# **Baseline Data Report 2019-2020**

**Time Series Report: CHSSN/CROP Surveys 2005-2019** 

# Access to English-language Health and Social Services in Québec RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal

prepared for the Community Health and Social Services Network



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# Acknowledgements

This report was prepared for the Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) by Dr. Joanne Pocock (Research Consultant, *JPocock Research Consulting*) with support from Jan Warnke (Research Consultant, *JW Comm Inc*) and Jim Carter (CHSSN Senior Program and Policy Advisor) for the *Networking and Partnership Initiative* program funded by Health Canada.



The views expressed herein do not necessarily represent the official policies of Health Canada.

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### 2 Introduction

## 2.1 Baseline Data Report (BDR)

The Baseline Data Report 2019-2020 (BDR) is the eighteenth volume of a series produced by the Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) to serve as a relevant and comprehensive knowledge base regarding the situation of Québec's English-speaking population in the area of health.

The Baseline Data Report series is intended to serve as a resource that will allow local communities to better understand the demographic factors and health determinants affecting them and to assist institutional partners and community leaders in developing strategies to improve the well-being of their constituencies.

The Baseline Data Report 2019-2020 presents, in a time series, two determinants of health that impact English-speaking Québecers, namely, access to the health and social services system and language of access.

For access to CHSSN Baseline Data Reports go to chssn.org/document-center/

Year	Title	Data Source
2003-2004	Regional Profiles of English-speaking Communities	2001 Census
2004-2005	Profiles of English-speaking Communities in Selected CLSC Territories	2001 Census
2005-2006	English-Language Health and Social Services Access in Québec	2005 CHSSN-CROP Survey on Community Vitality
2006-2007	Community Network Building	Case studies (qualitative interviews
2007-2008	Health and Social Survey Information on Quebec's English-speaking Communities	1998 Québec Health and Social Survey
2008-2009	Regional Profiles of Quebec's English-speaking Communities: Selected 1996-2006 Census Findings	1996 and 2006 Census
2009-2010	Demographic Profiles of Quebec's English-speaking Communities for Selected CSSS Territories	1996 and 2006 Census
2010-2011	English-Language Health and Social Services Access in Québec	2010 CHSSN-CROP Survey on Community Vitality
2011-2012	Socio-economic Profiles of English-speaking Visible Minority Population by Quebec Health Region	2006 Census
2012-2013	Quebec's English-speaking Community Networks and their Partners in Public Health and Social Services	Survey of NPI organizations and interviews
2013-2014	Demographic Profiles of Quebec's English-speaking Communities for Selected CSSS Territories	2011 Census of Canada; 2011 National Household Survey
2014-2015	Canadian Community Health Survey (2011-2012) / Findings related to the Mental and Emotional Health of Quebec's English-speaking Communities	Canadian Community Health Survey, 2011-2012
2015-2016	English-Language Health and Social Services Access in Québec	2015 CHSSN-CROP Survey on Community Vitality
2015-2016	Findings on English-speaking Community Vitality across Key Sectors	2015 CHSSN-CROP Survey on Community Vitality
2017-2018	Demographic Profiles of English-speaking Communities	2016 Census of Canada
2018-2019	Socio-demographic Profile of Children Aged 0 to 5 and their Parents	2016 Census of Canada
2018-2019	English-language Health and Social Service Access in Quebec	2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey
2019-2020	English-language Health and Social Services Access in Quebéc	2005-2019 CHSSN CROP Community Health and Social Surveys

## 2.2 About this Report

The 2019-2020 Baseline Data Report (BDR) relays the health and social service findings of the CHSSN/CROP<sup>1</sup> provincial survey of English speakers conducted in 2005, 2010, 2015 and 2019. This report is the first in the Baseline Data Report series to present the CHSSN/CROP provincial survey results from four different time periods.

In keeping with the standard CHSSN reporting approach, survey results are organized according to the location of respondents in regional communities across Québec's administrative territory and delineated into sub-groups defined by gender, age, household income, and knowledge of English and French. For report graphs, CHSSN selected two population groups considered vulnerable by many stakeholders with respect to access and language of service due to their age and level of bilingualism.

It should be noted that in 2019, the CHSSN provincial survey questionnaire was significantly modified and the title of the survey changed to *Community Health and Social Survey* to reflect an increased focus on health sector issues. Importantly, despite these changes a sizable number of questions have remained identical and nearly identical across each rendition of the questionnaire. The responses to the questions that reoccurr from 2005 through to 2019 form the basis of these profiles. Information on health and social services access among English-speaking communities gathered through sampling techniques other than CROP telephone interviews are not included.

### 2.3 Methodology

For the 2019-2020 Time Series BDR, the differences and similarities between surveys in terms of questionnaire design, sampling techniques, data treatment and reporting style were given careful consideration.

### 2.3.1 Questionnaire Design

For the purpose of observing survey results over time, the questionnaires for each year were compared and the identical or nearly identical questions among the four years were selected for reporting. To view the list of questions selected for reporting go to Appendix 1.

### 2.3.2 Sampling Techniques

**Telephone Survey** – In every version of the survey, the main sampling technique used by CROP has been telephone interviews. In each of the four years included in this report English-speaking Québecers aged 18 and over around the province were randomly selected for interviews over the telephone. Data collection for the interviews generally lasted eight to ten weeks in the period between February and the end of June. The number and key socio-demographic characteristics (unweighted) of the English-speaking respondents for 2005, 2010, 2015 and 2019 are presented below.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CROP Inc. is a Canadian opinion polling and marketing research firm based in Montreal.

### **English Speakers 2005**

Key Demographic Characteristics of English-speaking Respondents to the 2005 CHSSN/CROP Survey on Community Vitality, by Region														
		ger	nder		age (	jroup		household income				bilingual status		
Region	Total	male	female	18-24 years	25-44 years	45-64 years	65 years and over	less than \$30k	\$30k-70k	\$70k-100k	\$100k and over	bilingual	unilingual English	
RTS de la Capitale-Nationale	119	54	65	3	30	52	34	22	36	17	13	81	9	
RTS de la Gaspésie	162	70	92	8	45	69	40	61	55	15	6	59	54	
RTS de la Montérégie-Centre	83	38	45	5	34	31	13	14	19	16	15	52	25	
RTS de la Montérégie-Est*	10	2	8	0	3	1	6	0	3	1	1	6	1	
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest	254	110	144	7	74	117	56	35	87	46	35	127	52	
RTS de Lanaudière	88	36	52	0	12	40	36	17	39	8	8	64	12	
RTS de Laval	239	95	144	29	111	63	36	32	64	43	33	159	31	
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	127	49	78	7	60	43	17	24	59	15	11	75	14	
RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke	358	146	212	11	101	142	104	89	144	27	31	171	84	
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	428	185	243	19	145	188	76	40	138	82	98	222	97	
RTS de l'Outaouais	198	86	112	5	57	95	41	30	70	30	41	58	68	
RTS des Laurentides	170	78	92	5	44	74	47	36	56	24	20	89	32	
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	192	75	117	14	85	67	26	49	69	12	21	114	47	
RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	117	50	67	7	52	45	13	35	41	17	8	70	35	
RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	89	39	50	5	45	31	8	23	33	10	6	58	13	
Total	2,634	1,113	1,521	125	898	1,058	553	507	913	363	347	1,405	574	

**English Speakers 2010** 

Key Demographic Characteristi	ics of Engli	sh-spea	king Re	sponden	its to the	2010 C	HSSN/CF	ROP Surv	ey on C	ommuni	ty Vitalit	y, by Re	gion
		ger	der		age g	roup		household income				bilingual status	
Region	Total	male	female	18-24 years	25-44 years	45-64 years	65 years and over	less than \$30k	\$30k-70k	\$70k-100k	\$100k and over	bilingual	unilingual English
RTS de la Capitale-Nationale	94	34	60	2	18	43	31	6	29	15	20	85	9
RTS de la Gaspésie	147	55	92	2	23	75	47	37	69	8	8	91	55
RTS de la Montérégie-Centre	121	60	61	4	40	43	34	18	32	17	24	85	34
RTS de la Montérégie-Est*	13	4	9	0	2	4	7	3	2	2	1	11	2
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest	307	122	185	6	83	146	72	38	96	44	63	228	78
RTS de Lanaudière	73	22	51	0	20	37	16	10	25	7	9	64	9
RTS de Laval	258	110	148	10	96	105	47	30	72	49	41	196	62
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	151	65	86	11	54	63	23	20	62	25	17	138	13
RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke	353	149	204	5	51	181	116	106	124	26	29	244	107
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	445	182	263	11	104	223	107	44	123	68	109	329	115
RTS de l'Outaouais	206	101	105	3	44	105	54	29	64	28	40	101	104
RTS des Laurentides	157	65	92	1	26	76	54	26	50	20	18	115	41
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	212	81	131	8	53	86	65	30	63	25	43	142	68
RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	93	47	46	1	45	33	14	13	28	16	14	68	25
RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	101	41	60	6	40	41	14	21	32	14	13	83	18
Total	2,731	1,138	1,593	70	699	1,261	701	431	871	364	449	1,980	740

# English Speakers 2015

		ge	nder		age g	jroup		household income				bilingual status	
Region	Total	male	female	18-24 years	25-44 years	45-64 years	65 years and over	less than \$30k	\$30k-70k	\$70k-100k	\$100k and over	bilingual	unilingual English
RTS de la Capitale-Nationale	71	28	43	2	8	39	22	5	23	11	26	71	0
RTS de la Gaspésie	182	81	101	2	27	93	60	47	73	28	17	118	64
RTS de la Montérégie-Centre	107	45	62	4	20	52	31	12	39	15	26	90	17
RTS de la Montérégie-Est*	12	2	10	1	1	5	5	1	5	2	2	9	3
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest	334	130	204	4	50	166	114	43	110	47	69	234	100
RTS de Lanaudière	81	27	54	0	4	38	39	21	37	9	4	66	15
RTS de Laval	264	90	174	13	68	140	43	22	72	37	84	217	47
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	87	39	48	4	25	45	13	5	26	15	17	76	11
RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke	361	162	199	4	45	164	148	69	136	46	52	252	109
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	434	155	279	13	78	207	136	43	129	51	124	308	126
RTS de l'Outaouais	201	86	115	1	30	105	65	36	75	24	38	115	86
RTS des Laurentides	156	65	91	2	19	60	75	22	59	24	22	111	45
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	253	86	167	8	41	109	95	51	72	27	51	180	73
RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	87	34	53	4	31	41	11	21	26	16	13	68	19
RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	90	37	53	2	23	53	12	11	29	10	20	77	13
Total	2,720	1,067	1,653	64	470	1,317	869	409	911	362	565	1,992	728

## **English Speakers 2019**

Key Demographic Characteristics	of English-	speakin	g Respo	ndents t	to the 20	19 CHSS	N-CROP	Commu	nity Hea	alth and	Social Su	rvey, by	Region
		gei	nder		age (	group			househo	ld income		bilingual status	
Region	Total	male	female	18-24 years	25-44 years	45-64 years	65 years and over	less than \$30k	\$30k-70k	\$70k-100k	\$100k and over	bilingual	unilingual English
RTS de la Capitale-Nationale	196	89	107	5	23	86	82	22	52	29	45	186	9
RTS de la Gaspésie	75	31	44	0	3	34	38	21	27	7	7	51	24
RTS de la Montérégie-Centre	143	57	86	1	15	52	75	18	36	26	22	107	36
RTS de la Montérégie-Est*	75	29	46	5	8	28	34	9	21	11	16	59	16
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest	238	106	132	2	27	117	92	31	53	45	56	165	73
RTS de Lanaudière	72	25	47	1	8	25	38	10	26	7	15	65	7
RTS de Laval	255	98	157	6	36	134	79	27	70	28	58	208	46
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	210	71	139	6	34	126	44	13	53	31	55	195	15
RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke	105	35	70	2	8	40	55	24	28	15	16	75	30
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	479	192	287	12	31	234	202	47	112	71	134	342	136
RTS de l'Outaouais	197	91	106	2	24	84	87	36	51	31	41	108	89
RTS des Laurentides	108	42	66	0	6	44	58	16	32	15	18	81	27
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	456	155	301	10	45	164	237	78	118	38	87	317	138
RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	221	75	146	2	44	91	84	39	63	25	48	181	39
RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	243	90	153	10	30	123	80	40	63	35	37	194	49
Total	3,073	1,186	1,887	64	342	1,382	1,285	431	805	414	655	2,334	734
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 20	019 CHSSN-CI	ROP Com	nunity Heal	th and Socia	al Survey. *Ii	sufficient da	ata to report	in following	tables exce	pt for table	2.6.		-

9

Focus Groups and Online Survey – In 2015, four focus groups were added to CHSSN survey techniques due to a low response rate to telephone interviews in certain regions. The four regions addressed through focus groups were Chaudiere-Appalaches, Cote-Nord (middle and upper parts), Abitibi-Temiscamingue and Bas-Saint-Laurent. In 2019 the low response rate to telephone interviews in six health regions was addressed through focus group and online survey techniques. The six regions were Saguenay-Lac-St-Jean, Côte-Nord (middle and upper parts), Gaspésie-Les Îles (Magdalen Islands), Chaudière-Appalaches, Centre-du-Québec and Abitibi-Témiscamingue. In the 2015 and 2019 BDRs the focus group and online survey findings are tabulated and reported separately from the telephone interview results. The findings from focus groups and online surveys are not included in this time series report.

#### 2.3.3 Data Treatment

Geographic Regions – The fourteen regions addressed in the tables and graphs of this time series report are drawn from Québec's 22 RTS (réseau territorial de services) territories. Some regions are not profiled due to small sample size. RTS de la Montérégie-Est is reported as an individual region in Table 2.6 only. The correspondence between Québec's 18 Health regions and its Integrated Health and Social Service Centers (CISSS) and Integrated Center for University Health and Social Services (CIUSSS) after the adoption of Law 10 is available at the following link: https://www.msss.gouv.gc.ca/professionnels/informations-geographiques-et-de-population/decoupage-territorial/

**Percentages** – The majority of tables in this report present results in the form of percentages. Non-responses (no answer, did not know, etc.) have been excluded from the totals prior to calculation of percentages.

Weighted – Data has been weighted according to region (by CLSC), age, and gender using data from the Statistics Canada 2016 Census.

### 2.4 Reporting: Table and Graph Explanation

### **Table Headings**

In this report the responses to each survey question are presented in the form of a table and accompanying graph. The title of the table captures the survey question being answered as well as the RTS region in which the respondents are located. In the accompanying example, the table presents the responses of all those residing in Gaspesie who used the services of a CLSC in the prior twelve months. The full question is "In the last twelve months, in your region, have you used the services of a CLSC for yourself or to help another person?". Appendix 1 of this document may be consulted for a list of the CROP interview questions reported by the tables and graphs.

# Used the Services of a CLSC in the Past Twelve Months English Speakers of Gaspésie, 2005-2019

Varia	able	Engli	sh Speake	ers of Gas	pésie	Total En	glish-Spea	ıking Resp	ondents
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
	male	51.8%	61.1%	52.4%	40.4%	46.6%	49.1%	46.6%	33.3%
gender		(n=70)	(n=54)	(n=80)	(n=31)	(n=1,107)	(n=1,135)	(n=1,054)	(n=1,179)
80	female	39.6%	58.6%	54.3%	45.7%	47.2%	52.5%	51.6%	36.1%
		(n=92)	(n=91)	(n=101)	(n=42)	(n=1,517)	(n=1,583)	(n=1,643)	(n=1,875)
	18-24 years	-	-	-	-	45.8%	58.5%	35.8%	15.1%
	10 24 years	(n=8)	(n=2)	(n=2)	(n=)	(n=125)	(n=69)	(n=63)	(n=63)
	25-44 years	38.3%	55.4%	42.4%	-	46.9%	55.2%	49.2%	38.2%
age	23-44 years	(n=45)	(n=23)	(n=27)	(n=3)	(n=895)	(n=696)	(n=465)	(n=339)
age	15 61 years	52.7%	58.6%	55.0%	40.5%	44.9%	48.7%	48.7%	34.0%
	45-64 years	(n=69)	(n=74)	(n=93)	(n=34)	(n=1,053)	(n=1,256)	(n=1,307)	(n=1,376)
	65 years and over	44.0%	61.9%	58.2%	42.1%	51.8%	56.3%	54.9%	36.9%
	05 years and over	(n=40)	(n=46)	(n=59)	(n=36)	(n=551)	(n=697)	(n=862)	(n=1,276)
	less than \$30k	33.0%	67.1%	59.3%	52.6%	53.2%	57.0%	51.1%	37.3%
	1622 tilali 320k	(n=61)	(n=37)	(n=47)	(n=21)	(n=504)	(n=429)	(n=405)	(n=429)
	\$30-70k	65.5%	49.2%	49.7%	40.1%	48.4%	52.5%	51.5%	32.7%
household income	- 350-70K	(n=55)	(n=67)	(n=73)	(n=26)	(n=912)	(n=866)	(n=901)	(n=799)
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	27.2%	-	40.6%	-	51.4%	51.2%	47.1%	34.2%
	\$70-100K	(n=15)	(n=8)	(n=28)	(n=7)	(n=361)	(n=364)	(n=361)	(n=413)
	\$100k and over	-	-	70.1%	-	41.9%	42.1%	46.2%	37.2%
	\$100K allu ovel	(n=6)	(n=8)	(n=17)	(n=7)	(n=345)	(n=446)	(n=563)	(n=653)
	knowledge of bilingual		59.2%	60.8%	47.1%	43.5%	51.7%	49.5%	34.1%
knowledge of			(n=89)	(n=117)	(n=49)	(n=1,402)	(n=1,971)	(n=1,979)	(n=2,321)
<b>English and French</b>	unilingual English	33.0%	58.7%	41.6%	36.8%	48.9%	49.8%	48.1%	37.2%
	unilingual English	(n=54)	(n=55)	(n=64)	(n=24)	(n=569)	(n=736)	(n=718)	(n=728)
Tot	tal	45.3%	59.2%	53.4%	43.5%	46.9%	51.3%	49.2%	34.8%
100	ıaı	(n=162)	(n=145)	(n=181)	(n=73)	(n=2,624)	(n=2,718)	(n=2,697)	(n=3,054)

### **Column and Row Headings**

#### Rows

The responses in the table are further delineated by four variables: **gender**, **age**, **household income and knowledge of French and English** as indicated by the row headings. In this example, the proportion of respondents who used the services of a CLSC in the past twelve months is indicated for each variable and survey year by the given percentage. Percentages are not reported where fewer than 10 respondents would be indicated. The total number of respondents who answered a particular question is given beneath each percentage in the form (n=).

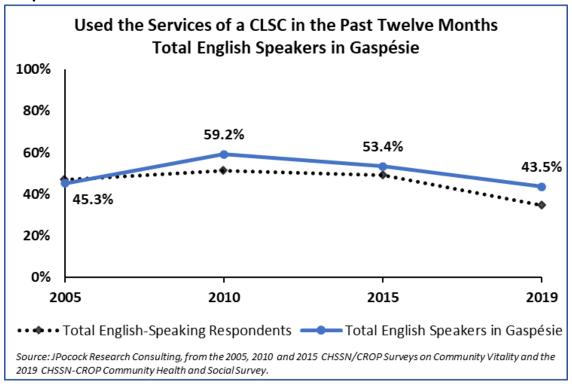
The total number of respondents for a given survey period and RTS or provincial territory is provided in the row entitled **Total** at the bottom of the table. For example, the table above shows that a total of 162 Gaspésians answered the question on the use of CLSC services in the past 12 months. Of these, 45.3% answered "yes" to the question. Among the variables, the table also reveals that 70 male Gaspésians answered this question with 51.8% of them answering "yes".

#### Columns

The data is presented in two main blocks: one for the region under study (RTS Gaspésie in the table above) and the other for the English-speaking provincial total (weighted data for all English-speaking respondents).

Within each block, data is presented for the four survey years: **2005/2010/2015/2019**. In this example, in 2005, 39.6% of female Gaspésie respondents had used the services of a CLSC compared to 47.2% of the total female English-speaking sample of the same year. The same table tells us that in 2010, 58.6% of female Gaspésie respondents had used the services of a CLSC compared to 52.5% of the total female English-speaking sample of the same year.

### **Graphs**



In the graph above, the solid line presents the percentage of English speakers in the Gaspésie who used the services of a CLSC in 2005, 2010, 2015 and 2019. Points on the line are not shown for years where the number of respondents to the given question was too low to report. In this example, 45.3% of Gaspésians used CLSC services in 2005, 59.2% used these services in 2010, 53.4% used these services in 2015 and 43.5% used CLSC services in 2019.

The dotted line presents the findings for the four survey years for all English-speaking survey respondents across Québec who said "yes" they had used the services of a CLSC.

## 2.5 Size and Proportion of English-speaking Population, by Health Region, 2001-2016

The accompanying table surveys the size and proportion of the English-speaking population comparing 2001, 2006, 2011 and 2016. The greater Montréal region (including Laval and Montérégie) experienced solid growth over the past 10 years as did Nord-du-Québec. Most other regions experienced either modest growth or may even have declined in numbers and percentage over this period.

