources.

<u>LICO</u> uses the income levels of a given family and considers how large a share of its income is spent on necessities such as food, shelter and clothing. If the amount a family spends is 20% higher than an average family in a year, it falls into the low income cut-off category. People who live below income cut-offs may be said to live in "straitened circumstances." (Human Resources and Skills Development Canada, August 2009.)

<u>Mobility status</u> – (Place of residence 5 years ago) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2011, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier.

Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers.

Movers include non-migrants and migrants.

Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve.

Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada.

External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date. External migrants are referred to as immigrants in this document.

#### Methodological Notes

#### Data Source

These profiles draw information from datasets developed by the Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) using the 2016 Census of Canada. Findings are provided for Québec's RTS territories in which there are at least 250 English speaking residents. **Please note that the profiles are divided into two sections. Section 1** provides information drawn from the 2016 census sample of the Québec population living in private households. **Section 2** provides information on the 2016 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in census families in Québec.

#### *Linguistic definitions*

There are numerous linguistic definitions that are used to identify the English-speaking population in Québec. The choice of linguistic indicator depends largely on the issue being examined. These profiles use the <a href="First Official Language Spoken">First Official Language Spoken</a> (FOLS) definition with multiple responses proportionally distributed since it best reflects the total English-speaking health service users in the province. First Official Language Spoken is derived from three census questions: knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language. Dual responses are divided equally among English-speaking and French-speaking groups. Other definitions include <a href="Mother tongue">Mother tongue</a> which refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood. The <a href="language most often spoken at home">language</a> is used to designate the home language. <a href="Knowledge of official languages">Knowledge of official languages</a> indicates the official language in which a person can carry on a conversation. The <a href="language used most often at work">language</a> indicates the language spoken most frequently at work.

## Demographic and Socio-economic Characteristics

The demographic and socio-economic variables addressed in these profiles are:

- Population size
- Household living arrangements
- Income
- Low-income cut-off (LICO)
- Educational attainment
- Labour force activity
- Visible minority status
- Family Structure
- Aboriginal identity
- Recent Immigrant status

# Section 1: Children 0-5

The statistics presented in this section of the profile are drawn from the 2016 census population living in private households in Québec.

# Children 0 to 5 Across Québec Proportion of Children Across Québec

RTS de la Montérégie-Centre

RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest

RTS de la Montérégie-Est

#### **Size and Proportion** English-speaking Children 0 to 5 and French-speaking Children 0 to 5 Québec and its RTS Territories, 2016 **English-speaking Population** French-speaking Population Total English-English-Total French-French-Geography Share of Share of speaking speaking Englishspeaking speaking French-Total Total speaking Children 0 Children 0 speaking Children 0 Children 0 to Population Population Population to 5 to 5 (%) Population to 5 5 (%) Québec 1.097.925 6.795.280 13.8% 61,400 5.6% 85% 456.615 6.7% RTS du Bas-Saint-Laurent 1,080 0.6% 30 2.8% 188,850 99% 11,175 5.9% RTS du Saguenay – Lac-Saint-Jean 1,975 0.7% 130 6.6% 266,835 99% 16,945 6.4% RTS de la Capitale-Nationale 14,205 2.0% 560 3.9% 693,190 98% 45,500 6.6% RTS de la Mauricie-et-du-Centre-du-Québec 5,800 230 4.0% 484,485 99% 29,750 1.2% 6.1% RTS de l'Estrie - CHU de Sherbrooke 8.1% 4.9% 420.845 92% 27.705 6.6% 37.010 1.805 RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal 194,935 55.8% 10,900 5.6% 148,085 42% 8,970 6.1% RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal 185,920 55.0% 10,180 5.5% 142,460 42% 8,915 6.3% RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal 77,840 26.7% 4,070 5.2% 209,030 72% 11,965 5.7% RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal 4.9% 8.1% 88,895 21.4% 4,380 314,375 76% 25,575 RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal 14.9% 3,120 74,575 4.2% 415.110 31.330 7.5% 83% RTS de l'Outaouais 70,575 18.7% 4,670 6.6% 304,625 81% 22,120 7.3% RTS de l'Abitibi-Témiscamingue 5,155 3.6% 275 5.3% 137,920 96% 9.660 7.0% RTS de la Côte-Nord 5,175 5.7% 335 6.5% 85,085 94% 5,465 6.4% RTS du Nord-du-Québec 390 30 7.7% 13,265 1,005 7.6% RTS de la Gaspésie 8,090 10.7% 500 6.2% 67.840 89% 4.9% 3,345 RTS des Îles 695 5.7% 30 4.3% 11,495 94% 505 4.4% RTS de Chaudière-Appalaches 3.755 0.9% 175 4.7% 404.685 99% 28.020 6.9% RTS de Laval 91,115 22.2% 5,465 6.0% 311,535 76% 20,170 6.5% 2.9% 471,020 97% 7.0% RTS de Lanaudière 14,215 800 5.6% 33,155 6.5% 93% 35,590 RTS des Laurentides 37,555 2,030 5.4% 538,755 6.6%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting for CHSSN, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