Health Region	Size of th	ne English-	Speaking Po	pulation	English Speakers as a Proportion of Regional Population					
	2001	2006	2011	2016	2001	2006	2011	2016		
Bas-Saint-Laurent	829	1,295	841	1,085	0.4%	0.7%	0.4%	0.6%		
Saguenay - Lac-Saint-Jean	1,765	1,830	1,536	1,975	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%		
Capitale-Nationale	11,065	11,840	12,666	14,210	1.8%	1.8%	1.9%	2.0%		
Mauricie et Centre-du-Québec	4,885	4,995	5,392	5,805	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	1.2%		
Estrie	23,390	23,580	22,577	37,015	8.4%	8.0%	7.5%	8.1%		
Outaouais	53,945	58,720	65,604	70,580	17.2%	17.4%	18.0%	18.7%		
Abitibi-Témiscamingue	5,315	5,355	4,914	5,160	3.7%	3.8%	3.4%	3.6%		
Côte-Nord	5,740	5,630	5,093	5,175	5.9%	5.9%	5.5%	5.7%		
Nord-du-Québec*	14,385	16,945	20,480	23,340	37.4%	42.8%	48.3%	53.2%		
Gaspésie - Îles-de-la-Madeleine	9,740	9,505	9,401	8,790	10.2%	10.2%	10.2%	10.0%		
Chaudière-Appalaches	2,685	3,705	3,114	3,755	0.7%	1.0%	0.8%	0.9%		
Lanaudière	8,215	10,115	11,561	14,215	2.1%	2.4%	2.5%	2.9%		
Laurentides	30,565	33,175	34,680	37,555	6.7%	6.6%	6.3%	6.5%		
Montérégie	129,125	143,645	155,636	156,005	10.2%	10.7%	11.0%	11.8%		
Montréal	563,940	595,920	610,700	622,160	31.6%	32.7%	33.1%	32.8%		
Laval	53,385	68,640	82,255	91,115	15.7%	18.8%	20.9%	22.2%		
Québec (province)	918,955	994,720	1,046,495	1,097,920	12.9%	13.4%	13.5%	13.8%		

Source: Statistics Canada, 2001, 2006, 2011 and 2016 Census of Canada. The linguistic concept used is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses proportionately distributed between the English and the French.

\*Includes the First Nations population of the health region of Terres-Cries-de-la-Baie-James and the population of the health region of Nunavik.

# 2.6 Satisfaction with the Availability of Local Health and Social Services in English by RTS Territory

# Satisfaction with the Availability of Local Health and Social Services in English English Speakers in Québec by RTS, 2005-2019

Region	Ro	esponde	ent Cour	nt	Sa	atisfied/Tot	ally Satisfie	ed
	2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
RTS de la Capitale-Nationale	103	90	64	142	25.2%	39.8%	27.5%	33.2%
RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke	342	345	349	101	47.7%	45.0%	41.3%	30.7%
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	421	433	421	452	56.9%	58.2%	54.3%	59.7%
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	189	204	250	419	56.5%	64.4%	49.3%	69.9%
RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	108	88	82	203	45.5%	48.7%	48.3%	48.8%
RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	83	98	87	214	40.5%	39.5%	43.7%	51.5%
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	120	141	84	189	29.0%	27.8%	27.4%	30.2%
RTS de l'Outaouais	193	201	196	179	40.8%	46.0%	44.0%	37.4%
RTS de la Gaspésie	158	140	177	68	44.8%	35.4%	46.1%	58.8%
RTS de Laval	226	245	251	227	27.0%	31.6%	22.5%	28.2%
RTS de Lanaudière	82	68	81	62	13.8%	26.5%	18.7%	32.1%
RTS des Laurentides	158	147	148	94	38.9%	34.6%	27.2%	33.1%
RTS de la Montérégie-Centre	79	115	103	128	33.5%	40.2%	33.3%	41.9%
RTS de la Montérégie-Est	10	13	11	66	11.4%	24.4%	25.1%	32.9%
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest	247	297	329	222	50.5%	41.8%	35.2%	36.4%
Total	2519	2625	2633	2766	45.7%	47.0%	42.3%	48.8%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.

# 3 Regional Profile of RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

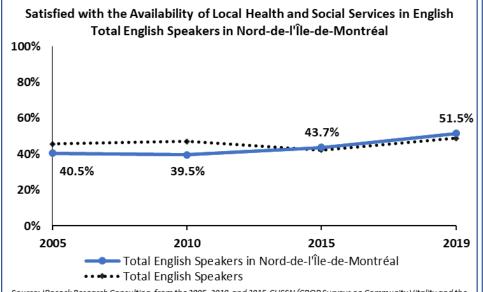
# 3.1 Satisfaction with the Availability of Local Health and Social Services in English

# Satisfied with the Availability of Local Health and Social Services in English English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

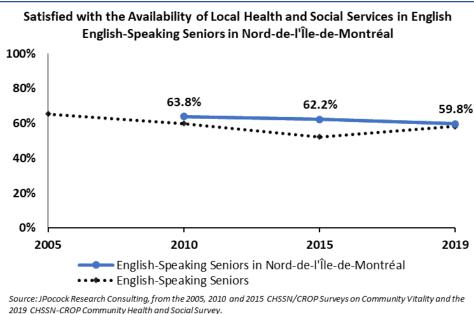
Var	iable	English S	peakers o Mon		e-l'Île-de-	To	otal Englis	sh Speake	rs
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
gender	male	19.0% (n=37)	45.5% (n=39)	29.3% (n=36)	59.5% (n=80)	48.1% (n=1058)	51.0% (n=1093)	44.5% (n=1035)	51.9% (n=1074)
genuei	female	29.5% (n=46)	36.5% (n=59)	56.1% (n=51)	43.7% (n=134)	43.2% (n=1461)	45.0% (n=1532)	40.1% (n=1598)	45.9% (n=1692)
	18-24 years	- (n=5)	- (n=6)	- (n=2)	- (n=9)	40.4% (n=116)	51.9% (n=70)	58.2% (n=61)	65.4% (n=60)
age	25-44 years	37.3% (n=42)	44.1% (n=38)	45.0% (n=23)	60.7% (n=28)	41.0% (n=864)	38.6% (n=671)	36.8% (n=455)	45.4% (n=317)
age	45-64 years	34.7% (n=28)	31.6% (n=40)	39.3% (n=50)	39.3% (n=110)	42.4% (n=1013)	45.4% (n=1212)	39.6% (n=1280)	43.7% (n=1255)
	65 years and over	- (n=8)	63.8% (n=14)	62.2% (n=12)	59.8% (n=67)	65.4% (n=526)	59.9% (n=672)	52.3% (n=837)	58.4% (n=1134)
	less than \$30k	30.6% (n=22)	28.0% (n=20)	38.7% (n=11)	55.4% (n=34)	46.0% (n=476)	47.9% (n=413)	46.9% (n=398)	54.2% (n=387)
household income	\$30-70k	40.4% (n=29)	50.4% (n=31)	35.4% (n=28)	59.7% (n=58)	47.4% (n=888)	45.2% (n=847)	40.7% (n=878)	49.9% (n=730)
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)	20.7% (n=14)	- (n=9)	26.8% (n=32)	41.5% (n=349)	43.4% (n=350)	41.8% (n=351)	43.6% (n=376)
	\$100k and over	- (n=5)	39.5% (n=12)	48.6% (n=20)	53.0% (n=32)	39.5% (n=333)	49.9% (n=433)	38.6% (n=548)	48.7% (n=594)
knowledge of	bilingual	33.7% (n=53)	35.3% (n=80)	44.3% (n=74)	55.5% (n=170)	45.3% (n=1335)	45.7% (n=1898)	41.4% (n=1927)	48.5% (n=2075)
English and French	unilingual English	68.0% (n=13)	61.0% (n=18)	40.8% (n=13)	35.3% (n=44)	51.0% (n=550)	50.6% (n=716)	45.1% (n=706)	49.7% (n=686)
To	otal	<b>40.5%</b> (n=83)	<b>39.5%</b> (n=98)	<b>43.7%</b> (n=87)	<b>51.5%</b> (n=214)	<b>45.7%</b> (n=2519)	<b>47.0%</b> (n=2625)	<b>42.3%</b> (n=2633)	<b>48.8%</b> (n=2766)

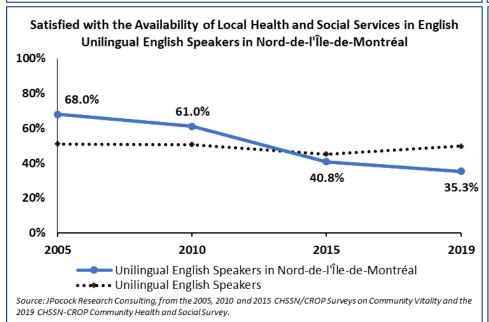
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey. In this table, (n=) indicates the total count of respondents who answered a given question while the percentage indicates the weighted proportion of those respondents who answered postively. Ratings of satisfaction were given on a scale of one to five where 1 was 'totally unsatisfied' and 5 was 'totally satisfied'. 'Satisfied' was derived by combining four and five.

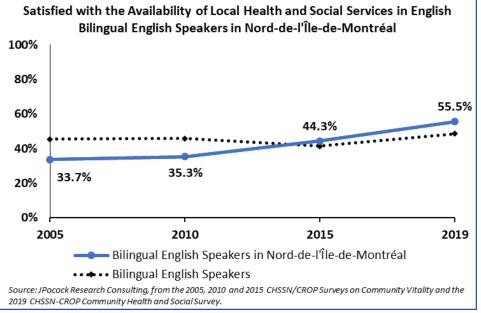
### 3.1 Satisfaction with the Availability of Local Health and Social Services in English – Graphs



 $Source: JPocock\ Research\ Consulting, from\ the\ 2005,\ 2010\ \ and\ 2015\ \ CHSSN/CROP\ Surveys\ on\ Community\ Vitality\ and\ the\ 2019\ \ CHSSN-CROP\ Community\ Health\ and\ Social\ Survey.$ 







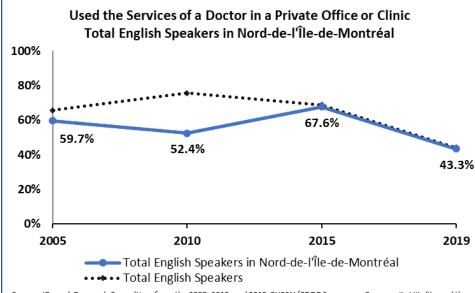
### 3.2 Services of a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic

### 3.2.1 Used the Services of a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic in the Past Twelve Months

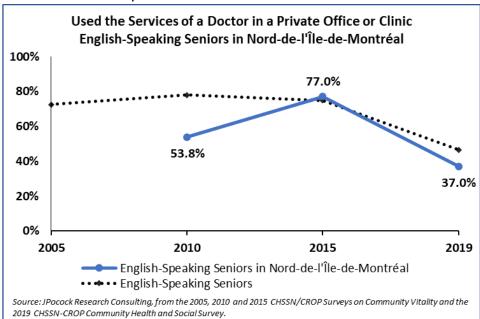
## Used the Services of a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic in the Past Twelve Months English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

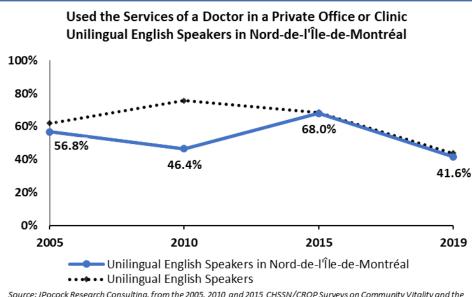
Varia	able	English S	Speakers o Mon		l'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
gender	male	58.2% (n=39)	49.4% (n=41)	70.1% (n=37)	36.9% (n=90)	64.1% (n=1108)	74.8% (n=1135)	67.6% (n=1065)	44.1% (n=1179)	
genuei	female	61.3% (n=50)	54.0% (n=59)	65.5% (n=53)	49.3% (n=153)	67.3% (n=1516)	76.0% (n=1591)	69.9% (n=1648)	44.1% (n=1880)	
	18-24 years	- (n=5)	- (n=6)	- (n=2)	- (n=10)	59.6% (n=124)	68.2% (n=70)	53.4% (n=64)	42.0% (n=64)	
age	25-44 years	45.0% (n=45)	52.4% (n=40)	69.4% (n=23)	43.4% (n=30)	60.2% (n=894)	71.2% (n=697)	68.0% (n=470)	39.6% (n=340)	
age	45-64 years	81.9% (n=31)	51.9% (n=41)	63.9% (n=53)	50.0% (n=123)	69.7% (n=1055)	76.1% (n=1261)	69.4% (n=1312)	47.1% (n=1377)	
	65 years and over	- (n=8)	53.8% (n=13)	77.0% (n=12)	37.0% (n=80)	72.5% (n=551)	77.9% (n=698)	74.9% (n=867)	46.5% (n=1278)	
	less than \$30k	70.4% (n=23)	36.9% (n=21)	84.0% (n=11)	26.7% (n=40)	61.0% (n=505)	72.9% (n=431)	66.9% (n=407)	37.2% (n=431)	
household income	\$30-70k	47.4% (n=33)	55.9% (n=32)	58.3% (n=29)	40.1% (n=63)	65.7% (n=910)	76.1% (n=868)	66.7% (n=910)	43.5% (n=798)	
nousenoiu income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)	64.0% (n=14)	- (n=10)	47.2% (n=35)	66.8% (n=363)	76.9% (n=364)	70.1% (n=361)	45.8% (n=412)	
	\$100k and over	- (n=6)	44.6% (n=13)	68.6% (n=20)	49.3% (n=37)	74.1% (n=346)	78.4% (n=448)	71.2% (n=565)	49.6% (n=655)	
knowledge of	bilingual	57.8% (n=58)	53.5% (n=83)	67.5% (n=77)	43.7% (n=194)	64.3% (n=1399)	75.6% (n=1979)	68.9% (n=1986)	44.2% (n=2327)	
English and French	unilingual English	56.8% (n=13)	46.4% (n=17)	68.0% (n=13)	41.6% (n=49)	61.9% (n=573)	75.6% (n=737)	68.6% (n=727)	43.8% (n=728)	
Tot	tal	<b>59.7%</b> (n=89)	<b>52.4%</b> (n=100)	<b>67.6%</b> (n=90)	<b>43.3%</b> (n=243)	43.3% 65.7% 75.6% 68.8%		<b>68.8%</b> (n=2713)	<b>44.1%</b> (n=3059)	

### 3.2.1 Used the Services of a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic in the Past Twelve Months – Graphs

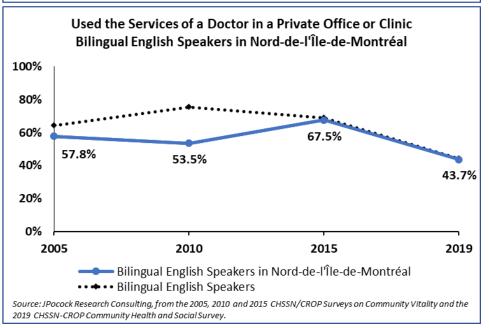


 $Source: JPocock\ Research\ Consulting, from\ the\ 2005,\ 2010\ \ and\ 2015\ \ CHSSN/CROP\ Surveys\ on\ Community\ Vitality\ and\ the\ 2019\ \ CHSSN-CROP\ Community\ Health\ and\ Social\ Survey.$ 





Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.

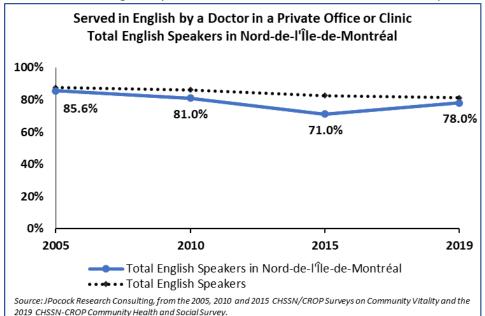


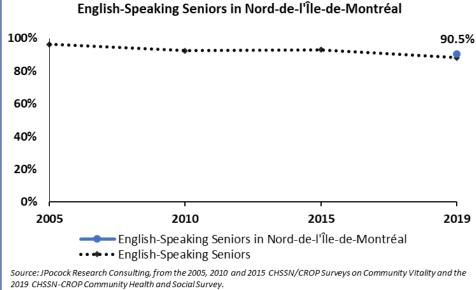
## 3.2.2 Served in English by a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic

# Served in English by a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

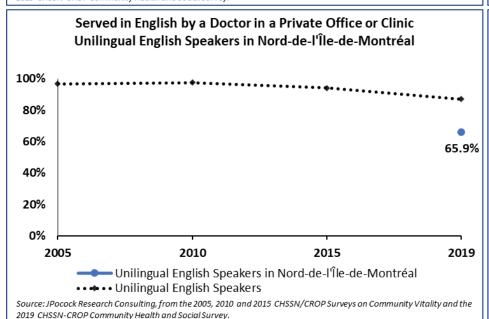
Varia	able	English S	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
	male	81.4%	74.5%	73.5%	73.9%	88.5%	84.3%	80.9%	78.7%	
gender	mare	(n=23)	(n=20)	(n=26)	(n=38)	(n=713)	(n=814)	(n=730)	(n=559)	
Schaci	female	90.2%	83.8%	68.8%	80.8%	86.5%	87.0%	84.1%	83.7%	
	Terriare	(n=28)	(n=32)	(n=31)	(n=69)	(n=1014)	(n=1177)	(n=1140)	(n=843)	
	18-24 years	-	-	-	-	86.3%	71.9%	72.4%	76.3%	
	10-24 years	(n=2)	(n=4)	(n=1)	(n=1)	(n=66)	(n=44)	(n=33)	(n=29)	
	25-44 years	85.2%	89.9%	68.2%	71.7%	85.1%	77.7%	77.4%	75.3%	
200	25-44 years	(n=22)	(n=19)	(n=15)	(n=14)	(n=564)	(n=475)	(n=318)	(n=135)	
age	AE 64 voors	81.2%	72.2%	71.6%	78.1%	85.6%	86.4%	83.2%	82.8%	
	45-64 years	(n=24)	(n=21)	(n=33)	(n=60)	(n=709)	(n=930)	(n=889)	(n=635)	
	65 years and over	-	-	-	90.5%	96.3%	92.5%	93.0%	88.1%	
		(n=3)	(n=8)	(n=8)	(n=32)	(n=388)	(n=542)	(n=630)	(n=603)	
	less than \$30k	94.2%	-	-	84.1%	91.6%	87.6%	81.7%	78.4%	
	1622 HIGH 320K	(n=15)	(n=8)	(n=8)	(n=14)	(n=307)	(n=303)	(n=271)	(n=165)	
	\$30-70k	91.5%	77.3%	59.1%	86.9%	87.9%	85.0%	80.3%	83.7%	
household income	\$50-70K	(n=16)	(n=18)	(n=16)	(n=24)	(n=600)	(n=648)	(n=625)	(n=354)	
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	-	-	-	81.3%	82.0%	83.2%	77.6%	85.0%	
	370-100K	(n=6)	(n=9)	(n=7)	(n=19)	(n=255)	(n=269)	(n=253)	(n=207)	
	\$100k and over	-	-	91.1%	58.0%	88.4%	85.2%	85.5%	76.3%	
	STOOK alla ovel	(n=5)	(n=6)	(n=12)	(n=19)	(n=252)	(n=337)	(n=407)	(n=335)	
	bilingual	82.3%	80.8%	67.9%	80.7%	84.8%	81.8%	79.0%	79.7%	
knowledge of	Diiiiiguai	(n=32)	(n=43)	(n=50)	(n=87)	(n=917)	(n=1435)	(n=1379)	(n=1083)	
<b>English and French</b>	unilingual English	-	-	-	65.9%	96.7%	97.5%	94.1%	87.0%	
	unilingual English		(n=9)	(n=7)	(n=20)	(n=355)	(n=547)	(n=491)	(n=317)	
Tot	tal	85.6%	81.0%	71.0%	78.0%	87.5%	86.1%	82.5%	81.3%	
101	ıaı	(n=51)	(n=52)	(n=57)	(n=107)	(n=1727)	(n=1991)	(n=1870)	(n=1402)	

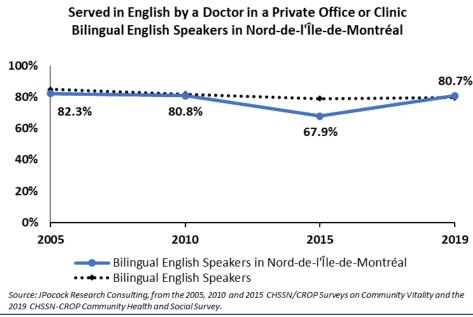
#### 3.2.2 Served in English by a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic – Graphs





Served in English by a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic



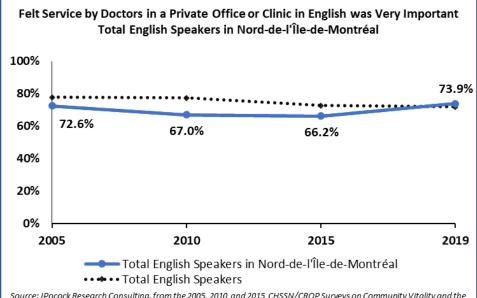


### 3.2.3 Felt Service by a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic in English was Very Important

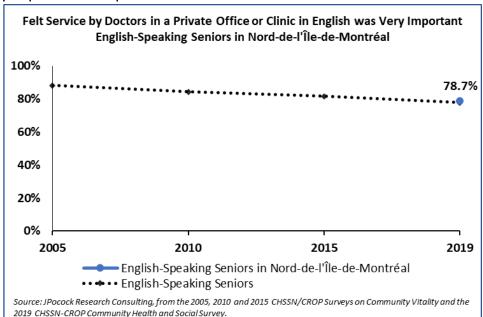
# Felt Service by Doctors in a Private Office or Clinic in English was Very Important English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

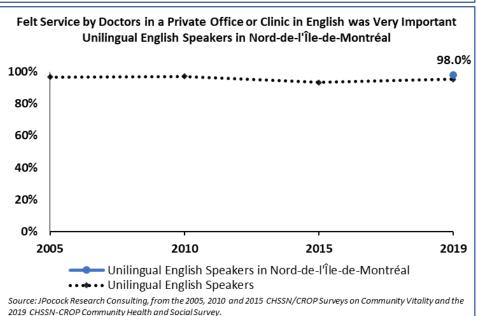
Varia	able	English S	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
	male	60.1%	65.4%	71.2%	77.7%	74.3%	71.4%	67.1%	67.5%	
gender	mare	(n=23)	(n=22)	(n=25)	(n=38)	(n=716)	(n=816)	(n=722)	(n=553)	
Schaci	female	86.1%	67.8%	61.7%	71.2%	81.1%	80.3%	78.0%	76.1%	
	Terriare	(n=27)	(n=31)	(n=31)	(n=66)	(n=1011)	(n=1175)	(n=1141)	(n=836)	
	18-24 years	-	-	-	-	69.6%	45.5%	67.7%	48.3%	
	10-24 years	(n=2)	(n=4)	(n=1)	(n=1)	(n=66)	(n=43)	(n=32)	(n=28)	
	25-44 years	72.3%	61.3%	75.0%	72.6%	75.9%	70.3%	68.3%	70.0%	
200	25-44 years	(n=21)	(n=21)	(n=15)	(n=14)	(n=563)	(n=475)	(n=315)	(n=133)	
age	45 C4 ve e re	72.4%	72.2%	60.9%	71.6%	76.0%	77.3%	73.0%	74.1%	
	45-64 years	(n=24)	(n=21)	(n=32)	(n=58)	(n=714)	(n=932)	(n=888)	(n=629)	
	65 years and over	-	-	-	78.7%	88.2%	84.3%	81.6%	77.7%	
		(n=3)	(n=7)	(n=8)	(n=31)	(n=384)	(n=541)	(n=628)	(n=599)	
	less than \$30k	76.2%	-	-	66.8%	84.3%	81.2%	84.0%	78.3%	
	1622 HIGH SOOK	(n=15)	(n=7)	(n=7)	(n=14)	(n=307)	(n=302)	(n=266)	(n=164)	
	¢20.70k	72.8%	76.6%	66.3%	83.7%	79.3%	77.6%	73.3%	75.3%	
household income	\$30-70k	(n=15)	(n=19)	(n=16)	(n=23)	(n=599)	(n=649)	(n=629)	(n=349)	
household income	¢70 100k	-	-	-	82.0%	68.1%	74.1%	66.2%	73.4%	
	\$70-100k	(n=6)	(n=9)	(n=7)	(n=19)	(n=254)	(n=268)	(n=253)	(n=205)	
	¢100k and over	-	-	91.1%	60.9%	75.6%	72.5%	67.0%	66.5%	
	\$100k and over	(n=5)	(n=6)	(n=12)	(n=18)	(n=253)	(n=337)	(n=400)	(n=333)	
	hilingual	67.8%	64.0%	64.5%	68.4%	69.8%	70.0%	66.4%	65.4%	
knowledge of	bilingual	(n=32)	(n=44)	(n=49)	(n=84)	(n=918)	(n=1437)	(n=1368)	(n=1071)	
<b>English and French</b>	unilingual English	-	-	-	98.0%	96.7%	97.1%	93.4%	95.3%	
	unilingual English		(n=9)	(n=7)	(n=20)	(n=353)	(n=545)	(n=495)	(n=316)	
Tot	tal .	72.6%	67.0%	66.2%	73.9%	77.7%	77.5%	72.8%	72.0%	
Tot	Lai	(n=50)	(n=53)	(n=56)	(n=104)	(n=1727)	(n=1991)	(n=1863)	(n=1389)	

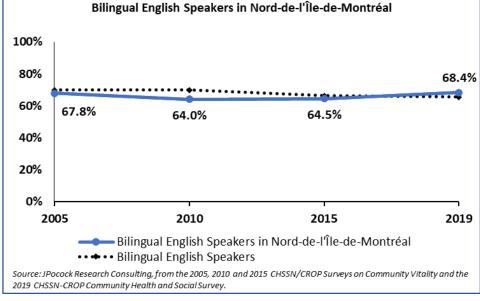
### 3.2.3 Felt Service by a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic in English was Very Important – Graphs



Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.







Felt Service by Doctors in a Private Office or Clinic in English was Very Important

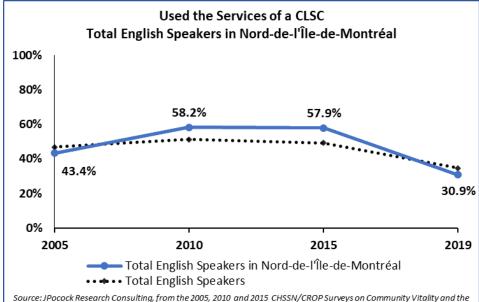
### 3.3 CLSC Services

### 3.3.1 Used the Services of a CLSC in the Past Twelve Months

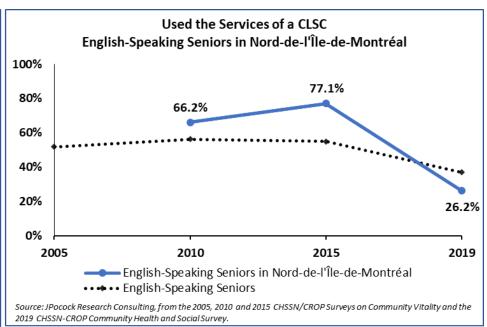
# Used the Services of a CLSC in the Past Twelve Months English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

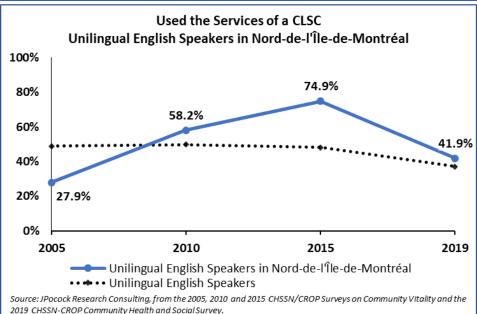
Var	iable	English S	peakers o Mon		e-l'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
gender	male	46.7% (n=39)	57.8% (n=41)	60.2% (n=37)	29.1% (n=90)	46.6% (n=1107)	49.1% (n=1135)	46.6% (n=1054)	33.3% (n=1179)	
genuei	female	39.6% (n=50)	58.5% (n=59)	55.8% (n=52)	32.5% (n=153)	47.2% (n=1517)	52.5% (n=1583)	51.6% (n=1643)	36.1% (n=1875)	
	18-24 years	- (n=5)	- (n=6)	- (n=2)	- (n=10)	45.8% (n=125)	58.5% (n=69)	35.8% (n=63)	15.1% (n=63)	
age	25-44 years	43.2% (n=45)	51.7% (n=40)	51.6% (n=22)	40.7% (n=30)	46.9% (n=895)	55.2% (n=696)	49.2% (n=465)	38.2% (n=339)	
age	45-64 years	42.9% (n=31)	63.3% (n=40)	62.6% (n=53)	25.8% (n=123)	44.9% (n=1053)	48.7% (n=1256)	48.7% (n=1307)	34.0% (n=1376)	
	65 years and over	- (n=8)	66.2% (n=14)	77.1% (n=12)	26.2% (n=80)	51.8% (n=551)	56.3% (n=697)	54.9% (n=862)	36.9% (n=1276)	
	less than \$30k	50.2% (n=23)	74.0% (n=21)	78.1% (n=11)	27.5% (n=40)	53.2% (n=504)	57.0% (n=429)	51.1% (n=405)	37.3% (n=429)	
household income	\$30-70k	43.3% (n=33)	57.2% (n=32)	52.4% (n=28)	23.5% (n=63)	48.4% (n=912)	52.5% (n=866)	51.5% (n=901)	32.7% (n=799)	
nousenoia income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)	55.6% (n=14)	- (n=10)	28.7% (n=35)	51.4% (n=361)	51.2% (n=364)	47.1% (n=361)	34.2% (n=413)	
	\$100k and over	- (n=6)	55.6% (n=12)	52.5% (n=20)	48.1% (n=37)	41.9% (n=345)	42.1% (n=446)	46.2% (n=563)	37.2% (n=653)	
knowledge of	bilingual	42.5% (n=58)	58.3% (n=82)	54.6% (n=76)	28.3% (n=194)	43.5% (n=1402)	51.7% (n=1971)	49.5% (n=1979)	34.1% (n=2321)	
English and French	unilingual English	27.9% (n=13)	58.2% (n=18)	74.9% (n=13)	41.9% (n=49)	48.9% (n=569)	49.8% (n=736)	48.1% (n=718)	37.2% (n=728)	
Total		<b>43.4%</b> (n=89)	<b>58.2%</b> (n=100)	<b>57.9%</b> (n=89)	<b>30.9%</b> (n=243)	<b>46.9%</b> (n=2624)	<b>51.3%</b> (n=2718)	<b>49.2%</b> (n=2697)	<b>34.8%</b> (n=3054)	

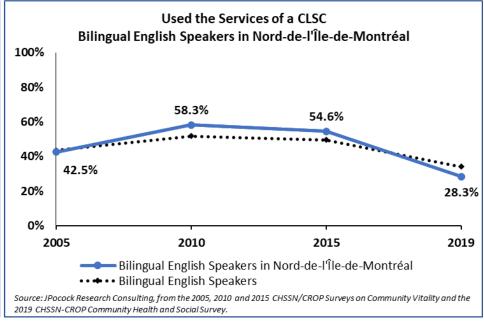
#### 3.3.1 Used the Services of a CLSC in the Past Twelve Months – Graphs



Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.





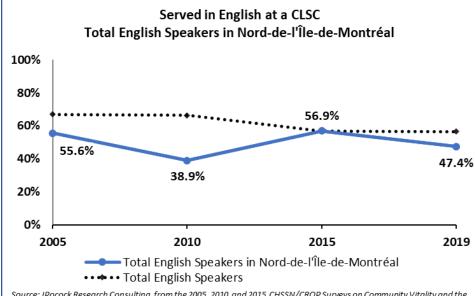


### 3.3.2 Served in English at a CLSC

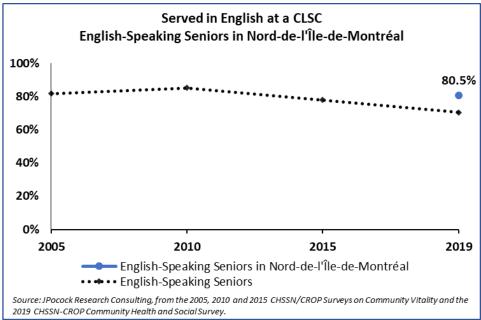
# Served in English at a CLSC English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

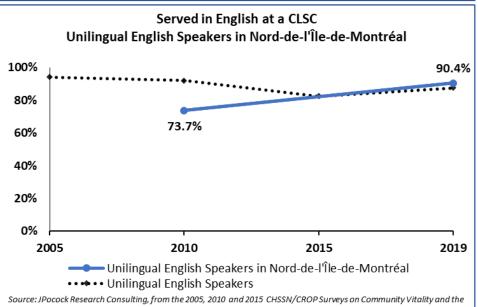
Varia	able	English S	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	-	Total Englis	sh Speaker	S
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
	male	57.0% (n=19)	47.4% (n=24)	65.4% (n=21)	58.3% (n=24)	67.9% (n=493)	66.0% (n=557)	59.3% (n=522)	57.6% (n=395)
gender	female	53.6% (n=20)	34.5% (n=34)	48.0% (n=27)	36.0% (n=45)	66.1% (n=730)	66.6% (n=832)	54.7% (n=865)	55.6% (n=676)
	18-24 years	- (n=3)	- (n=4)	- (n=)	- (n=2)	62.5% (n=54)	46.5% (n=36)	73.3% (n=23)	70.6% (n=11)
	25-44 years	44.5% (n=19)	40.9% (n=20)	- (n=10)	39.9% (n=11)	61.1% (n=437)	46.6% (n=378)	42.5% (n=238)	45.7% (n=135)
age	45-64 years	55.2% (n=14)	33.7% (n=25)	62.0% (n=29)	38.7% (n=34)	66.7% (n=465)	66.3% (n=590)	56.8% (n=653)	58.0% (n=474)
	65 years and over	- (n=3)	- (n=9)	- (n=9)	80.5% (n=22)	81.7% (n=267)	85.1% (n=385)	77.9% (n=473)	70.3% (n=451)
	less than \$30k	- (n=10)	33.8% (n=14)	- (n=8)	48.2% (n=12)	78.1% (n=248)	73.5% (n=239)	66.2% (n=214)	71.3% (n=148)
household income	\$30-70k	62.6% (n=14)	48.4% (n=19)	68.6% (n=13)	53.0% (n=18)	67.6% (n=452)	69.3% (n=452)	60.9% (n=498)	57.3% (n=288)
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	- (n=5)	- (n=8)	- (n=6)	- (n=5)	61.9% (n=177)	58.8% (n=190)	44.8% (n=182)	47.8% (n=140)
	\$100k and over	- (n=5)	- (n=7)	- (n=8)	50.8% (n=14)	62.4% (n=134)	55.8% (n=197)	44.6% (n=251)	49.2% (n=220)
knowledge of	bilingual	47.4% (n=25)	32.1% (n=47)	51.2% (n=39)	30.1% (n=53)	56.2% (n=648)	57.1% (n=1004)	49.2% (n=1014)	47.2% (n=835)
English and French	unilingual English	- (n=4)	73.7% (n=11)	- (n=9)	90.4% (n=16)	94.2% (n=265)	92.0% (n=377)	82.5% (n=373)	87.6% (n=234)
Total		<b>55.6%</b> (n=39)	<b>38.9%</b> (n=58)	<b>56.9%</b> (n=48)	<b>47.4%</b> (n=69)	<b>67.0%</b> (n=1223)	<b>66.4%</b> (n=1389)	<b>56.8%</b> (n=1387)	<b>56.5%</b> (n=1071)

### 3.3.2 Served in English at a CLSC – Graphs

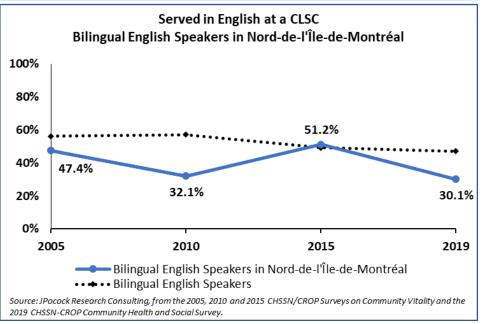


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.





2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.

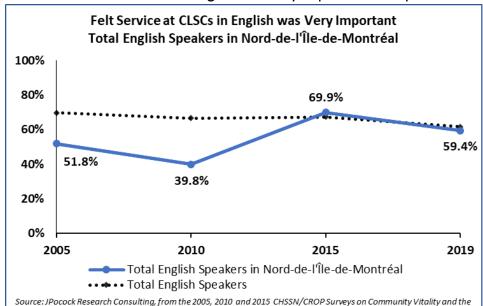


### 3.3.3 Felt Service at CLSCs in English was Very Important

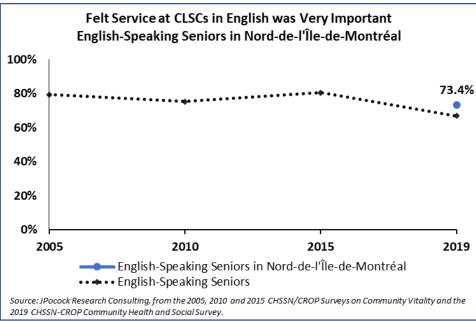
# Felt Service at CLSCs in English was Very Important English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

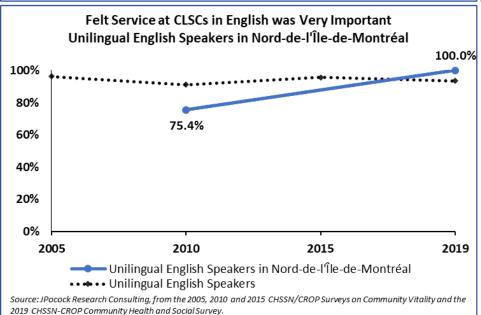
Varia	able	English S	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
	male	48.6%	37.0%	79.2%	57.0%	66.2%	57.3%	64.2%	56.3%	
gender		(n=19)	(n=25)	(n=21)	(n=23)	(n=501)	(n=564)	(n=521)	(n=388)	
80	female	56.1%	41.3%	60.6%	61.8%	73.1%	70.7%	70.1%	66.1%	
		(n=21)	(n=34)	(n=29)	(n=45)	(n=737)	(n=845)	(n=878)	(n=667)	
	18-24 years	-	-	-	-	67.7%	37.8%	57.6%	66.9%	
	10 24 years	(n=3)	(n=4)	(n=)	(n=2)	(n=56)	(n=36)	(n=23)	(n=11)	
	25-44 years	34.5%	28.4%	-	59.2%	63.6%	57.2%	65.0%	57.8%	
200	23-44 years	(n=20)	(n=21)	(n=10)	(n=11)	(n=438)	(n=386)	(n=239)	(n=135)	
age	AE 64 years	62.8%	44.4%	69.6%	53.7%	71.5%	66.6%	63.8%	61.9%	
	45-64 years	(n=14)	(n=25)	(n=31)	(n=34)	(n=473)	(n=600)	(n=661)	(n=469)	
	65 years and over	-	-	-	73.4%	79.4%	75.3%	80.5%	66.8%	
		(n=3)	(n=9)	(n=9)	(n=21)	(n=271)	(n=387)	(n=476)	(n=440)	
	loce than \$20k	27.1%	67.5%	-	71.6%	75.8%	72.5%	78.3%	75.4%	
	less than \$30k	(n=11)	(n=14)	(n=8)	(n=11)	(n=252)	(n=241)	(n=217)	(n=145)	
	¢20.70k	63.8%	27.5%	59.1%	57.2%	71.9%	65.0%	71.6%	63.3%	
haveahald income	\$30-70k	(n=14)	(n=19)	(n=14)	(n=18)	(n=459)	(n=454)	(n=493)	(n=285)	
household income	¢70.400k	-	-	-	-	57.8%	64.4%	48.8%	53.4%	
	\$70-100k	(n=5)	(n=8)	(n=7)	(n=5)	(n=180)	(n=193)	(n=187)	(n=138)	
	¢100l. and area	-	-	-	55.4%	66.8%	55.2%	56.0%	52.5%	
	\$100k and over	(n=5)	(n=7)	(n=8)	(n=14)	(n=137)	(n=201)	(n=253)	(n=219)	
	hilingual	43.8%	32.9%	61.7%	42.8%	58.1%	57.3%	59.0%	51.9%	
knowledge of	bilingual	(n=26)	(n=48)	(n=41)	(n=52)	(n=656)	(n=1020)	(n=1024)	(n=820)	
<b>English and French</b>	mailing and Fig. 1991.	_	75.4%	_	100.0%	96.2%	91.2%	95.6%	93.5%	
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	unilingual English	(n=4)	(n=11)	(n=9)	(n=16)	(n=268)	(n=380)	(n=375)	(n=233)	
Tot	tal	51.8%	39.8%	69.9%	59.4%	69.7%	66.5%	67.4%	61.6%	
Tot	ldi	(n=40)	(n=59)	(n=50)	(n=68)	(n=1238)	(n=1409)	(n=1399)	(n=1055)	

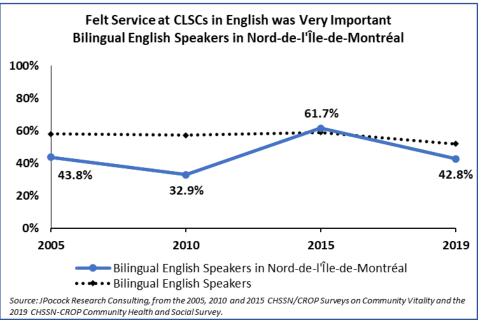
#### 3.3.3 Felt Service at CLSCs in English was Very Important – Graphs



2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.