2,960

5,920

780

5.5%

4.1%

7.1%

332,790

484,805

343,710

85%

96%

80%

23,230

32,445

23,890

7.0%

6.7%

7.0%

13.7%

3.8%

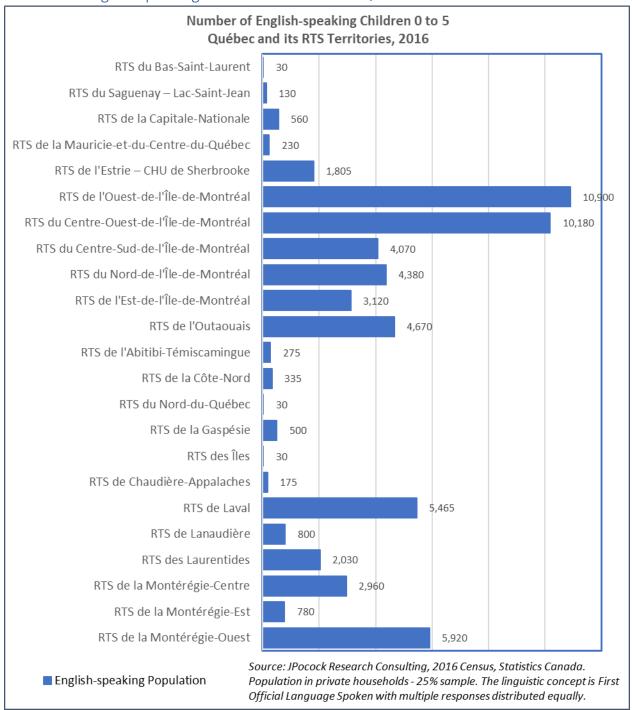
19.4%

53,570

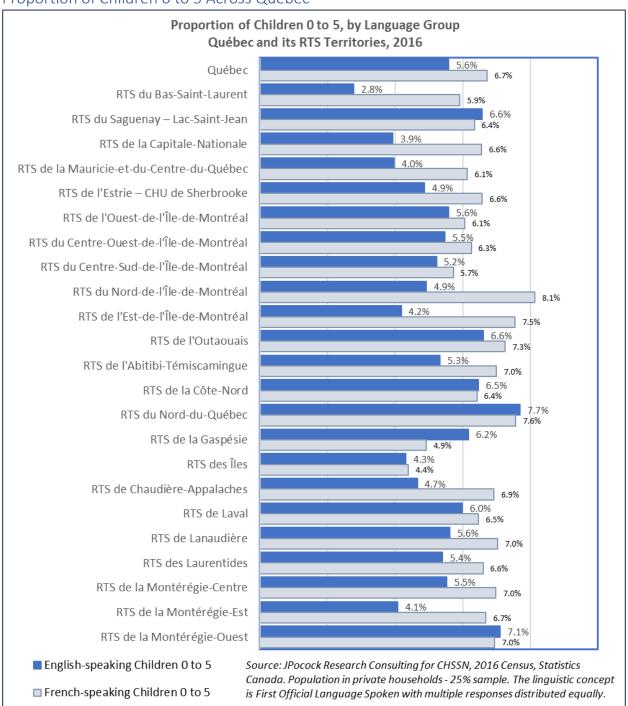
19,130

83,300

## Number of English-Speaking Children 0 to 5 Across Québec



## Proportion of Children 0 to 5 Across Québec



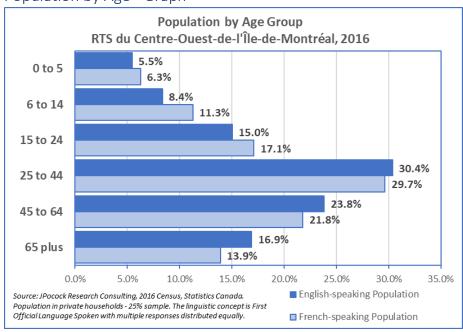
# Children 0 to 5 in RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal Population by Age - Table

Age Groups
English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

English- speaking Population	French- speaking Population	English- speaking Population (%)	French- speaking Population (%)
185,920	142,460	100.0%	100.0%
10,180	8,915	5.5%	6.3%
15,590	16,035	8.4%	11.3%
27,960	50 24,370 15.0%		17.1%
56,470	42,255	30.4%	29.7%
44,325	31,060	23.8%	21.8%
31,400	19,820	19,820 16.9%	
	speaking Population 185,920 10,180 15,590 27,960 56,470 44,325	speaking Population         speaking Population           185,920         142,460           10,180         8,915           15,590         16,035           27,960         24,370           56,470         42,255           44,325         31,060	speaking Population         speaking Population         speaking Population (%)           185,920         142,460         100.0%           10,180         8,915         5.5%           15,590         16,035         8.4%           27,960         24,370         15.0%           56,470         42,255         30.4%           44,325         31,060         23.8%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

### Population by Age - Graph



- In 2016, there were 185,920 English-speaking persons in the RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal territory. Of these, 10,180 (5.5%) were in the 0 to 5 age group.
- The proportion of children aged 0 to 5 was lower in the English-speaking population than in the French-speaking population (6.3%).
- The proportion of children aged 0 to 5 in the English-speaking population of RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal was similar to the average for Quebec's English-speaking population (5.6%).

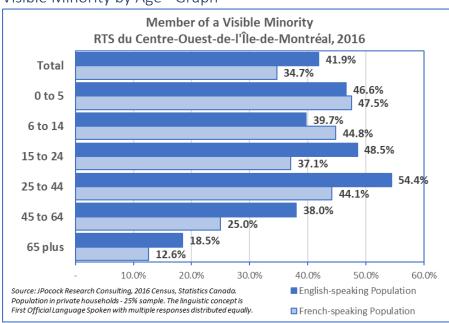
#### Visible Minority by Age - Table

# Visible Minority Status English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

	English	-speaking Pop	ulation	French-speaking Population			
Age Group	Total	Visible minority population	Proportion of Visible Minorities	Total	Visible minority population	Proportion of Visible Minorities	
Total	185,920	77,885	41.9%	142,460	49,365	34.7%	
0 to 5	10,180	4,745	46.6%	8,915	4,235	47.5%	
6 to 14	15,590	6,190	39.7%	16,035	7,190	44.8%	
15 to 24	27,960	13,570	48.5%	24,370	9,035	37.1%	
25 to 44	56,470	30,715	54.4%	42,255	18,650	44.1%	
45 to 64	44,325	16,855	38.0%	31,060	7,765	25.0%	
65 plus	31,400	5,805	18.5%	19,820	2,495	12.6%	

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

## Visible Minority by Age - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 4,745 (46.6%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who were members of a visible minority. This proportion was similar to that displayed by the French-speaking population (47.5%).
- In 2016, the proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who were members of a visible minority was higher than that of the total English-speaking population of RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal (41.9%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 326,815 persons who were members of a visible minority, representing 29.8% of that population. The level for RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal was much higher than the provincial average.

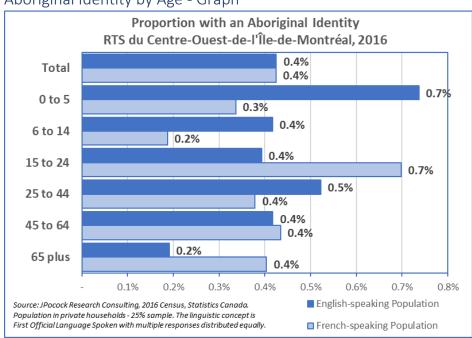
#### Aboriginal Identity by Age - Table

Aboriginal Identity
English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

	English	-speaking Pop	ulation	French-speaking Population			
Age Group	Total	Aboriginal Identity	Aboriginal Identity (%)	Total	Aboriginal Identity	Aboriginal Identity (%)	
Total	185,920	790	0.4%	142,460	605	0.4%	
0 to 5	10,180	75	0.7%	8,915	30	0.3%	
6 to 14	15,590	65	0.4%	16,035	30	0.2%	
15 to 24	27,960	110	0.4%	24,370	170	0.7%	
25 to 44	56,470	295	0.5%	42,255	160	0.4%	
45 to 64	44,325	185	0.4%	31,060	135	0.4%	
65 plus	31,400	60	0.2%	19,820	80	0.4%	

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

### Aboriginal Identity by Age - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 75 (0.7%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who reported an aboriginal identity. This proportion was much higher than that displayed by the French-speaking population (0.3%).
- The proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who reported an aboriginal identity was much higher than that of the total English-speaking population of RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Îlede-Montréal (0.4%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 44,800 persons who reported an aboriginal identity, representing 4.1% of that population. The level for RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal was much lower than the provincial average.