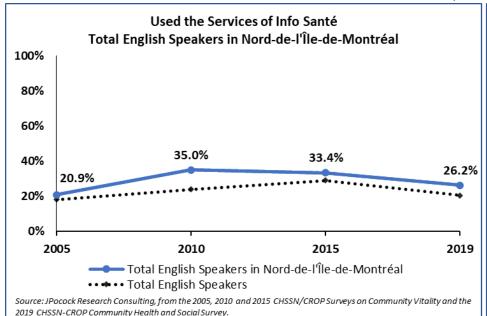
### 3.4 Info Santé Services

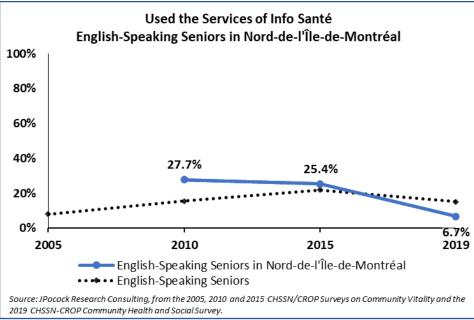
### 3.4.1 Used the Services of Info Santé in the Past Twelve Months

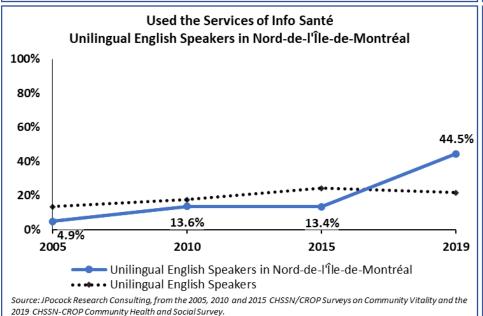
# Used the Services of Info Santé in the Past Twelve Months English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

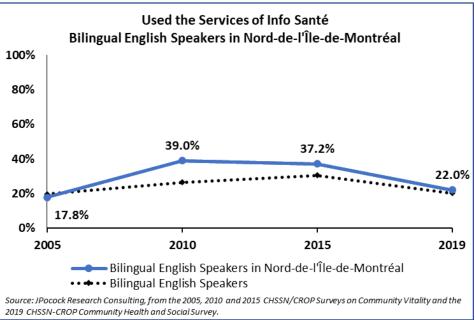
		English S	Speakers o	f Nord-de-	l'Île-de-			<u> </u>			
Varia	able			tréal		1	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019		
gender	male	10.7% (n=38)	37.2% (n=41)	41.4% (n=37)	24.7% (n=88)	14.2% (n=1097)	18.1% (n=1134)	27.6% (n=1044)	17.8% (n=1168)		
genuei	female	32.4% (n=49)	33.8% (n=60)	26.5% (n=53)	27.6% (n=151)	22.1% (n=1502)	26.9% (n=1578)	30.4% (n=1628)	23.1% (n=1851)		
	18-24 years	- (n=5)	- (n=6)	- (n=2)	- (n=10)	18.8% (n=124)	33.0% (n=69)	21.4% (n=62)	11.0% (n=63)		
200	25-44 years	22.4% (n=44)	38.5% (n=40)	45.4% (n=23)	41.0% (n=30)	24.8% (n=892)	40.6% (n=697)	39.9% (n=465)	29.9% (n=337)		
age	45-64 years	21.4% (n=30)	33.1% (n=41)	24.3% (n=53)	22.7% (n=122)	15.7% (n=1044)	21.7% (n=1258)	23.4% (n=1302)	16.9% (n=1370)		
	65 years and over	- (n=8)	27.7% (n=14)	25.4% (n=12)	6.7% (n=77)	8.1% (n=539)	15.5% (n=688)	22.0% (n=843)	15.2% (n=1249)		
	less than \$30k	12.9% (n=21)	28.3% (n=21)	7.9% (n=11)	8.2% (n=39)	15.8% (n=494)	21.4% (n=424)	28.6% (n=393)	17.7% (n=421)		
household income	\$30-70k	13.5% (n=33)	38.7% (n=32)	35.2% (n=29)	12.4% (n=63)	18.5% (n=905)	25.6% (n=870)	31.6% (n=900)	18.3% (n=789)		
nousenoia income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)	46.5% (n=14)	- (n=10)	31.7% (n=35)	21.2% (n=360)	25.0% (n=363)	27.9% (n=358)	25.1% (n=409)		
	\$100k and over	- (n=6)	42.4% (n=13)	25.1% (n=20)	47.7% (n=36)	20.8% (n=341)	23.1% (n=449)	29.2% (n=561)	25.2% (n=648)		
knowledge of	bilingual	17.8% (n=56)	39.0% (n=83)	37.2% (n=77)	22.0% (n=191)	19.6% (n=1394)	26.4% (n=1972)	30.5% (n=1965)	20.2% (n=2308)		
English and French	unilingual English	4.9% (n=13)	13.6% (n=18)	13.4% (n=13)	44.5% (n=48)	13.4% (n=562)	17.5% (n=729)	24.3% (n=707)	21.7% (n=706)		
Tot	tal	<b>20.9%</b> (n=87)	<b>35.0%</b> (n=101)	<b>33.4%</b> (n=90)	<b>26.2%</b> (n=239)	<b>18.2%</b> (n=2599)	<b>24.0%</b> (n=2712)	<b>29.0%</b> (n=2672)	<b>20.5%</b> (n=3019)		

#### 3.4.1 Used the Services of Info Santé in the Past Twelve Months – Graphs







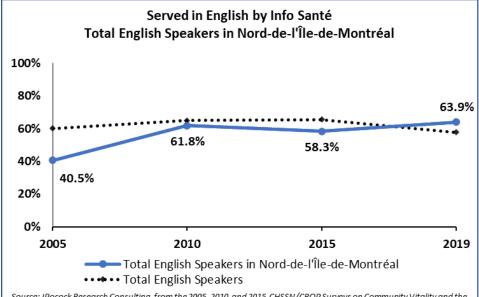


## 3.4.2 Served in English by Info Santé

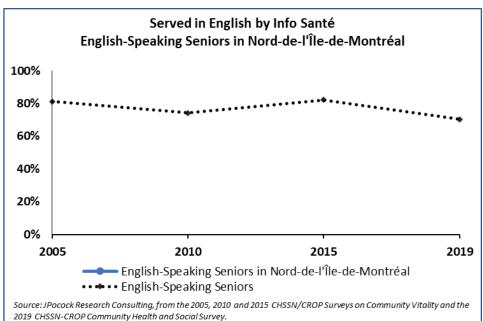
# Served in English by Info Santé English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

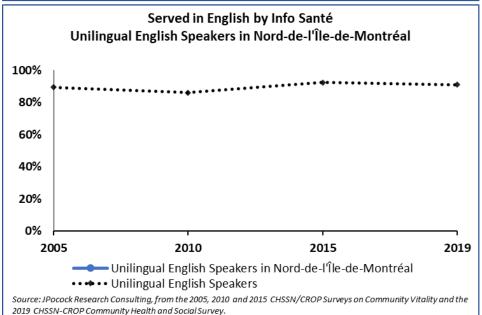
Varia	able	English S	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	7	Total Englis	sh Speaker	S
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
	male		68.5%	65.4%	85.8%	56.9%	62.8%	65.8%	61.0%
gender		(n=4)	(n=15)	(n=14)	(n=15)	(n=153)	(n=217)	(n=229)	(n=190)
<b>3</b>	female	36.1%	57.7%	-	45.3%	62.0%	65.7%	65.1%	55.3%
		(n=13)	(n=18)	(n=10)	(n=30)	(n=310)	(n=430)	(n=421)	(n=325)
	18-24 years	-	-	-	-	31.7%	58.5%	62.9%	-
	10 24 years	(n=2)	(n=1)	(n=)	(n=1)	(n=24)	(n=20)	(n=15)	(n=10)
	25-44 years	30.9%	70.5%	-	59.7%	57.1%	57.0%	63.4%	57.4%
age	25 44 years	(n=11)	(n=14)	(n=10)	(n=13)	(n=240)	(n=272)	(n=177)	(n=103)
age	AE CA voors	-	56.4%	62.5%	69.7%	68.1%	67.3%	61.9%	58.0%
	45-64 years	(n=4)	(n=14)	(n=11)	(n=25)	(n=154)	(n=259)	(n=292)	(n=231)
	6E years and over	-	-	-	-	81.2%	74.1%	82.2%	70.3%
	65 years and over	(n=)	(n=4)	(n=3)	(n=6)	(n=45)	(n=96)	(n=166)	(n=171)
	loce than \$20k	-	-	-	-	56.9%	73.1%	82.6%	89.0%
	less than \$30k	(n=2)	(n=6)	(n=1)	(n=4)	(n=81)	(n=90)	(n=94)	(n=68)
	¢20.70k	-	49.8%	-	-	58.9%	68.2%	70.3%	63.2%
harrahaldinaan	\$30-70k	(n=6)	(n=11)	(n=8)	(n=7)	(n=161)	(n=219)	(n=217)	(n=133)
household income	ć70.400l	-	-	-	-	53.7%	51.4%	46.5%	43.6%
	\$70-100k	(n=4)	(n=6)	(n=2)	(n=5)	(n=84)	(n=97)	(n=86)	(n=74)
	¢1001, and area	-	-	-	78.4%	67.7%	63.7%	56.4%	51.5%
	\$100k and over	(n=2)	(n=5)	(n=4)	(n=13)	(n=61)	(n=112)	(n=142)	(n=117)
	hilingual	21.0%	59.8%	58.0%	48.9%	55.7%	59.6%	58.8%	47.5%
knowledge of	nilingilai	(n=11)	(n=30)	(n=22)	(n=36)	(n=277)	(n=520)	(n=506)	(n=397)
<b>English and French</b>	eller et Freitele	-	-	-	-	89.3%	86.0%	92.3%	91.0%
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	unilingual English		(n=3)	(n=2)	(n=9)	(n=72)	(n=125)	(n=144)	(n=118)
Tal	t a l	40.5%	61.8%	58.3%	63.9%	60.0%	65.0%	65.4%	57.7%
Tot	ldi	(n=17)	(n=33)	(n=24)	(n=45)	(n=463)	(n=647)	(n=650)	(n=515)

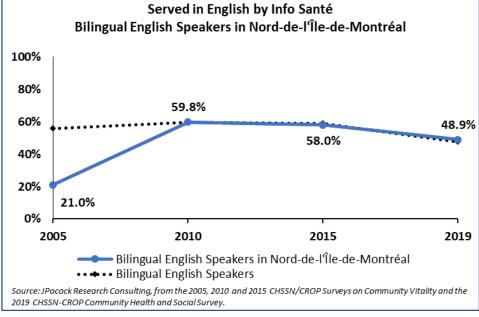
#### 3.4.2 Served in English by Info Santé – Graphs



Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.





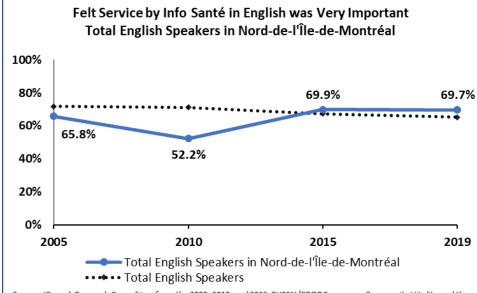


### 3.4.3 Felt Service by Info Santé in English was Very Important

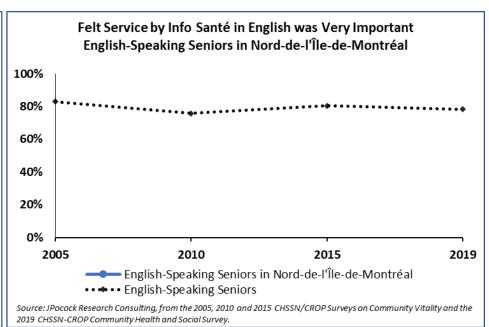
# Felt Service by Info Santé in English was Very Important English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

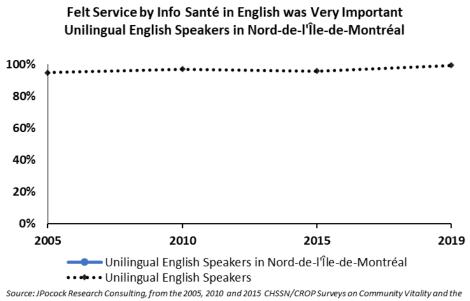
Varia	able	English S	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	7	Total Englis	sh Speakers	S
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
	male	- (n=4)	38.7% (n=15)	79.2% (n=21)	85.6% (n=15)	68.0% (n=157)	60.4% (n=224)	64.2% (n=521)	64.7% (n=189)
gender	female	64.9% (n=14)	60.1% (n=19)	60.6% (n=29)	56.2% (n=30)	74.1% (n=320)	74.6% (n=442)	70.1% (n=878)	65.4% (n=322)
	18-24 years	- (n=2)	- (n=1)	- (n=)	- (n=1)	41.2% (n=25)	76.3% (n=19)	57.6% (n=23)	- (n=10)
200	25-44 years	52.8% (n=11)	40.0% (n=15)	- (n=10)	65.6% (n=13)	66.7% (n=247)	64.0% (n=279)	65.0% (n=239)	62.9% (n=102)
age	45-64 years	- (n=5)	68.1% (n=14)	69.6% (n=31)	72.8% (n=25)	86.2% (n=160)	74.0% (n=266)	63.8% (n=661)	68.4% (n=230)
	65 years and over	- (n=)	- (n=4)	- (n=9)	- (n=6)	83.1% (n=45)	75.7% (n=102)	80.5% (n=476)	78.2% (n=169)
	less than \$30k	- (n=2)	- (n=6)	- (n=8)	- (n=4)	76.8% (n=83)	81.6% (n=90)	78.3% (n=217)	85.0% (n=67)
household income	\$30-70k	- (n=6)	41.1% (n=11)	59.1% (n=14)	- (n=7)	76.4% (n=166)	71.5% (n=225)	71.6% (n=493)	73.1% (n=133)
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	- (n=4)	- (n=6)	- (n=7)	- (n=5)	63.7% (n=86)	63.5% (n=100)	48.8% (n=187)	55.4% (n=73)
	\$100k and over	- (n=2)	- (n=6)	- (n=8)	78.4% (n=13)	68.8% (n=62)	59.8% (n=118)	56.0% (n=253)	55.2% (n=115)
knowledge of	bilingual	44.7% (n=11)	52.6% (n=31)	61.7% (n=41)	55.2% (n=36)	64.4% (n=286)	64.6% (n=536)	59.0% (n=1024)	54.7% (n=395)
English and French	unilingual English	- (n=1)	- (n=3)	- (n=9)	- (n=9)	94.7% (n=73)	96.7% (n=128)	95.6% (n=375)	99.3% (n=116)
Total		<b>65.8%</b> (n=18)	<b>52.2%</b> (n=34)	<b>69.9%</b> (n=50)	<b>69.7%</b> (n=45)	<b>71.7%</b> (n=477)	<b>71.1%</b> (n=666)	<b>67.4%</b> (n=1399)	<b>65.1%</b> (n=511)

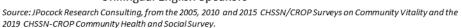
#### 3.4.3 Felt Service by Info Santé in English was Very Important – Graphs

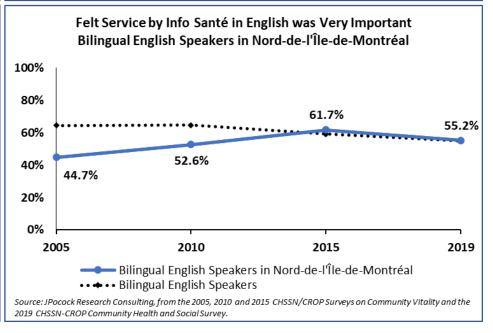


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.









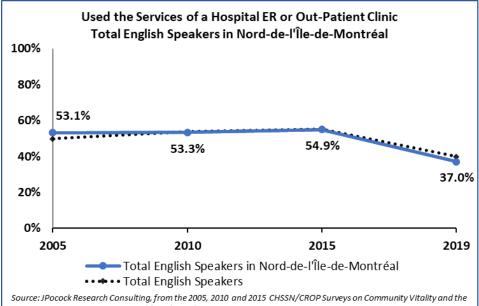
## 3.5 Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic

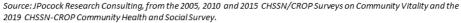
### 3.5.1 Used the Services of a Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic in the Past Twelve Months

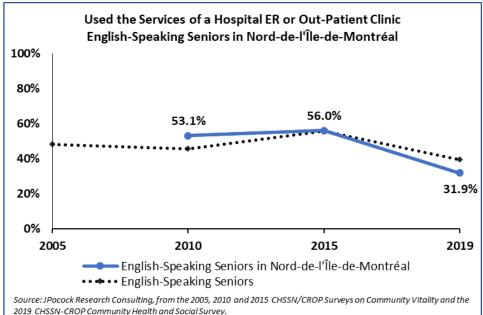
# Used the Services of a Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic in the Past Twelve Months English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

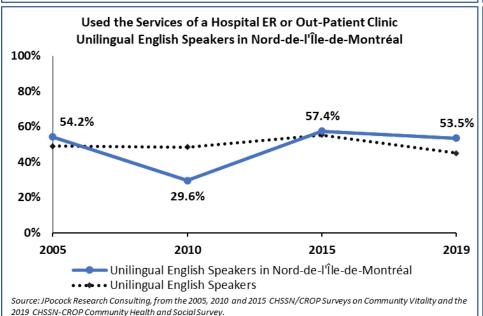
Varia	able	English S	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	·l'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
gondor	male	50.1% (n=39)	37.1% (n=41)	49.1% (n=36)	38.3% (n=90)	50.1% (n=1111)	37.1% (n=1138)	49.1% (n=1064)	38.3% (n=1184)	
gender	female	56.6% (n=50)	62.0% (n=60)	59.6% (n=53)	35.9% (n=151)	56.6% (n=1518)	62.0% (n=1591)	59.6% (n=1647)	35.9% (n=1871)	
	18-24 years	- (n=5)	- (n=6)	- (n=2)	- (n=9)	46.5% (n=125)	47.2% (n=70)	50.4% (n=64)	33.1% (n=63)	
270	25-44 years	39.5% (n=45)	51.8% (n=40)	51.8% (n=22)	40.6% (n=30)	49.0% (n=895)	54.0% (n=699)	55.1% (n=468)	39.6% (n=340)	
age	45-64 years	62.7% (n=31)	55.2% (n=41)	61.6% (n=53)	38.8% (n=123)	52.1% (n=1057)	56.1% (n=1259)	56.2% (n=1313)	41.5% (n=1375)	
	65 years and over	- (n=8)	53.1% (n=14)	56.0% (n=12)	31.9% (n=79)	48.3% (n=552)	45.7% (n=701)	55.7% (n=866)	39.5% (n=1277)	
	less than \$30k	67.8% (n=23)	43.7% (n=21)	54.4% (n=11)	12.0% (n=40)	46.3% (n=505)	54.9% (n=430)	56.4% (n=408)	40.9% (n=430)	
household income	\$30-70k	40.1% (n=33)	41.5% (n=32)	54.3% (n=29)	37.1% (n=63)	51.6% (n=911)	54.9% (n=871)	58.3% (n=908)	40.7% (n=800)	
nousenoia income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)	54.9% (n=14)	- (n=10)	36.6% (n=35)	50.0% (n=363)	56.2% (n=364)	50.4% (n=362)	39.5% (n=413)	
	\$100k and over	- (n=6)	76.4% (n=13)	40.1% (n=20)	51.4% (n=37)	56.3% (n=347)	49.2% (n=449)	54.3% (n=565)	41.6% (n=654)	
knowledge of	bilingual	50.0% (n=58)	57.8% (n=83)	54.4% (n=76)	33.2% (n=192)	49.3% (n=1401)	55.7% (n=1979)	55.3% (n=1986)	38.5% (n=2319)	
English and French	unilingual English	54.2% (n=13)	29.6% (n=18)	57.4% (n=13)	53.5% (n=49)	49.0% (n=574)	48.5% (n=739)	55.4% (n=725)	45.0% (n=731)	
Total		<b>53.1%</b> (n=89)	<b>53.3%</b> (n=101)	<b>54.9%</b> (n=89)	<b>37.0%</b> (n=241)	<b>49.8%</b> (n=2629)	<b>53.7%</b> (n=2729)	<b>55.3%</b> (n=2711)	<b>39.9%</b> (n=3055)	

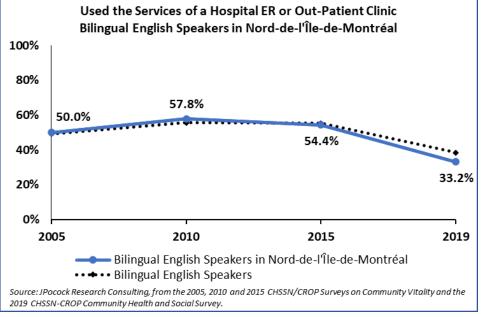
### 3.5.1 Used the Services of a Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic in the Past Twelve Months – Graphs









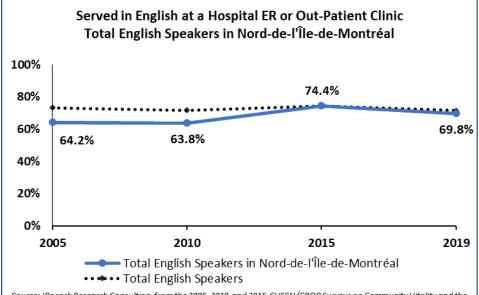


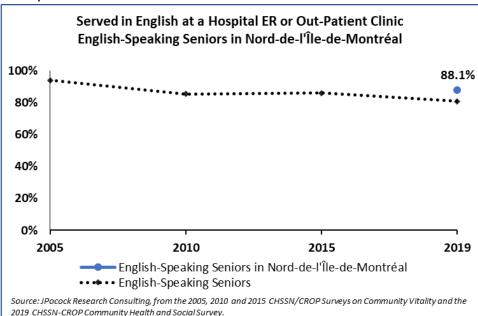
## 3.5.2 Served in English at a Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic

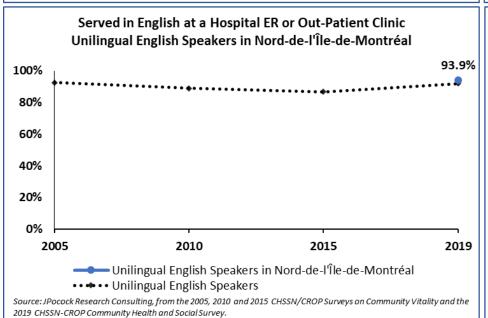
# Served in English at a Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