## Household Living Arrangements by Age – English Speakers

# Household Living Arrangements English-speaking Population RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Age Group	Total	Total persons in Census families	Spouses, common-law partners and children	Lone parents and children	Total persons in non-Census families	Living with relatives
Total	185,920	132,020	110,915	21,105	53,895	4,810
0 to 5	10,180	10,135	8,970	1,165	40	40
6 to 14	15,590	15,520	12,285	3,235	75	75
15 to 24	27,960	18,000	12,940	5,060	9,955	1,090
25 to 44	56,470	37,485	32,760	4,725	18,985	1,760
45 to 64	44,325	32,495	27,020	5,470	11,835	920
65 plus	31,400	18,390	16,935	1,455	13,010	925
Total	100.0%	71.0%	59.7%	11.4%	29.0%	2.6%
0 to 5	100.0%	99.6%	88.1%	11.4%	0.4%	0.4%
6 to 14	100.0%	99.6%	78.8%	20.8%	0.5%	0.5%
15 to 24	100.0%	64.4%	46.3%	18.1%	35.6%	3.9%
25 to 44	100.0%	66.4%	58.0%	8.4%	33.6%	3.1%
45 to 64	100.0%	73.3%	61.0%	12.3%	26.7%	2.1%
65 plus	100.0%	58.6%	53.9%	4.6%	41.4%	2.9%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

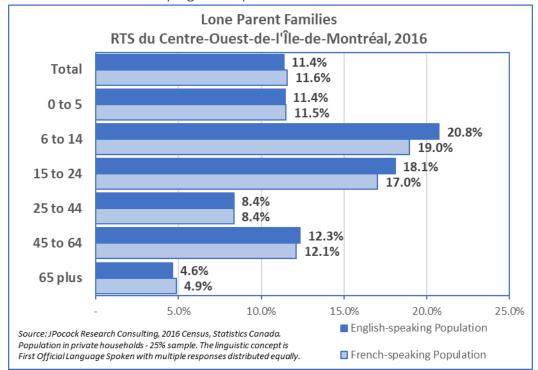
## Household Living Arrangements by Age – French Speakers

# Household Living Arrangements French-speaking Population RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Age Group	Total	Total persons in Census families	Spouses, common-law partners and children	Lone parents and children	Total persons in non-Census families	Living with relatives
Total	142,460	103,135	86,655	16,475	39,325	3,910
0 to 5	8,915	8,880	7,855	1,025	40	40
6 to 14	16,035	16,015	12,970	3,040	25	20
15 to 24	24,370	15,145	10,995	4,150	9,225	1,600
25 to 44	42,255	28,800	25,260	3,535	13,455	1,365
45 to 64	31,060	23,410	19,655	3,760	7,645	340
65 plus	19,820	10,885	9,920	965	8,935	545
Total	100.0%	72.4%	60.8%	11.6%	27.6%	2.7%
0 to 5	100.0%	99.6%	88.1%	11.5%	0.4%	0.4%
6 to 14	100.0%	99.9%	80.9%	19.0%	0.2%	1
15 to 24	100.0%	62.1%	45.1%	17.0%	37.9%	6.6%
25 to 44	100.0%	68.2%	59.8%	8.4%	31.8%	3.2%
45 to 64	100.0%	75.4%	63.3%	12.1%	24.6%	1.1%
65 plus	100.0%	54.9%	50.1%	4.9%	45.1%	2.7%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

### Lone Parent Families by Age - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 1,165 (11.4%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living in lone parent families. This proportion was similar to that displayed by the French-speaking population (11.5%).
- In 2016, the proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living in lone parent families was similar to the total English-speaking population of RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal (11.4%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 136,050 persons living in lone parent families, representing 12.4% of that population. The level for RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal was lower than the provincial average.

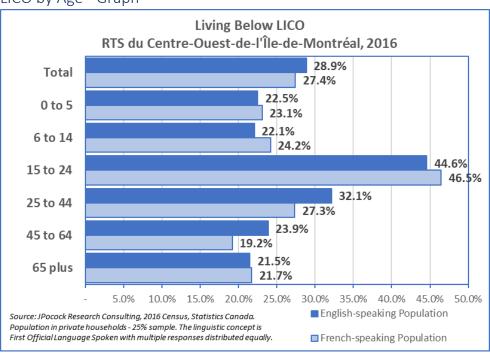
#### LICO by Age - Table

# Tendency to Live Below the Low-income Cut-off English-speaking Population and French-speaking Population RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

	English-speaking Population			French-speaking Population		
Age Group	Total	Living below LICO	Living below LICO (%)	Total	Living below LICO	Living below LICO (%)
Total	185,920	53,680	28.9%	142,460	39,085	27.4%
0 to 5	10,180	2,290	22.5%	8,915	2,060	23.1%
6 to 14	15,590	3,440	22.1%	16,035	3,875	24.2%
15 to 24	27,960	12,465	44.6%	24,370	11,320	46.5%
25 to 44	56,470	18,155	32.1%	42,255	11,555	27.3%
45 to 64	44,325	10,580	23.9%	31,060	5,965	19.2%
65 plus	31,400	6,750	21.5%	19,820	4,310	21.7%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

### LICO by Age - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 2,290 (22.5%) English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living below LICO. This proportion was similar to that displayed by the French-speaking population (23.1%).
- The proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living below LICO was much lower than the total English-speaking population of RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal (28.9%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of Quebec, there were 195,300 persons living below LICO, representing 17.8% of that population. The level for RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal was much higher than the provincial average.

# Section 2: Parents of Children 0 to 5

The statistics presented in this section of the profile are drawn from the 2016 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in a census family.

Children of other ages may be present.

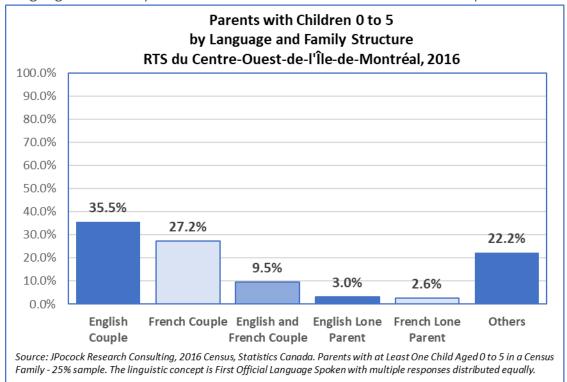
# Language and Family Structure of Parents with Children 0 to 5- Table

## Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015
In an English Couple	11,015
In a French Couple	8,425
In an English and French Couple	2,945
English Lone Parent	945
French Lone Parent	820
Other Types of Families	6,870
Percentages	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%
In an English Couple	35.5%
In a French Couple	27.2%
In an English and French Couple	9.5%
English Lone Parent	3.0%
French Lone Parent	2.6%
Other Types of Families	22.2%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

Language and Family Structure of Parents with Children 0 to 5 - Graph



• In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 31,015 parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5. Of these parents, 11,015 (35.5%) were part of an English-speaking couple, while 945 (3.0%) were English-speaking lone parents.