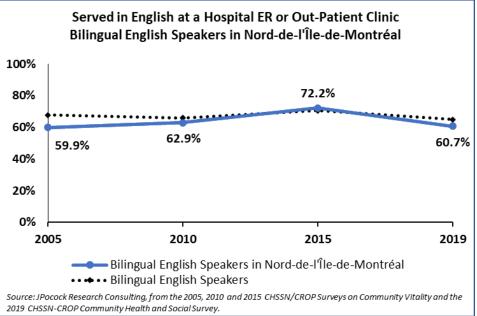
Varia	able	English S	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	1	Total Englis	sh Speaker	s
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
	male	69.4% (n=19)	58.5% (n=14)	72.2% (n=20)	82.0% (n=29)	71.7% (n=525)	70.5% (n=534)	74.4% (n=569)	71.7% (n=442)
gender	female	59.1% (n=28)	65.4% (n=36)	75.9% (n=32)	57.4% (n=55)	74.8% (n=816)	72.1% (n=852)	74.4% (n=941)	71.3% (n=754)
	18-24 years	- (n=4)	- (n=2)	- (n=)	- (n=2)	81.4% (n=57)	56.3% (n=32)	68.3% (n=30)	84.7% (n=22)
	25-44 years	55.3% (n=19)	83.0% (n=19)	73.8% (n=13)	72.0% (n=11)	64.9% (n=475)	66.6% (n=374)	70.2% (n=291)	71.3% (n=136)
age	45-64 years	55.5% (n=19)	46.7% (n=22)	70.1% (n=33)	60.0% (n=47)	71.1% (n=553)	69.7% (n=665)	73.7% (n=739)	65.2% (n=556)
	65 years and over	- (n=5)	- (n=7)	- (n=6)	88.1% (n=24)	94.0% (n=256)	85.4% (n=315)	86.1% (n=450)	80.9% (n=482)
	less than \$30k	55.6% (n=15)	- (n=9)	- (n=6)	- (n=7)	78.5% (n=231)	69.7% (n=214)	84.1% (n=216)	79.8% (n=163)
household income	\$30-70k	70.7% (n=15)	69.8% (n=13)	70.8% (n=17)	76.5% (n=21)	73.7% (n=489)	69.7% (n=461)	74.5% (n=528)	73.3% (n=315)
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	- (n=4)	- (n=7)	- (n=6)	23.2% (n=12)	67.3% (n=196)	67.1% (n=195)	68.5% (n=198)	62.8% (n=162)
	\$100k and over	- (n=5)	- (n=10)	56.8% (n=11)	86.1% (n=16)	64.6% (n=190)	74.0% (n=222)	68.5% (n=326)	74.2% (n=264)
knowledge of	bilingual	59.9% (n=30)	62.9% (n=45)	72.2% (n=44)	60.7% (n=72)	67.7% (n=726)	65.8% (n=1027)	70.6% (n=1112)	65.0% (n=926)
English and French unilingual English		- (n=7)	- (n=5)	- (n=8)	93.9% (n=12)	92.6% (n=266)	88.9% (n=352)	86.7% (n=398)	92.0% (n=269)
Tot	Total		<b>63.8%</b> (n=50)	<b>74.4%</b> (n=52)	<b>69.8%</b> (n=84)	<b>73.3%</b> (n=1341)	<b>71.6%</b> (n=1386)	<b>74.4%</b> (n=1510)	<b>71.5%</b> (n=1196)

### 3.5.2 Served in English at a Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic – Graphs







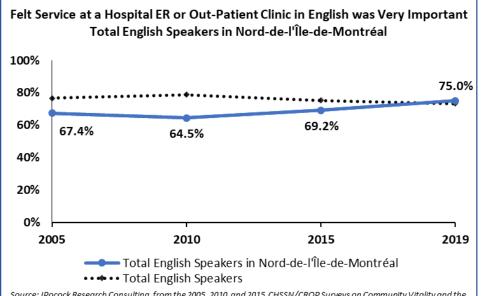


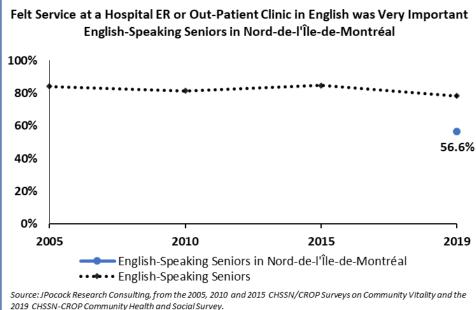
## 3.5.3 Felt that the Services of a Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic in English was Very Important

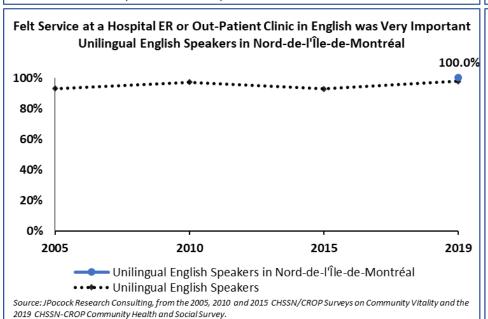
# Felt Service at a Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic in English was Very Important English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

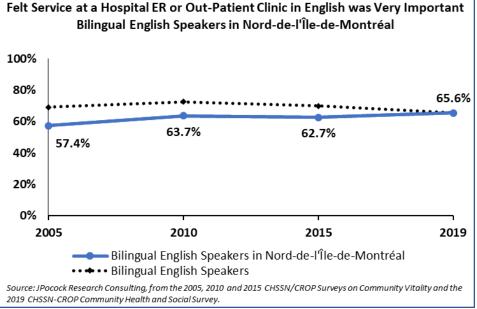
Varia	able	English S	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	7	Total Englis	sh Speakers	S
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
	male	53.6%	47.4%	48.0%	85.9%	72.1%	73.8%	70.4%	69.8%
gender		(n=18)	(n=15)	(n=19)	(n=29)	(n=530)	(n=535)	(n=568)	(n=437)
	female	80.5%	70.0%	82.5%	63.9%	80.6%	80.9%	80.0%	76.3%
		(n=28)	(n=36)	(n=32)	(n=54)	(n=823)	(n=858)	(n=945)	(n=743)
	18-24 years	-	-	-	-	59.0%	45.8%	73.0%	54.6%
	-5 - 1 , 5	(n=4) 66.0%	(n=2)	(n=)	(n=2)	(n=57)	(n=33)	(n=31)	(n=21)
	25-44 years		60.8%	64.4%	81.6%	72.7%	74.1%	69.0%	73.3%
200	age		(n=20)	(n=13)	(n=11)	(n=480)	(n=379)	(n=288)	(n=136)
age	45-64 years	69.3%	65.2%	66.6%	77.3%	80.7%	79.6%	77.3%	73.4%
	45-04 years	(n=18)	(n=22)	(n=33)	(n=46)	(n=559)	(n=664)	(n=745)	(n=549)
	65 years and over	-	-	-	56.6%	84.0%	81.3%	84.8%	78.2%
	05 years and over	(n=5)	(n=7)	(n=5)	(n=24)	(n=257)	(n=317)	(n=449)	(n=474)
	less than \$30k	70.9%	-	-	-	82.7%	80.1%	87.0%	82.3%
	iess tilali şouk	(n=14)	(n=9)	(n=6)	(n=7)	(n=230)	(n=216)	(n=216)	(n=160)
	¢20.70k	79.9%	67.6%	71.9%	73.5%	76.7%	80.8%	77.1%	74.9%
hawaahald inaama	\$30-70k	(n=15)	(n=13)	(n=16)	(n=21)	(n=493)	(n=462)	(n=522)	(n=312)
household income	¢70.400k	-	-	-	33.3%	65.5%	73.7%	63.7%	62.8%
	\$70-100k	(n=4)	(n=7)	(n=6)	(n=12)	(n=198)	(n=196)	(n=202)	(n=160)
	¢100k and aver	-	_	76.1%	86.1%	75.7%	75.0%	69.5%	73.2%
	\$100k and over	(n=5)	(n=10)	(n=11)	(n=16)	(n=194)	(n=222)	(n=329)	(n=263)
	hilingual	57.4%	63.7%	62.7%	65.6%	69.2%	72.6%	69.9%	65.4%
knowledge of	bilingual	(n=29)	(n=46)	(n=43)	(n=71)	(n=731)	(n=1034)	(n=1117)	(n=911)
English and French		_	_	-	100.0%	93.0%	97.1%	92.7%	97.7%
	unilingual English	(n=7)	(n=5)	(n=8)	(n=12)	(n=269)	(n=352)	(n=396)	(n=268)
Tot	al	67.4%	64.5%	69.2%	75.0%	76.7%	78.8%	75.4%	73.3%
101	lai	(n=46)	(n=51)	(n=51)	(n=83)	(n=1353)	(n=1393)	(n=1513)	(n=1180)

### 3.5.3 Felt that the Services of a Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic in English was Very Important – Graphs









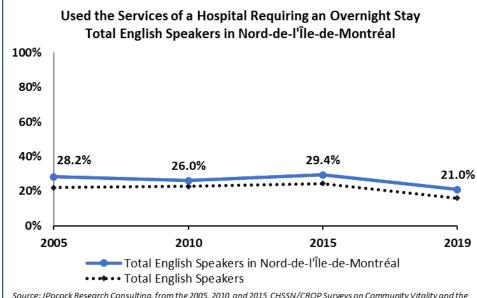
## 3.6 Hospital Services Requiring an Overnight Stay

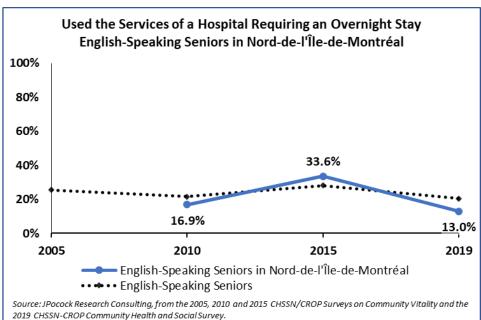
## 3.6.1 Used the Services of a Hospital Requiring an Overnight Stay in the Past Twelve Months

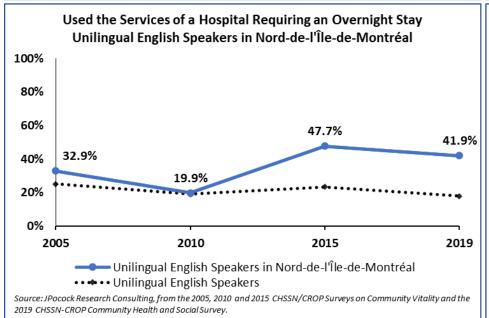
# Used the Services of a Hospital Requiring an Overnight Stay in the Past Twelve Months English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

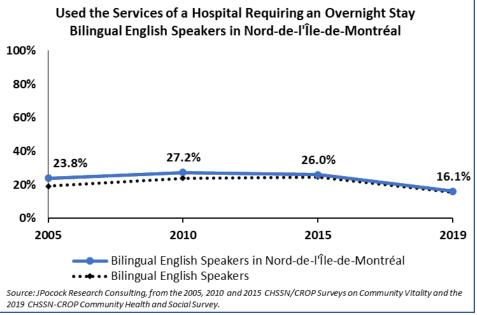
Varia	able	English S	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	·l'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
gender	male	20.8% (n=38)	20.4% (n=40)	32.2% (n=37)	21.1% (n=90)	19.0% (n=1111)	21.9% (n=1135)	22.9% (n=1060)	14.0% (n=1185)	
genuei	female	36.3% (n=50)	29.0% (n=60)	27.0% (n=53)	20.9% (n=153)	25.1% (n=1519)	23.0% (n=1590)	25.9% (n=1646)	17.9% (n=1882)	
	18-24 years		- (n=6)	- (n=2)	- (n=10)	29.6% (n=125)	13.5% (n=69)	12.9% (n=63)	10.7% (n=64)	
25-44 years		17.7% (n=45)	28.0% (n=40)	35.4% (n=23)	25.1% (n=30)	18.4% (n=897)	23.3% (n=699)	24.6% (n=468)	12.9% (n=341)	
age	45-64 years	37.5% (n=31)	25.7% (n=40)	23.2% (n=53)	23.6% (n=123)	22.3% (n=1057)	22.9% (n=1258)	24.4% (n=1310)	17.3% (n=1381)	
	65 years and over	- (n=7)	16.9% (n=14)	33.6% (n=12)	13.0% (n=80)	25.5% (n=551)	21.5% (n=699)	28.1% (n=865)	20.4% (n=1281)	
	less than \$30k	23.8% (n=23)	16.8% (n=21)	23.9% (n=11)	6.9% (n=40)	24.5% (n=507)	21.0% (n=429)	27.3% (n=406)	17.4% (n=427)	
household income	\$30-70k	29.1% (n=33)	28.6% (n=32)	22.0% (n=29)	9.8% (n=63)	20.7% (n=913)	25.3% (n=869)	25.5% (n=907)	16.6% (n=805)	
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)	25.1% (n=14)	- (n=10)	8.1% (n=35)	16.8% (n=363)	23.3% (n=364)	21.4% (n=362)	13.6% (n=414)	
	\$100k and over	- (n=6)	29.9% (n=13)	35.3% (n=20)	44.6% (n=37)	24.4% (n=346)	19.3% (n=449)	22.3% (n=564)	16.0% (n=654)	
knowledge of	of bilingual		27.2% (n=82)	26.0% (n=77)	16.1% (n=194)	19.2% (n=1402)	24.0% (n=1977)	24.7% (n=1981)	15.5% (n=2330)	
inglish and French unilingual English		32.9% (n=13)	19.9% (n=18)	47.7% (n=13)	41.9% (n=49)	25.0% (n=574)	19.1% (n=737)	23.4% (n=725)	17.8% (n=733)	
Tot	<b>28.2%</b> (n=88)	<b>26.0%</b> (n=100)	<b>29.4%</b> (n=90)	<b>21.0%</b> (n=243)	<b>22.0%</b> (n=2630)	<b>22.7%</b> (n=2725)	<b>24.4%</b> (n=2706)	<b>16.0%</b> (n=3067)		

### 3.6.1 Used the Services of a Hospital Requiring an Overnight Stay – Graphs







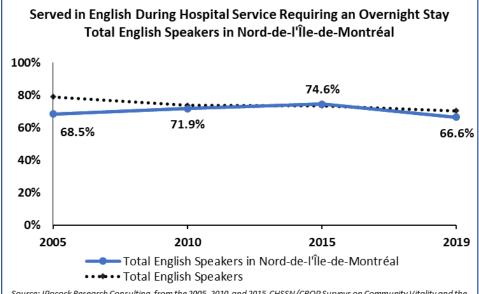


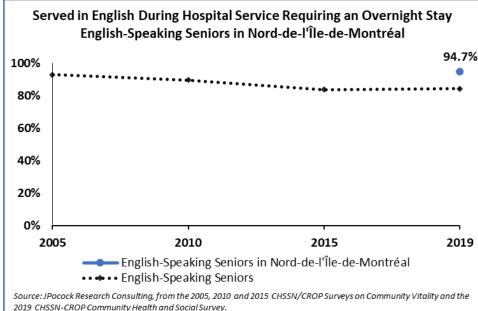
## 3.6.2 Served in English During a Hospital Service Requiring an Overnight Stay

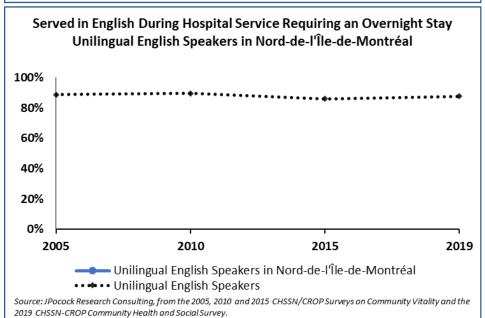
# Served in English During Hospital Service Requiring an Overnight Stay English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

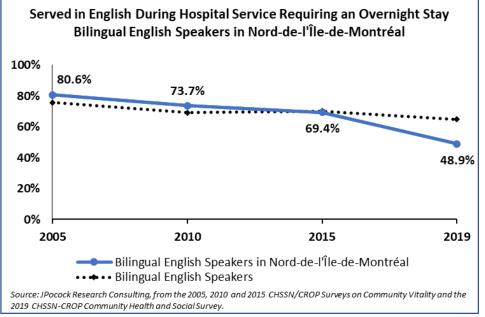
Varia	able	English S	•	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	1	Total Englis	sh Speakers	S
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
	male	-	-	92.1%	88.9%	84.6%	71.6%	75.6%	73.9%
gender	mare	(n=7)	(n=7)	(n=11)	(n=12)	(n=198)	(n=232)	(n=247)	(n=183)
Schaci	female	55.4%	73.3%	56.8%	46.2%	74.8%	75.0%	71.8%	68.0%
	Terriare	(n=15)	(n=16)	(n=14)	(n=36)	(n=354)	(n=351)	(n=434)	(n=362)
	19 24 years	-	-	-	-	69.8%	-	-	-
	18-24 years	(n=1)	(n=1)	(n=)	(n=)	(n=22)	(n=7)	(n=9)	(n=4)
	25-44 years		-	-	-	74.7%	70.6%	72.5%	61.0%
200	•		(n=10)	(n=8)	(n=6)	(n=177)	(n=154)	(n=114)	(n=51)
age	age		-	64.5%	65.4%	77.9%	70.5%	70.6%	66.2%
	45-64 years	(n=10)	(n=10)	(n=12)	(n=29)	(n=216)	(n=270)	(n=329)	(n=240)
	CE	-	_	-	94.7%	92.9%	89.5%	83.8%	84.4%
	65 years and over	(n=3)	(n=2)	(n=5)	(n=13)	(n=137)	(n=152)	(n=229)	(n=250)
	lose than ¢20k	-	-	-	-	78.9%	76.4%	78.9%	79.5%
	less than \$30k	(n=5)	(n=4)	(n=4)	(n=4)	(n=109)	(n=87)	(n=111)	(n=84)
	¢20.70k	-	-	-	-	81.5%	71.7%	72.6%	69.4%
harrahald in cama	\$30-70k	(n=8)	(n=8)	(n=6)	(n=9)	(n=193)	(n=205)	(n=241)	(n=147)
household income	¢70.400k	-	-	-	-	79.6%	67.8%	64.6%	68.0%
	\$70-100k	(n=3)	(n=3)	(n=2)	(n=3)	(n=72)	(n=79)	(n=80)	(n=68)
	¢100k and avan	-	-	-	76.3%	67.1%	75.8%	71.0%	75.8%
	\$100k and over	(n=2)	(n=4)	(n=6)	(n=15)	(n=73)	(n=85)	(n=124)	(n=110)
	hilingual	80.6%	73.7%	69.4%	48.9%	75.8%	69.2%	70.1%	64.9%
knowledge of	bilingual	(n=12)	(n=20)	(n=19)	(n=39)	(n=287)	(n=433)	(n=506)	(n=421)
<b>English and French</b>		_	_	-	-	88.7%	89.5%	86.0%	87.7%
0	unilingual English	(n=4)	(n=3)	(n=6)	(n=9)	(n=122)	(n=146)	(n=175)	(n=123)
Tot	Total		71.9%	74.6%	66.6%	79.0%	73.9%	73.5%	70.5%
101	ldi	<b>68.5%</b> (n=22)	(n=23)	(n=25)	(n=48)	(n=552)	(n=583)	(n=681)	(n=545)

### 3.6.2 Served in English During a Hospital Service Requiring an Overnight Stay – Graphs







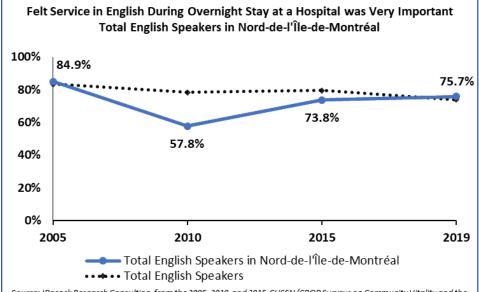


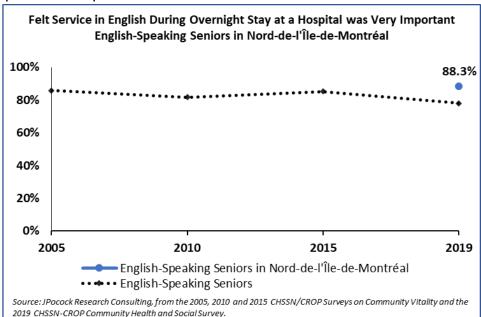
## 3.6.3 Felt Service in English During Overnight Stay at a Hospital was Very Important

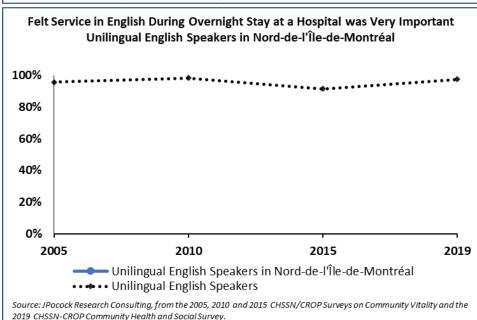
# Felt Service in English During Overnight Stay at a Hospital was Very Important English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

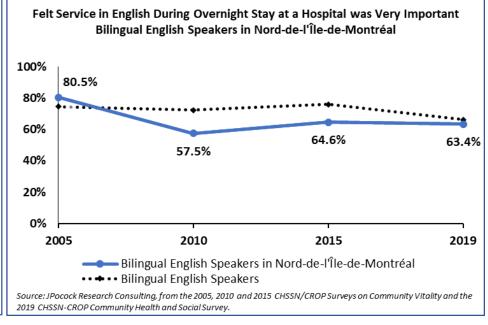
Varia	able	English S		f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	1	Total Englis	sh Speakers	S
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
	male	-	-	72.6%	77.5%	80.7%	71.4%	75.5%	66.1%
gender	mare	(n=7)	(n=8)	(n=11)	(n=12)	(n=202)	(n=233)	(n=252)	(n=179)
Schaci	female	92.6%	63.4%	75.0%	74.1%	85.5%	81.7%	82.7%	79.3%
	Territare	(n=15)	(n=16)	(n=14)	(n=35)	(n=359)	(n=357)	(n=444)	(n=359)
	18-24 years	-	-	-	-	81.2%	-	-	-
	10-24 years	(n=1)	(n=1)	(n=)	(n=)	(n=25)	(n=7)	(n=10)	(n=4)
	25-44 years		47.6%	-	-	79.0%	72.8%	77.2%	76.1%
200	age 25-44 years		(n=11)	(n=8)	(n=6)	(n=180)	(n=156)	(n=117)	(n=51)
age	45-64 years	-	-	70.2%	54.3%	86.6%	79.2%	77.8%	72.6%
	45-04 years	(n=10)	(n=10)	(n=12)	(n=28)	(n=218)	(n=272)	(n=336)	(n=238)
	65 years and over	-	-	-	88.3%	85.8%	81.6%	85.2%	77.9%
	05 years and over	(n=3)	(n=2)	(n=5)	(n=13)	(n=138)	(n=155)	(n=233)	(n=245)
	less than \$30k	-	-	-	-	88.9%	81.0%	92.1%	78.4%
	ופאג נוומוו אטטג	(n=5)	(n=4)	(n=4)	(n=4)	(n=109)	(n=88)	(n=113)	(n=81)
	\$30-70k	-	-	-	-	81.8%	76.9%	76.6%	72.7%
household income	730-70K	(n=8)	(n=8)	(n=6)	(n=9)	(n=197)	(n=205)	(n=246)	(n=145)
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	-	-	-	-	82.1%	75.2%	65.4%	62.5%
	\$70-100K	(n=3)	(n=3)	(n=2)	(n=3)	(n=73)	(n=80)	(n=80)	(n=68)
	\$100k and over	-	-	-	88.1%	79.5%	75.8%	76.3%	76.3%
	STOOK alla ovel	(n=2)	(n=4)	(n=6)	(n=14)	(n=74)	(n=86)	(n=128)	(n=108)
	hilingual	80.5%	57.5%	64.6%	63.4%	74.5%	72.3%	75.8%	66.2%
knowledge of	bilingual	(n=12)	(n=21)	(n=19)	(n=38)	(n=295)	(n=440)	(n=515)	(n=415)
<b>English and French</b>	unilingual English	-	-	-	-	95.7%	98.3%	91.5%	97.6%
	uniningual English	(n=4)	(n=3)	(n=6)	(n=9)	(n=121)	(n=146)	(n=181)	(n=122)
Tot	tal	84.9%	57.8%	73.8%	75.7%	83.4%	78.4%	79.4%	73.9%
100	lai	(n=22)	(n=24)	(n=25)	(n=47)	(n=561)	(n=590)	(n=696)	(n=538)

#### 3.6.3 Felt Service in English During Overnight Stay at a Hospital was Very Important – Graphs







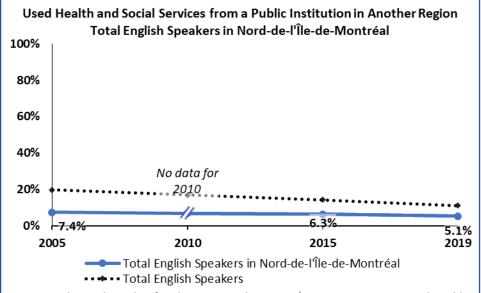


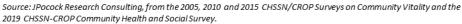
## 3.7 Used Health and Social Services from a Public Institution in Another Region in the Past Twelve Months

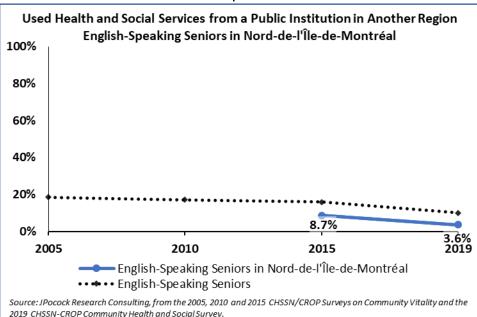
## Used Health and Social Services from a Public Institution in Another Region in the Past Twelve Months English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

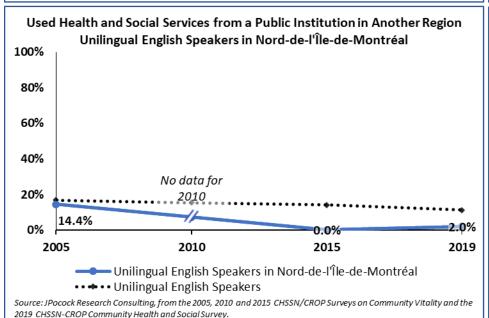
Varia	able	English	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-		Total Englis	sh Speakers	
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
gender	male	5.8% (n=37)		4.4% (n=37)	1.7% (n=90)	18.7% (n=1107)		10.8% (n=1063)	8.6% (n=1185)
gender	female	9.2% (n=50)		7.9% (n=53)	8.4% (n=152)	20.5% (n=1517)		17.4% (n=1650)	13.1% (n=1879)
	18-24 years	- (n=5)		- (n=2)	- (n=10)	14.7% (n=125)		6.4% (n=63)	2.7% (n=64)
370	25-44 years			4.4% (n=23)	6.3% (n=30)	20.5% (n=894)		12.8% (n=470)	12.6% (n=342)
age	45-64 years	9.0% (n=30)		8.2% (n=53)	4.8% (n=123)	20.4% (n=1052)		16.1% (n=1314)	11.6% (n=1378)
	65 years and over	- (n=8)	This	8.7% (n=12)	3.6% (n=79)	18.5% (n=553)	This	15.9% (n=866)	9.9% (n=1280)
	less than \$30k	11.7% (n=22)	question was not asked in	0.0% (n=11)	7.2% (n=40)	13.3% (n=502)	question was not asked in	11.1% (n=408)	7.3% (n=431)
household income	\$30-70k	9.2% (n=33)	2010	8.5% (n=29)	3.0% (n=63)	17.8% (n=912)	2010	12.8% (n=909)	9.8% (n=801)
nousenoia income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)		- (n=10)	8.2% (n=35)	26.1% (n=362)		14.9% (n=361)	12.6% (n=412)
	\$100k and over	- (n=6)		7.1% (n=20)	2.6% (n=37)	26.1% (n=346)		17.9% (n=564)	14.3% (n=655)
knowledge of	knowledge of bilingual			7.5% (n=77)	5.9% (n=194)	20.7% (n=1398)		14.2% (n=1987)	10.9% (n=2330)
English and French	unilingual English	14.4% (n=13)		0.0% (n=13)	2.0% (n=48)	16.8% (n=573)		14.1% (n=726)	11.2% (n=729)
Tot	Total			<b>6.3%</b> (n=90)	<b>5.1%</b> (n=242)	<b>19.6%</b> (n=2624)		<b>14.2%</b> (n=2713)	<b>11.0%</b> (n=3064)

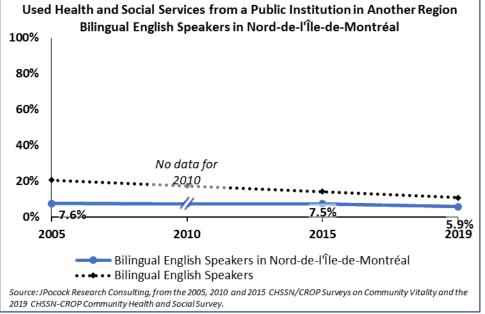
### 3.7 Used Health and Social Services from a Public Institution in Another Region in the Past Twelve Months – Graphs











## 3.8 Public Long-Term Care Institutions

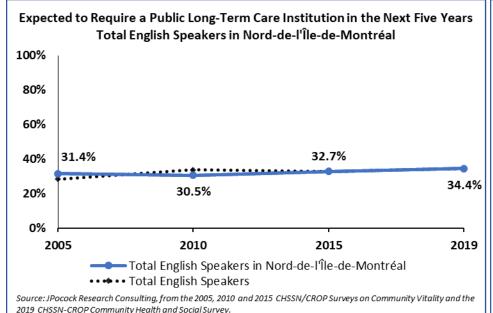
## 3.8.1 Expected to Require a Public Long-Term Care Institution in the Next Five Years

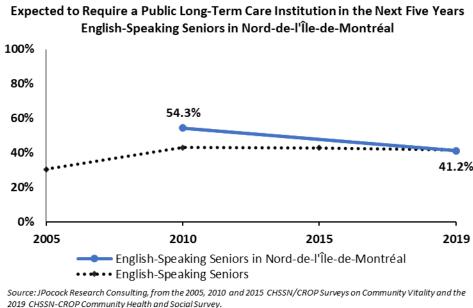
## Expected to Require a Public Long-Term Care Institution in the Next Five Years English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

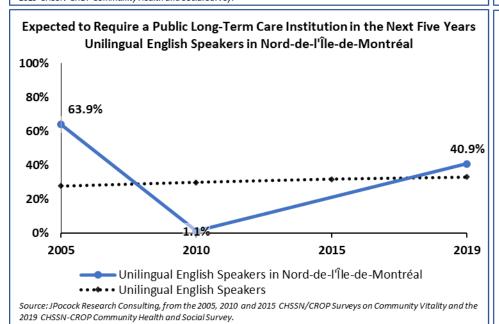
Varia	able	English	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	1	Γotal Englis	sh Speaker	s
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
gender	male	28.1% (n=36)	24.1% (n=38)	17.1% (n=31)	29.2% (n=79)	27.9% (n=1028)	30.6% (n=1065)	33.0% (n=977)	36.4% (n=1071)
gender	female	36.5% (n=38)	34.0% (n=58)	45.4% (n=47)	39.3% (n=135)	29.0% (n=1380)	35.3% (n=1447)	32.2% (n=1523)	32.7% (n=1681)
	18-24 years		- (n=5)	- (n=2)	- (n=7)	25.5% (n=118)	31.8% (n=61)	19.9% (n=61)	42.5% (n=61)
272	25-44 years	31.1% (n=40)	26.7% (n=38)	18.4% (n=22)	32.0% (n=30)	24.1% (n=857)	26.3% (n=667)	23.9% (n=457)	27.4% (n=325)
age	45-64 years	43.0% (n=26)	30.7% (n=40)	40.1% (n=46)	37.1% (n=108)	33.0% (n=990)	33.3% (n=1189)	39.0% (n=1249)	35.8% (n=1281)
	65 years and over	- (n=4)	54.3% (n=13)	- (n=8)	41.2% (n=69)	30.4% (n=443)	43.0% (n=595)	42.8% (n=733)	41.4% (n=1085)
	less than \$30k	55.8% (n=19)	24.8% (n=19)	- (n=10)	25.6% (n=32)	31.1% (n=447)	37.3% (n=363)	35.6% (n=363)	36.9% (n=373)
household income	\$30-70k	29.1% (n=28)	37.1% (n=31)	30.4% (n=25)	21.8% (n=57)	28.4% (n=850)	33.9% (n=824)	32.3% (n=845)	33.3% (n=711)
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	- (n=9)	48.0% (n=14)	- (n=9)	49.7% (n=31)	26.9% (n=347)	36.0% (n=351)	34.4% (n=344)	34.3% (n=388)
	\$100k and over		17.0% (n=13)	17.1% (n=18)	37.3% (n=34)	29.5% (n=336)	30.4% (n=432)	31.4% (n=544)	32.7% (n=620)
knowledge of	bilingual	28.0% (n=47)	35.8% (n=80)	29.6% (n=68)	32.9% (n=170)	28.4% (n=1305)	35.2% (n=1857)	32.9% (n=1861)	34.9% (n=2121)
English and French	unilingual English	63.9% (n=11)	1.1% (n=16)	- (n=10)	40.9% (n=44)	27.8% (n=497)	29.9% (n=647)	31.6% (n=639)	33.0% (n=628)
Tot	Total		<b>30.5%</b> (n=96)	<b>32.7%</b> (n=78)	<b>34.4%</b> (n=214)	<b>28.4%</b> (n=2408)	<b>33.7%</b> (n=2512)	<b>32.6%</b> (n=2500)	<b>34.5%</b> (n=2752)

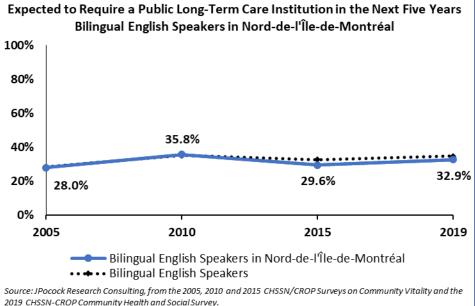
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey. In this table, (n=) indicates the total count of respondents who answered a given question while the percentage indicates the weighted proportion of those respondents who answered postively. In the 2019 survey, this question was specifically asked about public long-term care institution for seniors.

## 3.8.1 Expected to Require Public Long-Term Care Institutions in the Next Five Years – Graphs









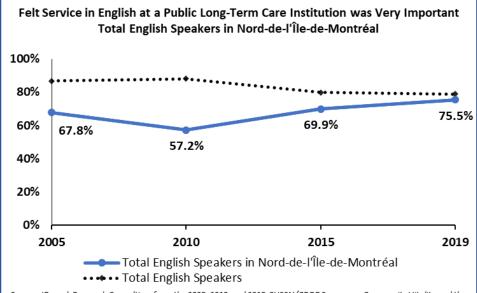
## 3.8.2 Felt Service in English at a Public Long-Term Care Institution was Very Important

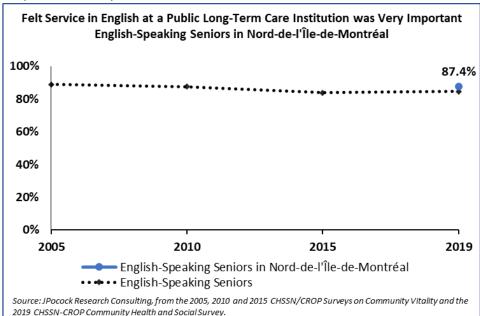
# Felt Service in English at a Public Long-Term Care Institution was Very Important English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

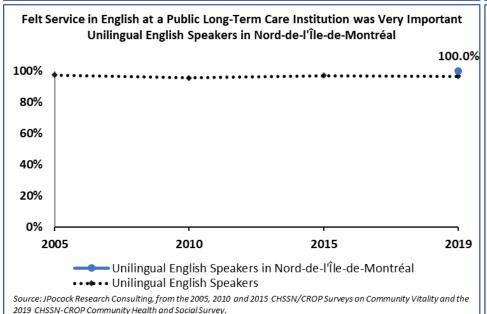
Varia	able	English	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-		Total Englis	sh Speakers	
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
gender	male	52.0% (n=15)	70.1% (n=13)	46.4% (n=16)	78.1% (n=23)	84.0% (n=430)	83.6% (n=455)	76.0% (n=485)	72.6% (n=406)
gender	female	83.1% (n=19)	53.0% (n=30)	82.1% (n=25)	73.6% (n=59)	89.3% (n=630)	89.9% (n=728)	83.3% (n=862)	85.5% (n=639)
	18-24 years	- (n=3)	- (n=4)	- (n=1)	- (n=1)	88.2% (n=47)	72.9% (n=29)	60.5% (n=21)	48.3% (n=24)
370	25-44 years	80.1% (n=15)	33.2% (n=17)	- (n=6)	- (n=7)	85.1% (n=313)	79.2% (n=250)	76.4% (n=188)	80.1% (n=90)
age	45-64 years	54.2% (n=15)	86.2% (n=14)	61.5% (n=28)	85.5% (n=43)	86.9% (n=455)	90.5% (n=529)	81.9% (n=671)	81.5% (n=492)
	65 years and over	- (n=1)	- (n=8)	- (n=6)	87.4% (n=31)	88.9% (n=245)	87.5% (n=375)	83.8% (n=467)	84.7% (n=439)
	less than \$30k	71.2% (n=12)	- (n=8)	- (n=4)	80.9% (n=12)	82.8% (n=227)	90.1% (n=211)	83.3% (n=215)	83.5% (n=162)
household income	\$30-70k	86.6% (n=11)	73.6% (n=13)	90.8% (n=14)	82.1% (n=19)	90.4% (n=363)	87.6% (n=369)	80.9% (n=460)	82.6% (n=254)
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	- (n=3)	- (n=8)	- (n=3)	40.8% (n=15)	87.5% (n=135)	86.5% (n=152)	78.4% (n=184)	78.2% (n=153)
	\$100k and over	- (n=3)	- (n=4)	- (n=7)	97.6% (n=13)	87.7% (n=149)	85.9% (n=185)	78.0% (n=254)	82.8% (n=235)
knowledge of	bilingual	53.4% (n=20)	55.7% (n=41)	62.6% (n=34)	68.2% (n=66)	81.2% (n=567)	85.7% (n=885)	75.3% (n=1000)	74.4% (n=808)
English and French	inglish and French unilingual English		- (n=2)	- (n=7)	100.0% (n=16)	97.5% (n=213)	95.7% (n=296)	97.0% (n=347)	96.6% (n=237)
Tot	Total		<b>57.2%</b> (n=43)	<b>69.9%</b> (n=41)	<b>75.5%</b> (n=82)	<b>86.8%</b> (n=1060)	<b>88.0%</b> (n=1183)	<b>79.9%</b> (n=1347)	<b>78.8%</b> (n=1045)

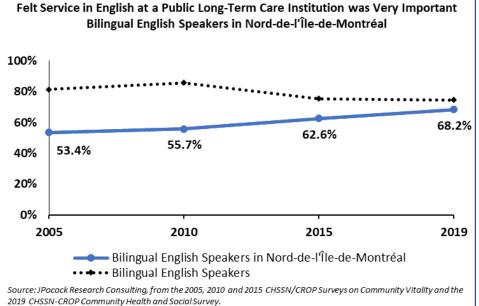
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey. In this table, (n=) indicates the total count of respondents who answered a given question while the percentage indicates the weighted proportion of those respondents who answered postively. In the 2019 survey, this question was specifically asked about public long-term care institution for seniors.

## 3.8.2 Felt Service in English at a Public Long-Term Care Institution was Very Important – Graphs









## **3.9 Public Homecare Programs**

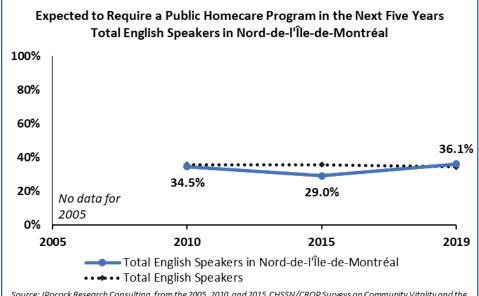
## 3.9.1 Expected to Require a Public Homecare Program in the Next Five Years

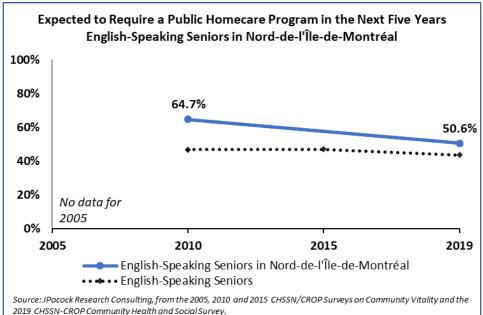
## Expected to Require a Public Homecare Program in the Next Five Years English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2010-2019

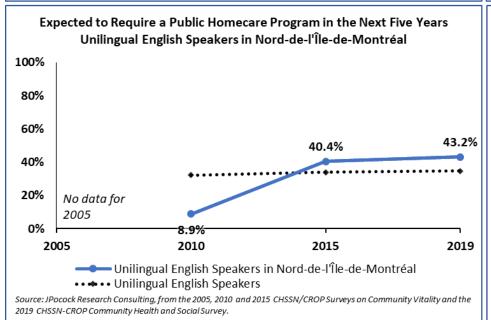
Varia	ble	English	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de-l tréal	'Île-de-		Total Englis	sh Speakers	
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
gender	male		22.4% (n=37)	17.2% (n=34)	31.2% (n=86)		31.6% (n=1069)	34.0% (n=996)	34.4% (n=1079)
genuer	female	-	40.6% (n=58)	39.1% (n=46)	40.9% (n=138)		37.7% (n=1448)	37.5% (n=1534)	34.3% (n=1685)
	18-24 years		- (n=5)	- (n=2)	- (n=8)		27.4% (n=65)	18.5% (n=60)	29.6% (n=60)
300	25-44 years		33.2% (n=38)	13.1% (n=23)	29.6% (n=30)		28.5% (n=670)	28.0% (n=463)	28.2% (n=328)
age	45-64 years		31.3% (n=39)	38.1% (n=47)	37.5% (n=118)		34.6% (n=1181)	41.7% (n=1255)	36.1% (n=1292)
	65 years and over	This	64.7% (n=13)	- (n=8)	50.6% (n=68)	This	46.9% (n=601)	47.0% (n=752)	43.6% (n=1084)
	less than \$30k	ess than Sauk I was not I	28.3% (n=19)	40.8% (n=11)	32.8% (n=32)	question was not asked in	45.2% (n=384)	39.3% (n=370)	35.1% (n=375)
household income	\$30-70k	2005	24.2% (n=31)	26.1% (n=26)	33.4% (n=56)	2005	33.3% (n=809)	38.4% (n=862)	37.2% (n=711)
nousenoid income	\$70-100k		67.1% (n=12)	- (n=9)	49.0% (n=34)		36.0% (n=345)	37.5% (n=342)	32.7% (n=393)
	\$100k and over		25.5% (n=13)	17.1% (n=18)	36.1% (n=36)		31.8% (n=435)	33.1% (n=546)	35.0% (n=620)
knowledge of English	hilingual 3	39.0% (n=79)	26.9% (n=69)	34.5% (n=180)		36.9% (n=1856)	36.3% (n=1873)	34.2% (n=2135)	
and French	unilingual English		8.9% (n=16)	40.4% (n=11)	43.2% (n=44)		32.3% (n=654)	34.0% (n=657)	34.8% (n=628)
Total			<b>34.5%</b> (n=95)	<b>29.0%</b> (n=80)	<b>36.1%</b> (n=224)		<b>35.6%</b> (n=2517)	<b>35.8%</b> (n=2530)	<b>34.3%</b> (n=2764)

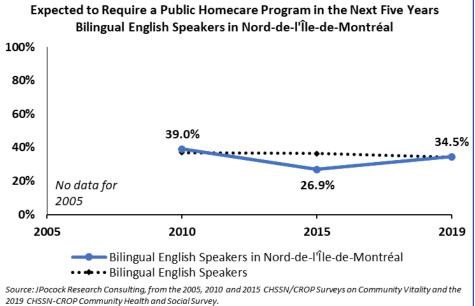
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey. In this table, (n=) indicates the total count of respondents who answered a given question while the percentage indicates the weighted proportion of those respondents who answered postively. This question was not asked in the 2005 survey. In the 2019 survey, this question was specifically asked about public long-term care institution for seniors.