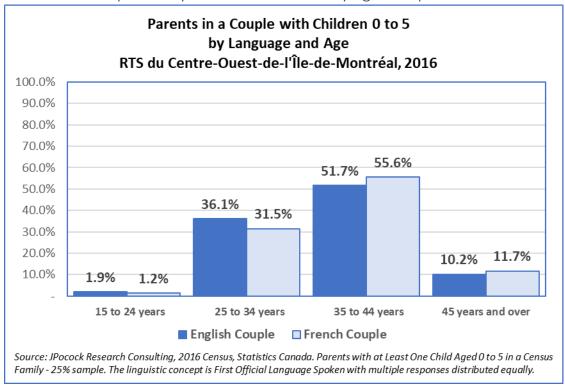
## Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Age – Table

# Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Age RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 years and over
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015	695	10,545	16,550	3,225
In an English Couple	11,015	210	3,980	5,700	1,120
In a French Couple	8,425	105	2,650	4,685	985
In an English and French Couple	2,945	15	815	1,770	345
English Lone Parent	945	60	380	390	110
French Lone Parent	820	55	255	420	90
Other Types of Families	6,870	245	2,470	3,585	565
	Percenta	ges			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	2.2%	34.0%	53.4%	10.4%
In an English Couple	100.0%	1.9%	36.1%	51.7%	10.2%
In a French Couple	100.0%	1.2%	31.5%	55.6%	11.7%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	0.5%	27.7%	60.1%	11.7%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	6.3%	40.2%	41.3%	11.6%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	6.7%	31.1%	51.2%	11.0%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	3.6%	36.0%	52.2%	8.2%

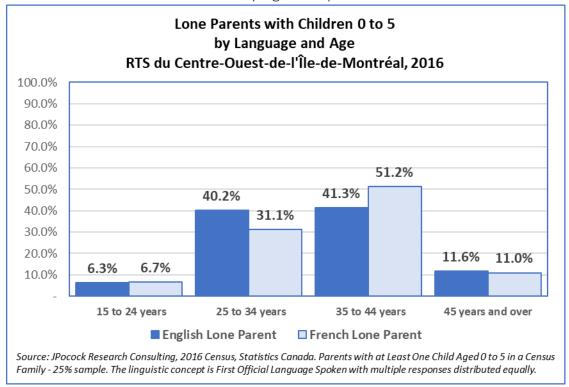
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

#### Parents in a Couple Family with Children 0 to 5 by Age - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2.2% of all parents with children 0 to 5 were between the ages of 15 and 24. Within English-speaking couples, the proportion of parents in this age group (1.9%) was much higher than the proportion within French-speaking couples (1.2%) and lower than the overall average.
- Among parents with children aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, 36.1% were between the ages of 25 and 34. This was higher than the proportion for French-speaking couples (31.5%).
- Among parents with children aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, 51.7% were between the ages of 35 and 44. This was lower than the proportion for French-speaking couples (55.6%).
- A large majority of parents with young children fall within the combined age group of 25 to 44.
   Among parents with children aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, approximately 88% were between the ages of 25 and 44. This was similar to the proportion for French-speaking couples (87%).
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 10.4% of parents with children aged 0 to 5 were 45 years of age or older. Within English-speaking couples, 10.2% of parents with young children were within this age group, which was similar to the proportion within French-speaking couples (11.7%) and lower than the overall average.

#### Lone Parents with Children 0 to 5 by Age - Graph



- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 6.3% were between the ages of 15 and 24. This was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (6.7%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, 40.2% were between the ages
  of 25 and 34. This was much higher than the proportion for French-speaking lone parents
  (31.1%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, 41.3% were between the ages of 35 and 44. This was lower than the proportion for French-speaking lone parents (51.2%).
- A large majority of parents with young children fall within the combined age group of 25 to 44.
   Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, approximately 81% were between the ages of 25 and 44. This was similar to the proportion for French-speaking lone parents (82%).
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 11.6% of English-speaking lone parents with young children (0 to 5) were 45 years old or older. This was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents with young children (11.0%).

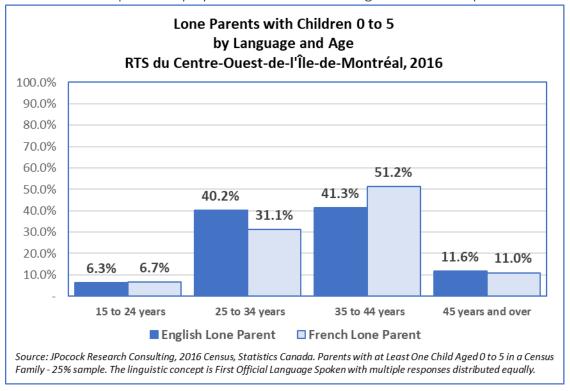
## Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Number of Children – Table

# Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Number of Children RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	One Child 0 to 5	Two Children 0 to 5	Three or More Children 0 to 5
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015	11,465	11,630	7,920
In an English Couple	11,015	3,950	4,175	2,890
In a French Couple	8,425	2,770	3,390	2,265
In an English and French Couple	2,945	985	1,230	735
English Lone Parent	945	555	200	190
French Lone Parent	820	420	255	140
Other Types of Families	6,870	2,790	2,380	1,700
	Percentages			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	37.0%	37.5%	25.5%
In an English Couple	100.0%	35.9%	37.9%	26.2%
In a French Couple	100.0%	32.9%	40.2%	26.9%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	33.4%	41.8%	25.0%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	58.7%	21.2%	20.1%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	51.2%	31.1%	17.1%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	40.6%	34.6%	24.7%

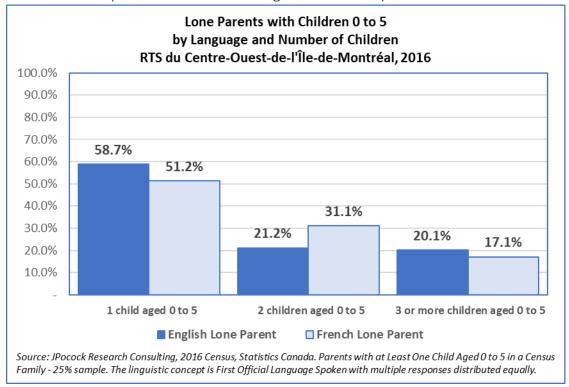
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

#### Parents in a Couple Family by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5 - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal in 2016, 37.0% of all parents with children 0 to 5 had a single child within that age range. Among those parents in an English-speaking couple, 35.9% had a single child aged 0 to 5, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (32.9%) and similar to the overall average.
- Among parents in English-speaking couples with children aged 0 to 5, 37.9% had two children within that age range, which was lower than the proportion among French-speaking couples (40.2%).
- Among parents in English-speaking couples with children aged 0 to 5, 26.2% had three or more children within that age range, which was similar to the proportion among French-speaking couples (26.9%).

#### Lone Parents by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5 - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 58.7% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 had a single child in that age group, which was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (51.2%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5, 21.2% had two children within that age range, which was much lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (31.1%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5, 20.1% had three or more children within that age range, which was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (17.1%).