### 3.9.1 Expected to Require a Public Homecare Program in the Next Five Years – Graphs









## 3.10 Private Residence or Nursing Home

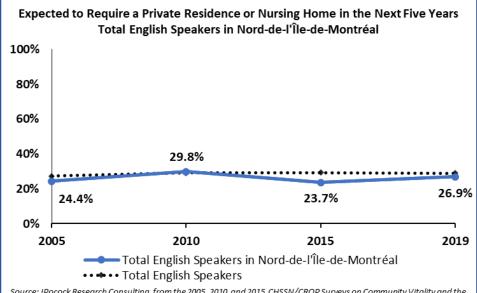
## 3.10.1 Expected to Require a Private Residence or Nursing Home in the Next Five Years

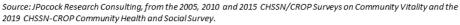
# Expected to Require a Private Residence or Nursing Home in the Next Five Years English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

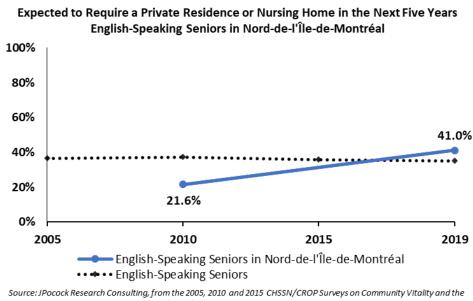
Varia	able	English S	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-		Total Englis	sh Speaker	s
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
gender	male	24.9% (n=38)	22.4% (n=37)	11.8% (n=34)	27.6% (n=80)	26.7% (n=1031)	26.7% (n=1063)	27.6% (n=996)	28.5% (n=1076)
genuei	female	23.9% (n=44)	33.4% (n=59)	33.6% (n=48)	26.2% (n=138)	27.9% (n=1402)	30.2% (n=1437)	31.0% (n=1523)	29.2% (n=1682)
	18-24 years	- (n=5)	- (n=6)	- (n=2)	- (n=9)	15.2% (n=122)	15.6% (n=67)	6.1% (n=62)	22.4% (n=62)
age	25-44 years		32.9% (n=38)	12.7% (n=23)	22.1% (n=30)	24.1% (n=871)	24.2% (n=667)	23.5% (n=461)	24.3% (n=330)
age	45-64 years	28.5% (n=29)	27.9% (n=40)	30.3% (n=49)	29.8% (n=114)	30.0% (n=995)	28.3% (n=1180)	36.3% (n=1245)	31.1% (n=1299)
	65 years and over	- (n=5)	21.6% (n=12)	- (n=8)	41.0% (n=65)	36.5% (n=445)	37.3% (n=586)	35.8% (n=751)	35.0% (n=1067)
	less than \$30k	43.4% (n=19)	16.8% (n=21)	40.8% (n=11)	27.7% (n=32)	27.5% (n=453)	31.5% (n=382)	31.6% (n=374)	28.1% (n=373)
household income	\$30-70k	20.9% (n=32)	22.4% (n=31)	24.5% (n=26)	28.3% (n=55)	28.8% (n=863)	28.7% (n=808)	28.0% (n=846)	29.8% (n=708)
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)	58.8% (n=12)	- (n=9)	23.7% (n=33)	23.8% (n=342)	28.3% (n=345)	29.5% (n=349)	27.8% (n=394)
	\$100k and over		31.7% (n=13)	12.7% (n=18)	21.7% (n=37)	31.5% (n=335)	30.9% (n=428)	30.6% (n=543)	30.7% (n=627)
knowledge of	bilingual	25.7% (n=54)	33.8% (n=79)	23.5% (n=70)	22.2% (n=176)	26.4% (n=1318)	30.9% (n=1838)	30.0% (n=1868)	28.8% (n=2134)
English and French	unilingual English	43.0% (n=12)	9.2% (n=17)	24.9% (n=12)	47.1% (n=42)	27.3% (n=510)	24.3% (n=653)	27.0% (n=651)	29.1% (n=620)
Total		<b>24.4%</b> (n=82)	<b>29.8%</b> (n=96)	<b>23.7%</b> (n=82)	<b>26.9%</b> (n=218)	<b>27.3%</b> (n=2433)	<b>29.0%</b> (n=2500)	<b>29.3%</b> (n=2519)	<b>28.9%</b> (n=2758)

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey. In this table, (n=) indicates the total count of respondents who answered a given question while the percentage indicates the weighted proportion of those respondents who answered postively. In the 2019 survey, this question was specifically asked about public long-term care institution for seniors.

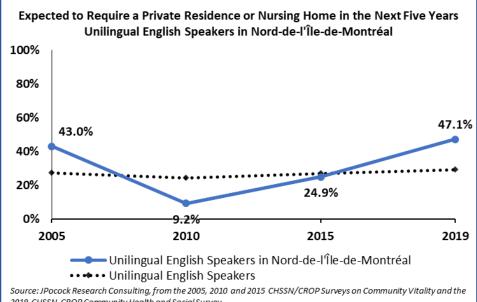
## 3.10.1 Expected to Require a Private Residence or Nursing Home in the Next Five Years – Graphs



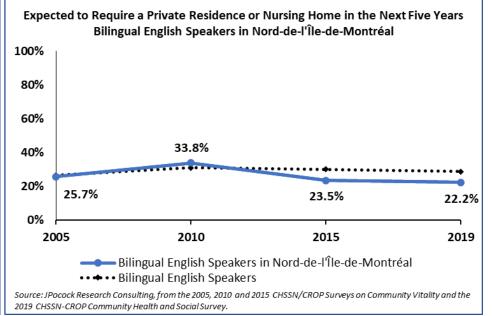




2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.



2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.



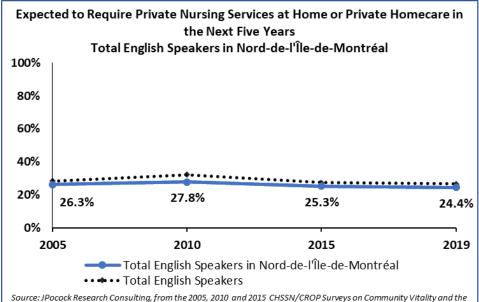
## 3.11 Private Nursing Services at Home or Private Homecare

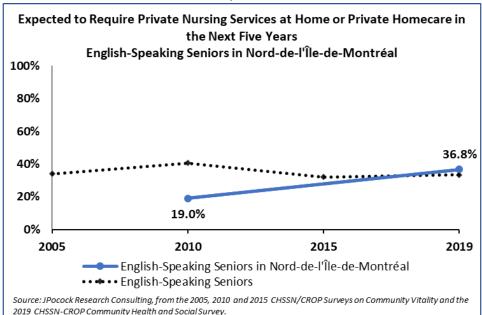
## 3.11.1 Expected to Require Private Nursing Services at Home or Private Homecare in the Next Five Years

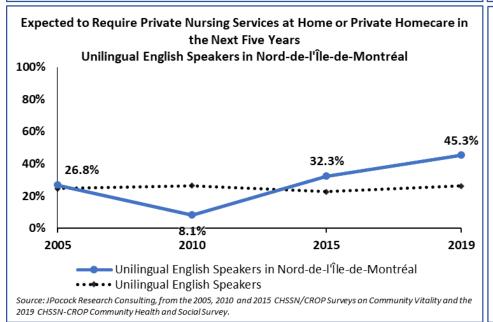
## Expected to Require Private Nursing Services at Home or Private Homecare in the Next Five Years English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

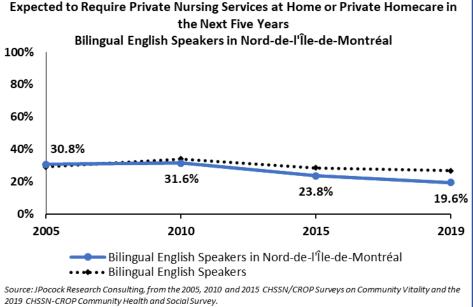
Varia	able	English	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de-l tréal	'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
gender	male	28.3% (n=37)	15.8% (n=37)	18.7% (n=34)	23.7% (n=79)	27.8% (n=1049)	29.0% (n=1078)	27.7% (n=992)	28.2% (n=1068)	
gender	female	23.6% (n=43)	33.6% (n=59)	30.7% (n=49)	25.1% (n=135)	28.9% (n=1424)	33.8% (n=1470)	26.9% (n=1540)	25.2% (n=1671)	
	18-24 years	- (n=4)	- (n=6)	- (n=2)	- (n=8)	24.5% (n=120)	23.9% (n=67)	11.1% (n=61)	33.7% (n=60)	
200	25-44 years	28.9% (n=44)	27.8% (n=38)	15.7% (n=23)	20.6% (n=29)	23.7% (n=876)	25.7% (n=676)	22.5% (n=465)	18.5% (n=324)	
age	45-64 years	29.0% (n=28)	28.5% (n=40)	27.1% (n=49)	22.7% (n=112)	32.0% (n=1006)	31.7% (n=1201)	32.9% (n=1258)	29.3% (n=1289)	
	65 years and over	- (n=4)	19.0% (n=12)	- (n=9)	36.8% (n=65)	34.1% (n=471)	40.6% (n=604)	32.0% (n=748)	33.5% (n=1066)	
	less than \$30k	43.0% (n=19)	20.4% (n=21)	33.0% (n=11)	17.7% (n=32)	25.8% (n=462)	36.4% (n=389)	26.2% (n=375)	25.2% (n=359)	
havehald in some	\$30-70k	23.1% (n=31)	29.9% (n=31)	26.1% (n=25)	28.1% (n=55)	29.6% (n=874)	31.4% (n=825)	25.6% (n=839)	23.5% (n=713)	
household income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)	49.2% (n=12)	- (n=9)	24.0% (n=32)	27.3% (n=348)	30.2% (n=347)	29.8% (n=349)	27.0% (n=393)	
	\$100k and over	- (n=6)	17.0% (n=13)	21.4% (n=19)	20.6% (n=36)	33.0% (n=340)	32.4% (n=435)	29.8% (n=546)	28.6% (n=621)	
knowledge of	bilingual	30.8% (n=51)	31.6% (n=79)	23.8% (n=70)	19.6% (n=172)	29.2% (n=1332)	34.2% (n=1879)	28.7% (n=1875)	26.8% (n=2110)	
English and French	English and French unilingual English		8.1% (n=17)	32.3% (n=13)	45.3% (n=42)	24.7% (n=516)	26.5% (n=661)	22.7% (n=657)	26.1% (n=628)	
Total		<b>26.3%</b> (n=80)	<b>27.8%</b> (n=96)	<b>25.3%</b> (n=83)	<b>24.4%</b> (n=214)	<b>28.4%</b> (n=2473)	<b>32.2%</b> (n=2548)	<b>27.3%</b> (n=2532)	<b>26.7%</b> (n=2739)	

#### 3.11.1 Expected to Require Private Nursing Services at Home or Private Homecare in the Next Five Years – Graphs









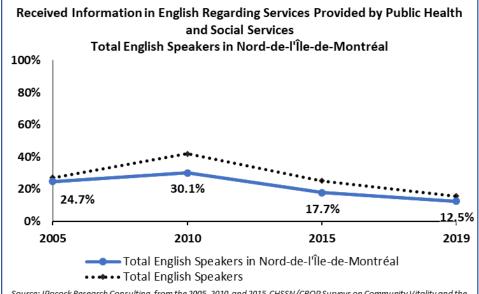
## 3.12 Received Information in English Regarding Public Health and Social Services

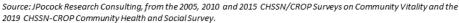
## 3.12.1 Received Information in English Regarding Services Provided by Public Health and Social Services

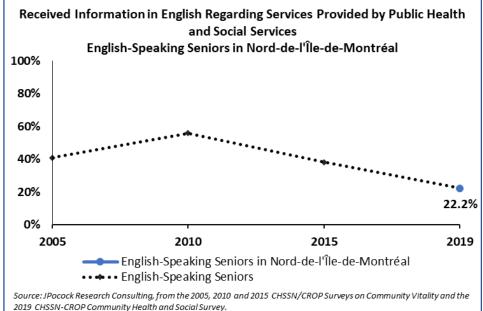
# Received Information in English Regarding Services Provided by Public Health and Social Services English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

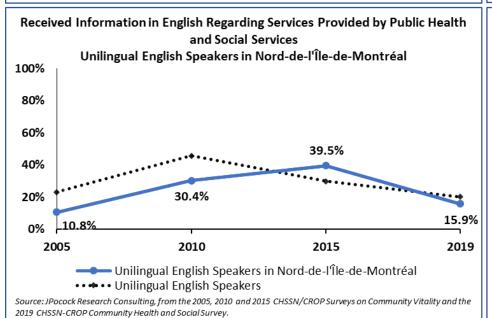
Var	iable	English	Speakers o	f Nord-de-l tréal	'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
gender	male	21.6% (n=37)	33.0% (n=36)	18.5% (n=34)	14.2% (n=87)	26.6% (n=1028)	39.7% (n=1047)	27.5% (n=1009)	16.9% (n=1112)	
genuei	female	28.1% (n=48)	28.6% (n=52)	17.2% (n=51)	10.9% (n=148)	27.4% (n=1409)	42.9% (n=1498)	22.7% (n=1572)	14.3% (n=1787)	
	18-24 years	- (n=5)	- (n=5)	- (n=2)	- (n=10)	26.4% 24.7% 24.9% (n=113) (n=64) (n=63)		14.2% (n=58)		
200	25-44 years	12.9% (n=43)	34.6% (n=38)	11.2% (n=22)	10.0% (n=29)	20.0% (n=840)	29.1% (n=662)	19.5% (n=442)	12.5% (n=326)	
age	45-64 years	29.2% (n=29)	24.9% (n=35)	19.5% (n=51)	11.1% (n=119)	28.0% (n=980)	41.4% (n=1166)	24.0% (n=1257)	14.8% (n=1313)	
	65 years and over	- (n=8)	- (n=10)	- (n=10)	22.2% (n=77)	40.9% (n=504)	55.9% (n=653)	38.2% (n=819)	22.4% (n=1202)	
	less than \$30k	8.4% (n=22)	27.9% (n=18)	59.4% (n=11)	18.1% (n=38)	23.1% (n=475)	39.3% (n=412)	34.2% (n=390)	20.7% (n=409)	
household income	\$30-70k	26.2% (n=31)	38.6% (n=29)	8.2% (n=27)	25.7% (n=62)	28.0% (n=846)	44.8% (n=818)	25.9% (n=873)	18.0% (n=765)	
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)	29.5% (n=14)	- (n=8)	9.2% (n=35)	25.7% (n=335)	38.8% (n=336)	20.7% (n=339)	14.0% (n=398)	
	\$100k and over	- (n=5)	37.4% (n=11)	16.7% (n=19)	4.2% (n=36)	25.7% (n=318)	42.7% (n=417)	19.1% (n=529)	14.5% (n=616)	
knowledge of	bilingual	25.5% (n=56)	30.1% (n=73)	13.2% (n=72)	11.7% (n=189)	27.6% 40.3% 23.6% (n=1311) (n=1842) (n=1895)		14.2% (n=2198)		
English and French unilingual English		10.8% (n=11)	30.4% (n=15)	39.5% (n=13)	15.9% (n=46)	23.2% (n=530)	45.8% (n=693)	29.9% (n=686)	20.3% (n=697)	
Total		<b>24.7%</b> (n=85)	<b>30.1%</b> (n=88)	<b>17.7%</b> (n=85)	<b>12.5%</b> (n=235)	<b>27.0%</b> (n=2437)	<b>41.9%</b> (n=2545)	<b>25.1%</b> (n=2581)	<b>15.5%</b> (n=2899)	

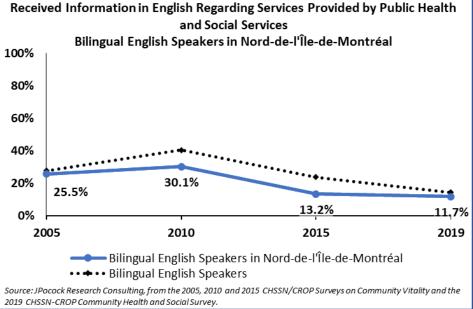
## 3.12.1 Received Information in English Regarding Services Provided by Public Health and Social Services – Graphs











## 3.12.2 Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or Prevention Program from Public Authorities

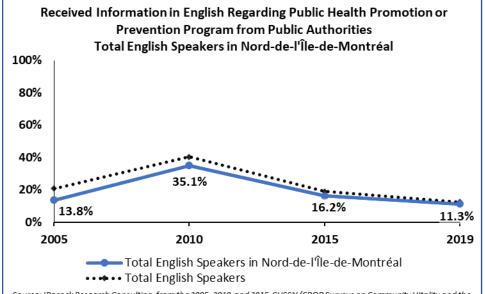
# Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or Prevention Program from Public Authorities English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

Variable		English	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
	male	15.9%	32.3%	14.5%	10.8%	21.2%	41.7%	18.5%	11.5%	
gender	marc	(n=35)	(n=36)	(n=36)	(n=87)	(n=1022)	(n=1055)	(n=1014)	(n=1126)	
gender	female	11.7%	36.5%	17.7%	11.9%	20.6%	39.7%	19.5%	13.2%	
	Terriare	(n=49)	(n=58)	(n=51)	(n=149)	(n=1416)	(n=1492)	(n=1562)	(n=1787)	
	18-24 years	-	-	-	-	12.1%	28.1%	14.5%	14.5%	
	10-24 years	(n=5)	(n=6)	(n=2)	(n=9)	(n=112)	(n=67)	(n=62)	(n=58)	
	25-44 years	3.0%	30.9%	12.8%	13.1%	16.8%	32.3%	14.9%	9.8%	
200	25-44 years	(n=43)	(n=37)	(n=23)	(n=29)	(n=825)	(n=656)	(n=445)	(n=329)	
age	45-64 years	23.9%	36.1%	16.9%	8.8%	24.1%	42.0%	19.2%	12.3%	
		(n=30)	(n=38)	(n=51)	(n=119)	(n=988)	(n=1180)	(n=1250)	(n=1314)	
	65 years and over	-	54.3%	31.0%	12.1%	27.3%	42.6%	28.1%	16.4%	
		(n=6)	(n=13)	(n=11)	(n=79)	(n=513)	(n=644)	(n=819)	(n=1212)	
	less than \$30k	16.9%	33.2%	25.3%	7.1%	17.1%	31.9%	21.5%	14.6%	
	1633 tilali 330k	(n=23)	(n=20)	(n=11)	(n=40)	(n=474)	(n=406)	(n=392)	(n=415)	
	\$30-70k	3.7%	38.3%	8.3%	18.5%	21.1%	42.8%	16.5%	13.1%	
household income	-γ30-70K	(n=32)	(n=30)	(n=28)	(n=62)	(n=858)	(n=821)	(n=868)	(n=772)	
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	-	23.0%	-	10.7%	22.5%	41.5%	21.6%	11.8%	
	- 770-100K	(n=10)	(n=13)	(n=9)	(n=34)	(n=336)	(n=338)	(n=342)	(n=394)	
	\$100k and over	-	43.5%	26.5%	9.7%	25.8%	47.4%	19.3%	12.2%	
	7100k and over	(n=5)	(n=12)	(n=19)	(n=34)	(n=316)	(n=413)	(n=531)	(n=624)	
knowledge of English and French	bilingual	16.0%	35.6%	16.6%	10.8%	21.3%	40.9%	17.9%	12.2%	
	biiiiguai	(n=56)	(n=79)	(n=74)	(n=189)	(n=1307)	(n=1861)	(n=1891)	(n=2214)	
	unilingual English	0.0%	32.4%	14.1%	13.8%	18.2%	38.3%	22.7%	13.1%	
	uniningual English	(n=12)	(n=15)	(n=13)	(n=47)	(n=528)	(n=678)	(n=685)	(n=695)	
To	otal	13.8%	35.1%	16.2%	11.3%	20.9%	40.4%	19.0%	12.4%	
IC	, cai	(n=84)	(n=94)	(n=87)	(n=236)	(n=2438)	(n=2547)	(n=2576)	(n=2913)	

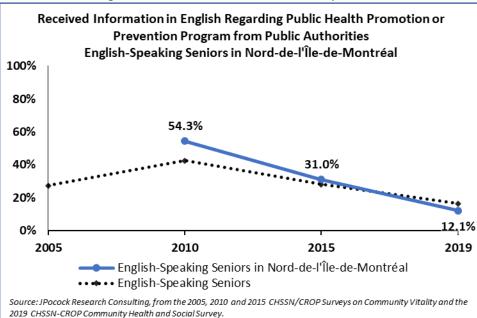
## 3.12.2 Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or Prevention Program from Public Authorities - Graphs

100%

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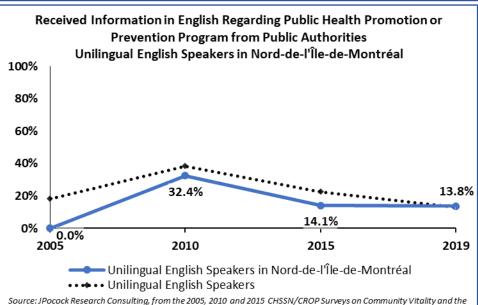


Source: JPocock Research Consulting, from the 2005, 2010 and 2015 CHSSN/CROP Surveys on Community Vitality and the 2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey



Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or

**Prevention Program from Public Authorities** Bilingual English Speakers in Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal



2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.