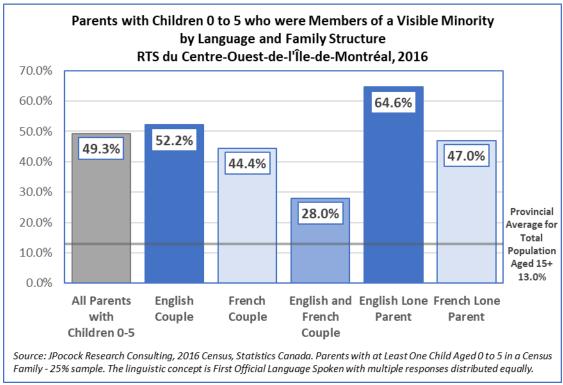
## Visible Minority Status - Table

# Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Visible Minority Status RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Member of a Visible Minority	Not a Visible Minority		
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015	15,300	15,715		
In an English Couple	11,015	5,745	5,270		
In a French Couple	8,425	3,740	4,690		
In an English and French Couple	2,945	825	2,120		
English Lone Parent	945	610	340		
French Lone Parent	820	385	435		
Other Types of Families	6,870	4,005	2,865		
Percentages					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	49.3%	50.7%		
In an English Couple	100.0%	52.2%	47.8%		
In a French Couple	100.0%	44.4%	55.7%		
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	28.0%	72.0%		
English Lone Parent	100.0%	64.6%	36.0%		
French Lone Parent	100.0%	47.0%	53.0%		
Other Types of Families	100.0%	58.3%	41.7%		

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

### Visible Minority Status - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 49.3% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were members of a visible minority in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 52.2% were members of a visible minority, which was higher than those in French-speaking couples (44.4%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 28.0% of parents with children 0 to 5 were members of a visible minority. This was much lower than the proportion in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion in Frenchspeaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 64.6% were a member
  of a visible minority. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents
  (47.0%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to report
  being a member of a visible minority than were parents with children of that age in Englishspeaking couples.

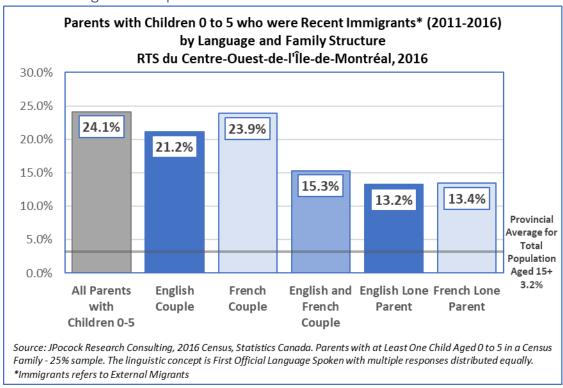
## Recent Mobility (2011 – 2016) - Table

## Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Recent Mobility Status (2011 to 2016) RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Migrants	Interprovincial Migrants	External Migrants (Immigrants)	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015	9,085	595	7,480	
In an English Couple	11,015	2,895	345	2,330	
In a French Couple	8,425	2,505	65	2,010	
In an English and French Couple	2,945	680	75	450	
English Lone Parent	945	185	25	125	
French Lone Parent	820	155	10	110	
Other Types of Families	6,870	2,650	85	2,450	
Percentages					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	29.3%	1.9%	24.1%	
In an English Couple	100.0%	26.3%	3.1%	21.2%	
In a French Couple	100.0%	29.7%	0.8%	23.9%	
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	23.1%	2.5%	15.3%	
English Lone Parent	100.0%	19.6%	2.6%	13.2%	
French Lone Parent	100.0%	18.9%	-	13.4%	
Other Types of Families	100.0%	38.6%	1.2%	35.7%	

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. \*Between 2011 and 2016.

#### Recent Immigrant - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 24.1% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were recent immigrants in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 21.2% were recent immigrants, which was lower than those in French-speaking couples (23.9%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 15.3% of parents with children 0 to 5 were recent immigrants. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 13.2% were recent immigrants. This was similar to the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (13.4%). Englishspeaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much less likely to report being a recent immigrant than were parents in English-speaking couples with children of that age.

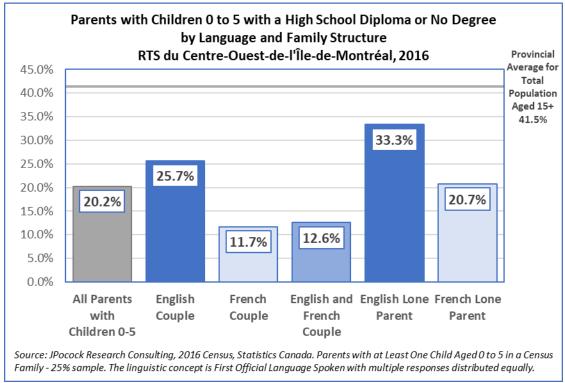
## Highest Educational Attainment – Table

## Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Highest Educational Attainment RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	High School Diploma or No Degree	Apprenticeship or Trades Certificate	College, CEGEP or Other Non- University	University Certificate Below BA	University BA or Higher
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015	6,275	1,605	3,910	1,425	17,800
In an English Couple	11,015	2,830	440	1,585	400	5,755
In a French Couple	8,425	985	555	960	495	5,430
In an English and French Couple	2,945	370	115	325	115	2,015
English Lone Parent	945	315	85	160	40	345
French Lone Parent	820	170	65	135	40	410
Other Types of Families	6,870	1,600	340	750	335	3,850
Percentages						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	20.2%	5.2%	12.6%	4.6%	57.4%
In an English Couple	100.0%	25.7%	4.0%	14.4%	3.6%	52.2%
In a French Couple	100.0%	11.7%	6.6%	11.4%	5.9%	64.5%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	12.6%	3.9%	11.0%	3.9%	68.4%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	33.3%	9.0%	16.9%	4.2%	36.5%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	20.7%	7.9%	16.5%	4.9%	50.0%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	23.3%	4.9%	10.9%	4.9%	56.0%

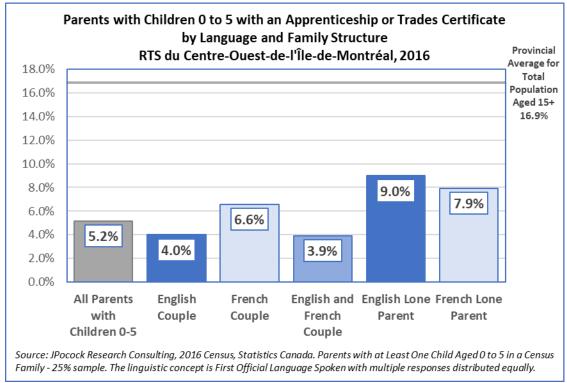
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

#### Low Educational Attainment - Graph



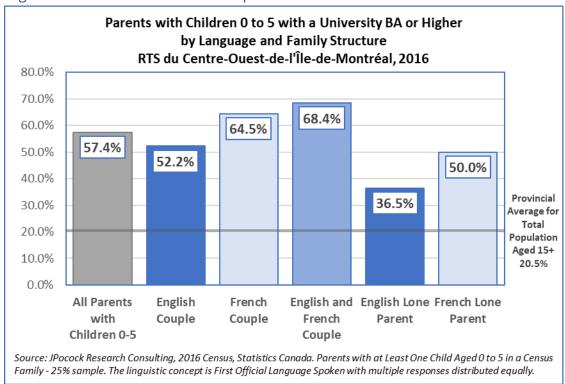
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 20.2% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 25.7% reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (11.7%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 12.6% of parents with children 0 to 5 reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 33.3% reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (20.7%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to report this low level
  of educational attainment than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking
  couples.

#### Apprenticeship and Trades Certificate - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 5.2% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 4.0% reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment, which was much lower than those in French-speaking couples (6.6%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 3.9% of parents with children 0 to 5 reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment. This was similar to the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 9.0% reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment. This was higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (7.9%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to have an apprenticeship or trades certificate than were parents with children of that age in Englishspeaking couples.

High Educational Attainment - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 57.4% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported having a university BA or higher in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 52.2% reported having a university BA or higher, which was lower than those in French-speaking couples (64.5%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 68.4% of parents with children 0 to 5 reported having a university BA or higher. This was much higher than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 36.5% reported having a university BA or higher. This was much lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (50.0%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much less likely to report having a university BA or higher than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

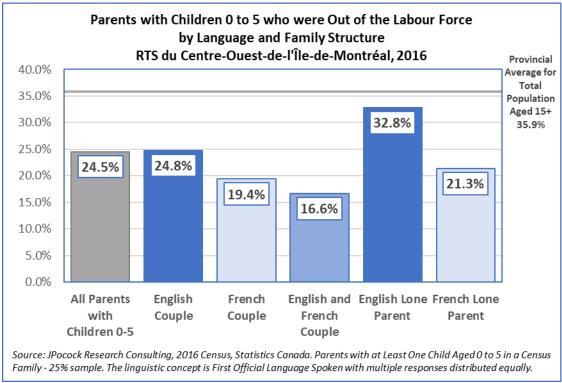
## Labour Force Activity - Table

## Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Labour Force Activity RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	In the Labour Force	Unemployed	Out of the Labour Force	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015	23,425	2,480	7,595	
In an English Couple	11,015	8,285	830	2,730	
In a French Couple	8,425	6,795	565	1,635	
In an English and French Couple	2,945	2,455	175	490	
English Lone Parent	945	640	90	310	
French Lone Parent	820	640	80	175	
Other Types of Families	6,870	4,610	750	2,255	
Percentages					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	75.5%	10.6%	24.5%	
In an English Couple	100.0%	75.2%	10.0%	24.8%	
In a French Couple	100.0%	80.7%	8.3%	19.4%	
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	83.4%	7.1%	16.6%	
English Lone Parent	100.0%	67.7%	14.1%	32.8%	
French Lone Parent	100.0%	78.0%	12.5%	21.3%	
Other Types of Families	100.0%	67.1%	16.3%	32.8%	

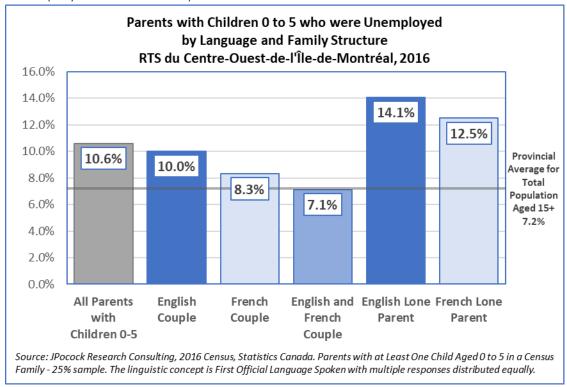
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 in a Census Family - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.

## Out of the Labour Force - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 24.5% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were out of the labour force in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 24.8% were out of the labour force, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (19.4%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 16.6% of parents with children 0 to 5 were out of the labour force. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 32.8% were out of the labour force. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (21.3%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to be out of the labour force than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

#### Unemployment Rate - Graph



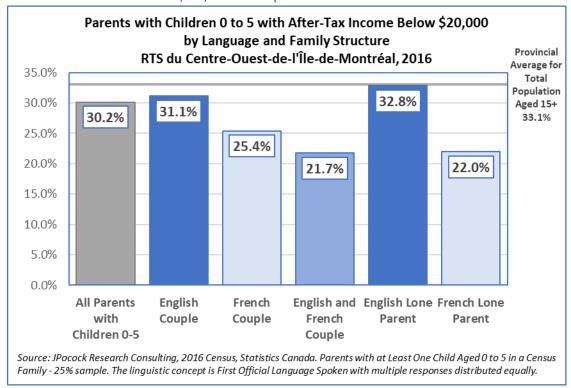
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 10.6% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were unemployed in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 10.0% were unemployed, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (8.3%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 7.1% of parents with children 0 to 5 were unemployed. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 14.1% were unemployed. This was higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (12.5%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to be unemployed than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

#### After-Tax Income - Table

# Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and After-Tax Income RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

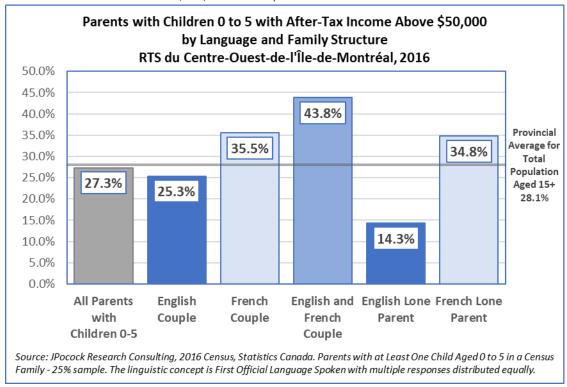
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Less than \$20,000	\$20,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 and Over		
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015	9,355	13,175	8,480		
In an English Couple	11,015	3,430	4,790	2,790		
In a French Couple	8,425	2,140	3,290	2,990		
In an English and French Couple	2,945	640	1,015	1,290		
English Lone Parent	945	310	500	135		
French Lone Parent	820	180	360	285		
Other Types of Families	6,870	2,665	3,215	990		
Percentages						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	30.2%	42.5%	27.3%		
In an English Couple	100.0%	31.1%	43.5%	25.3%		
In a French Couple	100.0%	25.4%	39.1%	35.5%		
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	21.7%	34.5%	43.8%		
English Lone Parent	100.0%	32.8%	52.9%	14.3%		
French Lone Parent	100.0%	22.0%	43.9%	34.8%		
Other Types of Families	100.0%	38.8%	46.8%	14.4%		

#### After-Tax Income Below \$20,000 - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 30.2% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 earned an after-tax income below \$20,000 in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 31.1% earned an after-tax income below \$20,000, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (25.4%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 21.7% of parents with children 0 to 5 earned an after-tax income below \$20,000. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 32.8% earned an aftertax income below \$20,000. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (22.0%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were more likely to earn an income under \$20,000 than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

#### After-Tax Income Above \$50,000 - Graph



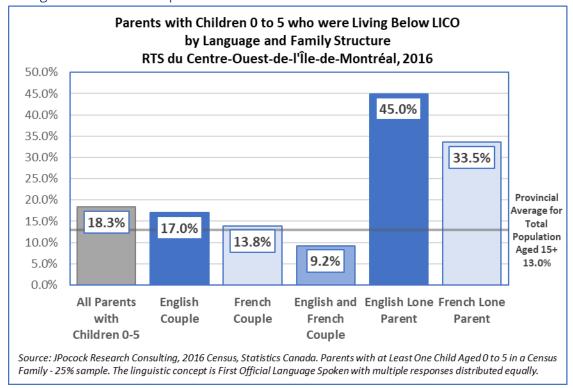
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 27.3% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 earned \$50,000 or more in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 25.3% earned \$50,000 or more, which was much lower than those in French-speaking couples (35.5%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 43.8% of parents with children 0 to 5 earned \$50,000 or more. This was much higher than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and much higher than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 14.3% earned \$50,000 or more. This was much lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (34.8%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much less likely to earn an income of \$50,000 or more than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

## Low Income Cut-Off (LICO) - Table

# Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Low-Income Status RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Living Above LICO-AT	Living Below LICO-AT			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015	25,335	5,680			
In an English Couple	11,015	9,145	1,870			
In a French Couple	8,425	7,265	1,165			
In an English and French Couple	2,945	2,670	270			
English Lone Parent	945	525	425			
French Lone Parent	820	540	275			
Other Types of Families	6,870	5,190	1,680			
Percentages						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5 100.0% 81.7% 18.3%						
In an English Couple	100.0%	83.0%	17.0%			
In a French Couple	100.0%	86.2%	13.8%			
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	90.7%	9.2%			
English Lone Parent	100.0%	55.6%	45.0%			
French Lone Parent	100.0%	65.9%	33.5%			
Other Types of Families	100.0%	75.5%	24.5%			

#### Living Below LICO - Graph



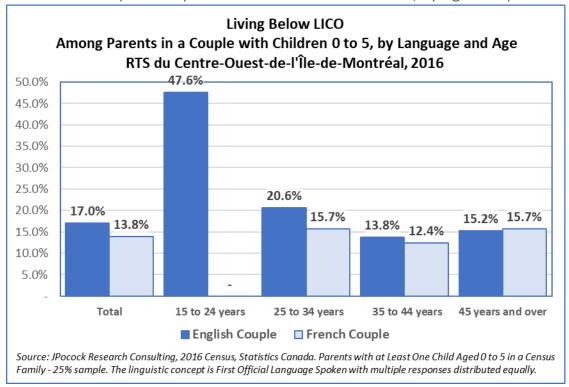
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 18.3% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were living below LICO in 2016.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 17.0% were living below LICO, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (13.8%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 9.2% of parents with children 0 to 5 were living below LICO. This was much lower than the proportion of parents in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion of parents in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 45.0% were living below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (33.5%).
- English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to report living below LICO than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

## Parents with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO by Age - Table

# Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 Living Below LICO by Language, Census Family Structure and Age RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal. 2016

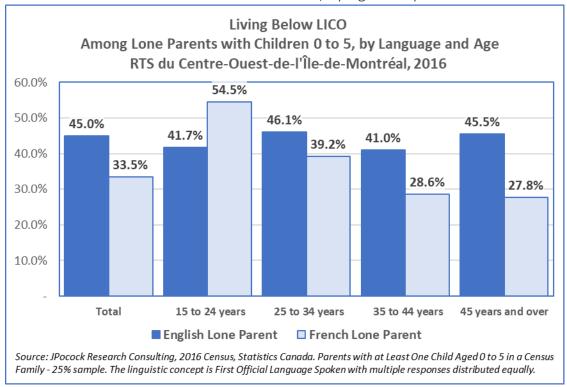
Nis du centre ouest de l'ile de Montreal, 2010						
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 years and over	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015	695	10,545	16,550	3,225	
In an English Couple	11,015	210	3,980	5,700	1,120	
In a French Couple	8,425	105	2,650	4,685	985	
In an English and French Couple	2,945	15	815	1,770	345	
English Lone Parent	945	60	380	390	110	
French Lone Parent	820	55	255	420	90	
Other Types of Families	6,870	245	2,470	3,585	565	
Living	Below LICO	-AT				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	5,680	270	2,225	2,640	550	
In an English Couple	1,870	100	820	785	170	
In a French Couple	1,165	10	415	580	155	
In an English and French Couple	270	-	80	150	50	
English Lone Parent	425	25	175	160	50	
French Lone Parent	275	30	100	120	25	
Other Types of Families	1,680	105	620	855	100	
Percentage Living Below LICO-AT						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	18.3%	38.8%	21.1%	16.0%	17.1%	
In an English Couple	17.0%	47.6%	20.6%	13.8%	15.2%	
In a French Couple	13.8%	-	15.7%	12.4%	15.7%	
In an English and French Couple	9.2%	1	9.8%	8.5%	14.5%	
English Lone Parent	45.0%	41.7%	46.1%	41.0%	45.5%	
French Lone Parent	33.5%	54.5%	39.2%	28.6%	27.8%	
Other Types of Families	24.5%	42.9%	25.1%	23.8%	17.7%	

Parents in a Couple Family with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO, by Age - Graph



- In English-speaking couples, 47.6% of parents aged 15 to 24 with children 0 to 5 were living below LICO, which was much higher than the overall average for parents with young children.
- Among parents aged 25 to 34 with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 20.6% of those in English-speaking couples were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (15.7%).
- Among parents aged 35 to 44 with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 13.8% of those in English-speaking couples were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (12.4%).
- Among parents aged 45 or older with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 15.2% of those in English-speaking couples were living below LICO, which was similar to the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (15.7%).

#### Lone Parents with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO, by Age - Graph



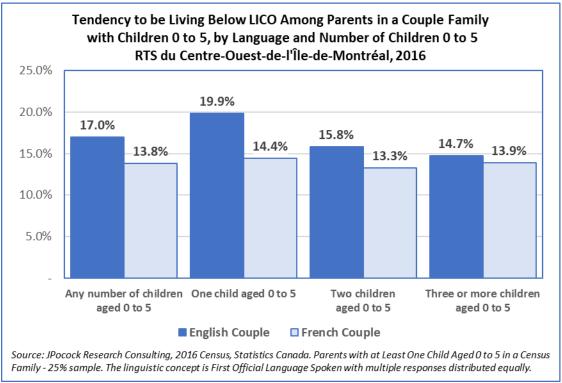
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 41.7% of English-speaking lone parents aged 15 to 24 with children 0 to 5 were living below LICO, which was much lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents in that age group (54.5%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents aged 25 to 34 with children 0 to 5, 46.1% were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents aged 25 to 34 (39.2%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents aged 35 to 44 with children 0 to 5, 41.0% were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents aged 35 to 44 (28.6%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents aged 45 or older with children 0 to 5, 45.5% were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents aged 45 or older (27.8%).

## Parents Below LICO by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5 - Table

# Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 Living Below LICO by Language, Census Family Structure and Number of Children 0 to 5 RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

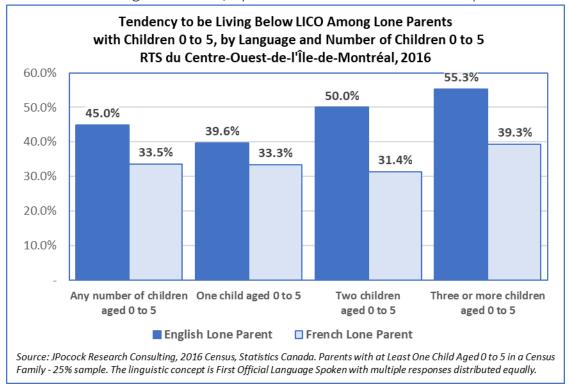
			,		
Census Family Structure and Language	Total with Chilren 0 to 5	One Child 0 to 5	Two Children 0 to 5	Three or More Children 0 to 5	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015	11,465	11,630	7,920	
In an English Couple	11,015	3,950	4,175	2,890	
In a French Couple	8,425	2,770	3,390	2,265	
In an English and French Couple	2,945	985	1,230	735	
English Lone Parent	945	555	200	190	
French Lone Parent	820	420	255	140	
Other Types of Families	6,870	2,790	2,380	1,700	
L	iving Below LIC	O-AT			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	5,680	2,235	2,015	1,435	
In an English Couple	1,870	785	660	425	
In a French Couple	1,165	400	450	315	
In an English and French Couple	270	75	120	80	
English Lone Parent	425	220	100	105	
French Lone Parent	275	140	80	55	
Other Types of Families	1,680	610	610	460	
Percentage Living Below LICO-AT					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	18.3%	19.5%	17.3%	18.1%	
In an English Couple	17.0%	19.9%	15.8%	14.7%	
In a French Couple	13.8%	14.4%	13.3%	13.9%	
In an English and French Couple	9.2%	7.6%	9.8%	10.9%	
English Lone Parent	45.0%	39.6%	50.0%	55.3%	
French Lone Parent	33.5%	33.3%	31.4%	39.3%	
Other Types of Families	24.5%	21.9%	25.6%	27.1%	

### Parents in Couple Families Living Below LICO, by Number of Children 0 to 5 - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 19.9% of parents in English-speaking couples with a single child aged 0 to 5 reported living below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (14.4%).
- Among English-speaking parents with two children aged 0 to 5, 15.8% were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (13.3%).
- Among parents in an English-speaking couple with three or more children aged 0 to 5, 14.7% were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (13.9%).

#### Lone Parents Living Below LICO, by Number of Children 0 to 5 - Graph



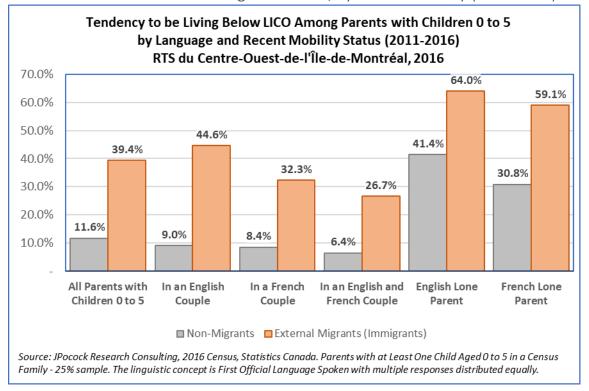
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 39.6% of English-speaking lone parents with a single child aged 0 to 5 reported living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (33.3%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with two children 0 to 5, 50.0% were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (31.4%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with three or more children 0 to 5, 55.3% were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (39.3%).

## Below LICO by Recent Mobility Status - Table

# Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Visible Minority Status RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2016

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Member of a Visible Minority	Not a Visible Minority			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015	15,300	15,715			
In an English Couple	11,015	5,745	5,270			
In a French Couple	8,425	3,740	4,690			
In an English and French Couple	2,945	825	2,120			
English Lone Parent	945	610	340			
French Lone Parent	820	385	435			
Other Types of Families	6,870	4,005	2,865			
Living Below LICO-AT						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	5,680	4,010	1,675			
In an English Couple	1,870	1,385	480			
In a French Couple	1,165	805	360			
In an English and French Couple	270	135	140			
English Lone Parent	425	275	150			
French Lone Parent	275	165	110			
Other Types of Families	1,680	1,250	425			
Percentage Living Below LICO-AT						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	18.3%	26.2%	10.7%			
In an English Couple	17.0%	24.1%	9.1%			
In a French Couple	13.8%	21.5%	7.7%			
In an English and French Couple	9.2%	16.4%	6.6%			
English Lone Parent	45.0%	45.1%	44.1%			
French Lone Parent	33.5%	42.9%	25.3%			
Other Types of Families	24.5%	31.2%	14.8%			

#### Parents with Children 0 to 5 Living Below LICO, by Recent Mobility (2011-2016) - Graph



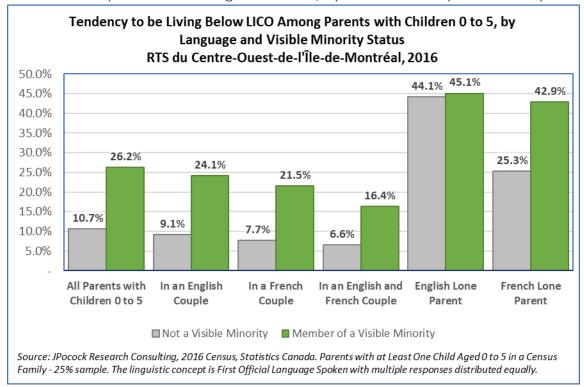
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 2,945 parents of children 0 to 5 who had immigrated to Canada between 2011 and 2016. Of those parents in English-speaking couples, 44.6% were living below the Low-Income Cut-Off (LICO). This was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (32.3%).
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 64.0% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were recent immigrants lived below LICO. This was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (59.1%).
- Among parents with children 0 to 5 who were not recent migrants, 9.0% of those in an English-speaking couple were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (8.4%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were not recent migrants, 41.4% lived below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (30.8%).

## Below LICO by Visible Minority Status - Table

# Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Recent\* Mobility Status RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal. 2016

K15 du Centre-Ouest-de-File-de-Wontreal, 2016					
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Non- Migrants	Migrants	External Migrants (Immigrants)	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	31,015	21,930	9,085	7,480	
In an English Couple	11,015	8,120	2,895	2,330	
In a French Couple	8,425	5,920	2,505	2,010	
In an English and French Couple	2,945	2,265	680	450	
English Lone Parent	945	760	185	125	
French Lone Parent	820	665	155	110	
Other Types of Families	6,870	4,220	2,650	2,450	
Liv	ing Below LICO	-AT			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	5,680	2,550	3,130	2,945	
In an English Couple	1,870	730	1,140	1,040	
In a French Couple	1,165	500	665	650	
In an English and French Couple	270	145	125	120	
English Lone Parent	425	315	110	80	
French Lone Parent	275	205	70	65	
Other Types of Families	1,680	655	1,025	990	
Percentage Living Below LICO-AT					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	18.3%	11.6%	34.5%	39.4%	
In an English Couple	17.0%	9.0%	39.4%	44.6%	
In a French Couple	13.8%	8.4%	26.5%	32.3%	
In an English and French Couple	9.2%	6.4%	18.4%	26.7%	
English Lone Parent	45.0%	41.4%	59.5%	64.0%	
French Lone Parent	33.5%	30.8%	45.2%	59.1%	
Other Types of Families	24.5%	15.5%	38.7%	40.4%	

Parents in Couple Families Living Below LICO, by Visible Minority Status - Graph



- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 4,010 parents of children 0 to 5 who reported being a member of a visible minority. Of those parents in English-speaking couples, 24.1% were living below the Low-Income Cut-Off (LICO). This was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (21.5%).
- In 2016, 45.1% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were a member of a visible minority lived below LICO. This was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (42.9%).
- Among parents with children 0 to 5 who were not a member of a visible minority, 9.1% of those in an English-speaking couple were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (7.7%).
- In RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 44.1% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were not a member of a visible minority lived below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (25.3%).