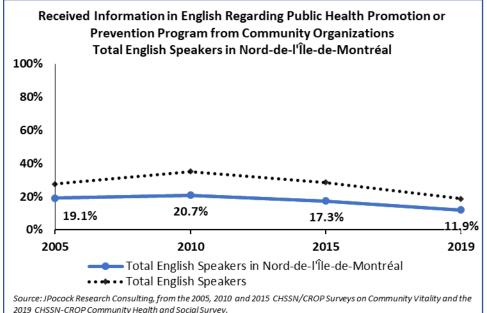
2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.

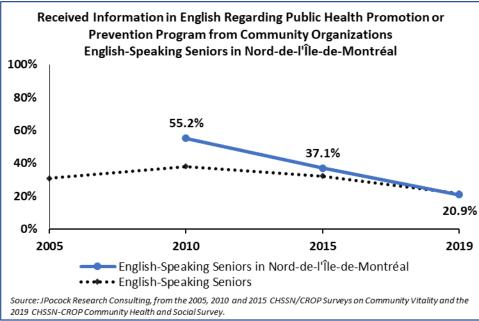
# 3.12.3 Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or Prevention Program from Community Organizations

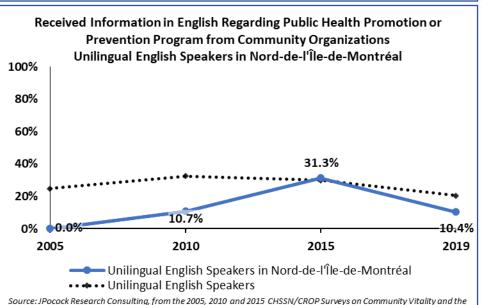
Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or Prevention Program from Community Organizations
English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

Variable		English	Speakers o Mon		'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
	male	28.7%	18.5%	17.9%	14.9%	29.2%	33.8%	26.2%	18.1%	
gender	marc	(n=35)	(n=38)	(n=36)	(n=85)	(n=1045)	(n=1067)	(n=1024)	(n=1133)	
Bellaci	female	9.2%	21.9%	16.7%	9.1%	25.8%	35.6%	30.6%	19.3%	
	Terriare	(n=49)	(n=56)	(n=50)	(n=148)	(n=1447)	(n=1491)	(n=1590)	(n=1797)	
	18-24 years	-	-	-	-	25.4%	23.1%	33.2%	15.6%	
	10 24 years	(n=5)	(n=6)	(n=2)	(n=9)	(n=111)	(n=68)	(n=63)	(n=58)	
	25-44 years	11.7%	19.9%	11.9%	12.2%	26.8%	29.2%	27.6%	16.8%	
age	23-44 years	(n=41)	(n=38)	(n=23)	(n=28)	(n=848)	(n=662)	(n=451)	(n=328)	
age	45-64 years	23.4%	16.7%	18.9%	8.7%	27.1%	35.8%	26.5%	19.4%	
		(n=31)	(n=39)	(n=50)	(n=117)	(n=1013)	(n=1185)	(n=1273)	(n=1324)	
	65 years and over	-	55.2%	37.1%	20.9%	30.9%	38.0%	32.3%	21.7%	
		(n=7)	(n=11)	(n=11)	(n=79)	(n=520)	(n=643)	(n=827)	(n=1220)	
	less than \$30k	23.4%	32.7%	-	4.7%	25.0%	30.3%	33.0%	24.4%	
		(n=23)	(n=21)	(n=10)	(n=39)	(n=483)	(n=408)	(n=397)	(n=415)	
	\$30-70k	6.9%	23.3%	14.9%	25.4%	26.1%	34.3%	27.5%	20.3%	
household income	730 70K	(n=31)	(n=29)	(n=28)	(n=62)	(n=877)	(n=819)	(n=881)	(n=774)	
mousenoid income	\$70-100k	-	9.5%	-	16.4%	30.9%	37.7%	31.6%	20.5%	
	970 100K	(n=9)	(n=14)	(n=9)	(n=34)	(n=340)	(n=346)	(n=345)	(n=398)	
	\$100k and over	-	23.6%	9.0%	2.3%	31.4%	41.3%	27.8%	18.3%	
	9100k and over	(n=6)	(n=13)	(n=20)	(n=33)	(n=326)	(n=421)	(n=540)	(n=623)	
knowledge of English and French	bilingual	23.7%	22.5%	14.5%	12.3%	29.3%	35.9%	28.0%	18.3%	
	Dilligual	(n=55)	(n=79)	(n=73)	(n=185)	(n=1329)	(n=1868)	(n=1924)	(n=2224)	
	unilingual English	0.0%	10.7%	31.3%	10.4%	24.7%	32.5%	30.0%	20.4%	
	dililigual Eligibil	(n=12)	(n=15)	(n=13)	(n=48)	(n=543)	(n=681)	(n=690)	(n=703)	
To	tal	19.1%	20.7%	17.3%	11.9%	27.5%	35.0%	28.5%	18.8%	
10	tui	(n=84)	(n=94)	(n=86)	(n=233)	(n=2492)	(n=2558)	(n=2614)	(n=2930)	

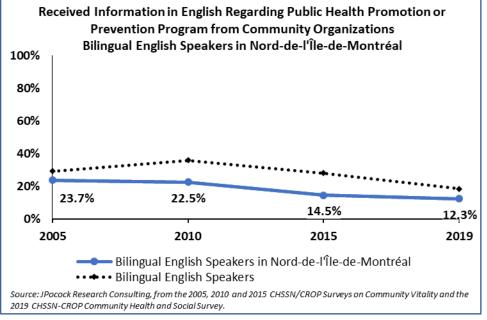
### 3.12.3 Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or Prevention Program from Community Organizations – Graphs







2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey

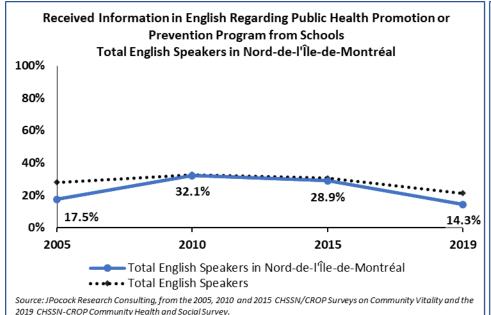


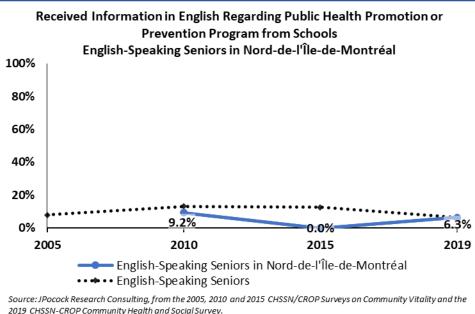
## 3.12.4 Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or Prevention Program from Schools

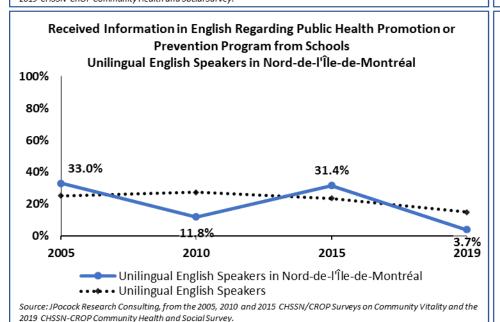
## Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or Prevention Program from Schools English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

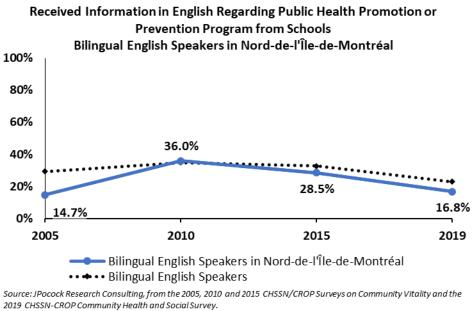
Variable		English	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
	male	24.2%	22.0%	23.4%	8.1%	28.6%	31.4%	28.2%	20.1%	
gender	Illaic	(n=37)	(n=41)	(n=35)	(n=89)	(n=1075)	(n=1090)	(n=1027)	(n=1154)	
Schaci	female	10.3%	37.6%	33.7%	20.2%	27.4%	33.5%	32.8%	22.3%	
	Terriore	(n=50)	(n=58)	(n=49)	(n=151)	(n=1464)	(n=1524)	(n=1579)	(n=1830)	
	18-24 years	-	-	-	-	41.3%	64.2%	46.3%	43.9%	
	10 24 years	(n=5)	(n=6)	(n=2)	(n=10)	(n=122)	(n=70)	(n=61)	(n=62)	
	25-44 years	20.3%	44.1%	38.3%	12.0%	35.9%	44.2%	39.9%	28.9%	
age		(n=44)	(n=40)	(n=23)	(n=29)	(n=871)	(n=672)	(n=455)	(n=337)	
age	45-64 years	19.5%	23.1%	24.6%	15.1%	25.9%	35.2%	27.5%	18.4%	
		(n=31)	(n=40)	(n=48)	(n=121)	(n=1017)	(n=1216)	(n=1268)	(n=1346)	
	65 years and over	-	9.2%	0.0%	6.3%	7.9%	13.2%	12.5%	6.5%	
		(n=7)	(n=13)	(n=11)	(n=80)	(n=529)	(n=656)	(n=822)	(n=1239)	
	less than \$30k	11.9%	27.5%	17.4%	0.0%	23.5%	23.9%	28.3%	11.8%	
	1033 than \$30k	(n=23)	(n=19)	(n=11)	(n=40)	(n=495)	(n=417)	(n=396)	(n=419)	
	\$30-70k	20.9%	28.4%	36.6%	13.4%	26.7%	31.6%	25.3%	19.7%	
household income	750 70K	(n=32)	(n=32)	(n=27)	(n=63)	(n=880)	(n=837)	(n=874)	(n=788)	
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	-	42.9%	-	17.8%	37.0%	41.8%	32.6%	23.6%	
	- 770-100K	(n=10)	(n=14)	(n=9)	(n=34)	(n=349)	(n=354)	(n=344)	(n=403)	
	\$100k and over	-	40.6%	38.1%	10.5%	36.1%	40.8%	38.6%	28.8%	
	7100K and over	(n=6)	(n=13)	(n=19)	(n=36)	(n=335)	(n=424)	(n=545)	(n=640)	
knowledge of English and French	bilingual	14.7%	36.0%	28.5%	16.8%	29.4%	34.8%	32.7%	23.0%	
	biiiiguai	(n=57)	(n=81)	(n=73)	(n=192)	(n=1355)	(n=1901)	(n=1917)	(n=2266)	
	unilingual English	33.0%	11.8%	31.4%	3.7%	25.1%	27.2%	23.4%	14.8%	
	uniningual English	(n=13)	(n=18)	(n=11)	(n=48)	(n=551)	(n=704)	(n=689)	(n=714)	
Total		17.5%	32.1%	28.9%	14.3%	28.0%	32.8%	30.5%	21.2%	
10	, cai	(n=87)	(n=99)	(n=84)	(n=240)	(n=2539)	(n=2614)	(n=2606)	(n=2984)	

## 3.12.4 Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or Prevention Program from Schools – Graphs







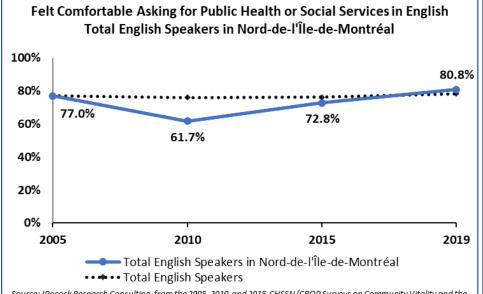


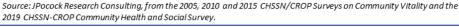
## 3.13 Comfortable Asking for Health or Social Services in English

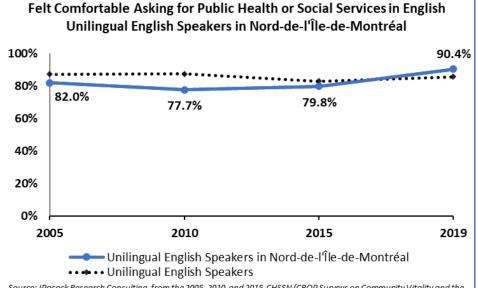
## Felt Comfortable Asking for Public Health or Social Services in English English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

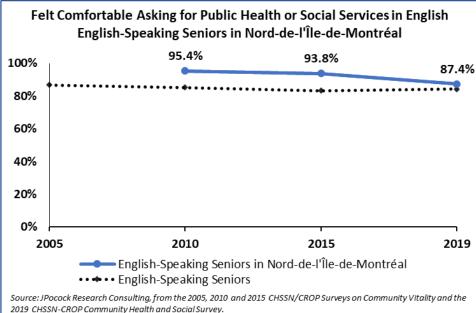
Variable		English	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
gender	male	78.8% (n=39)	64.8% (n=41)	70.6% (n=37)	86.5% (n=90)	76.8% (n=1097)	75.8% (n=1126)	77.3% (n=1053)	79.8% (n=1170)	
gender	female	75.0% (n=48)	60.0% (n=59)	74.7% (n=51)	75.5% (n=150)	77.5% (n=1491)	76.1% (n=1559)	75.0% (n=1626)	77.1% (n=1849)	
	18-24 years	- (n=5)	- (n=6)	- (n=2)	- (n=10)	73.3% (n=125)	71.8% (n=69)	81.9% (n=64)	91.3% (n=64)	
200	25-44 years	76.3% (n=44)	66.9% (n=39)	67.6% (n=23)	84.2% (n=30)	75.6% (n=888)	68.9% (n=691)	75.2% (n=467)	76.5% (n=337)	
age	45-64 years	74.7% (n=31)	52.3% (n=41)	70.4% (n=51)	73.8% (n=120)	75.3% (n=1040)	75.3% (n=1244)	72.5% (n=1303)	74.5% (n=1360)	
	65 years and over	- (n=7)	95.4% (n=14)	93.8% (n=12)	87.4% (n=80)	86.7% (n=535)	85.2% (n=681)	83.3% (n=845)	84.3% (n=1258)	
	less than \$30k	71.2% (n=22)	60.5% (n=21)	86.3% (n=11)	74.2% (n=40)	79.1% (n=496)	77.8% (n=426)	81.2% (n=401)	84.2% (n=422)	
household income	\$30-70k	82.2% (n=32)	68.9% (n=31)	77.6% (n=27)	83.4% (n=62)	78.3% (n=903)	76.7% (n=858)	75.0% (n=902)	76.6% (n=786)	
nousenoia income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)	47.6% (n=14)	- (n=10)	85.3% (n=35)	73.0% (n=356)	72.3% (n=360)	71.0% (n=356)	75.7% (n=411)	
	\$100k and over	- (n=6)	46.5% (n=13)	60.9% (n=20)	84.8% (n=35)	74.9% (n=344)	72.6% (n=437)	73.0% (n=559)	77.3% (n=646)	
knowledge of	bilingual	74.0% (n=57)	58.6% (n=82)	71.5% (n=75)	78.6% (n=191)	72.1% (n=1386)	71.5% (n=1944)	74.1% (n=1964)	76.4% (n=2293)	
English and French	unilingual English	82.0% (n=12)	77.7% (n=18)	79.8% (n=13)	90.4% (n=49)	87.3% (n=557)	87.5% (n=730)	82.9% (n=715)	85.6% (n=721)	
Total		<b>77.0%</b> (n=87)	<b>61.7%</b> (n=100)	<b>72.8%</b> (n=88)	<b>80.8%</b> (n=240)	<b>77.1%</b> (n=2588)	<b>76.0%</b> (n=2685)	<b>76.1%</b> (n=2679)	<b>78.4%</b> (n=3019)	

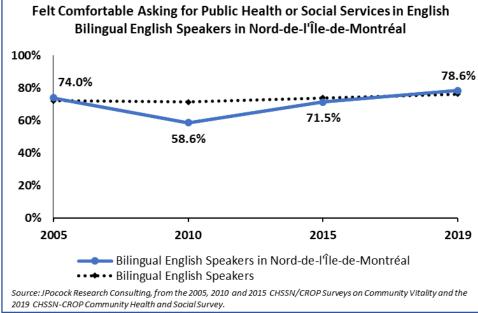
### 3.13 Comfortable Asking for Health or Social Services in English – Graphs









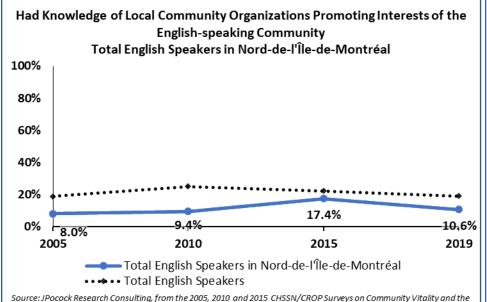


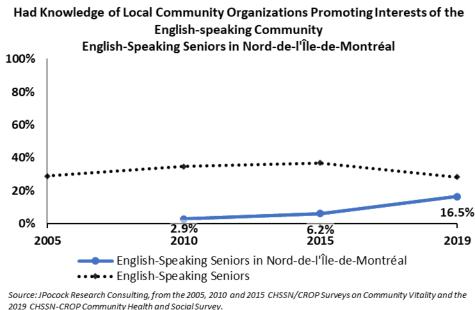
## 3.14 Knowledge of Local Community Organizations Promoting the Interests of English Speakers

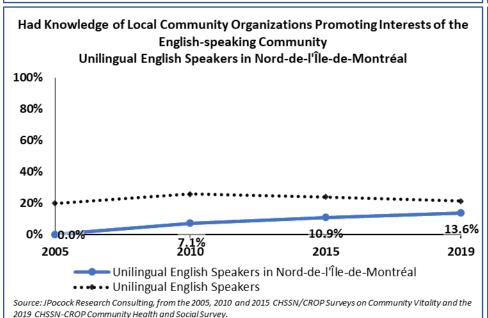
Had Knowledge of Local Community Organizations Promoting Interests of the English-speaking Community English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

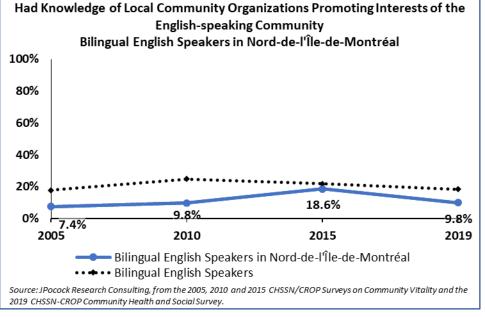
Variable		English	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de-l tréal	'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
	male	9.2%	16.0%	23.8%	8.6%	19.0%	22.6%	21.4%	16.1%	
gender	mare	(n=39)	(n=37)	(n=35)	(n=90)	(n=1085)	(n=1108)	(n=1024)	(n=1164)	
gender	female	6.6%	6.2%	12.0%	12.4%	18.6%	26.2%	23.0%	21.6%	
	Terriare	(n=50)	(n=58)	(n=53)	(n=148)	(n=1461)	(n=1530)	(n=1580)	(n=1833)	
	18-24 years	-	-	-	-	11.5%	10.4%	9.2%	18.9%	
	10-24 years	(n=5)	(n=6)	(n=2)	(n=10)	(n=120)	(n=68)	(n=60)	(n=61)	
	25-44 years	2.9%	5.0%	16.1%	11.4%	14.0%	11.5%	14.8%	15.8%	
200	25-44 years	(n=45)	(n=39)	(n=23)	(n=28)	(n=880)	(n=685)	(n=459)	(n=336)	
age	45-64 years	18.3%	14.4%	23.6%	8.3%	21.0%	26.1%	24.6%	16.7%	
		(n=31)	(n=39)	(n=51)	(n=122)	(n=1033)	(n=1227)	(n=1273)	(n=1349)	
	65 years and over	-	2.9%	6.2%	16.5%	28.9%	34.7%	36.9%	28.3%	
		(n=8)	(n=11)	(n=12)	(n=78)	(n=513)	(n=658)	(n=812)	(n=1251)	
	less than \$30k	0.0%	7.9%	35.7%	7.5%	14.4%	30.2%	29.8%	22.7%	
		(n=23)	(n=20)	(n=11)	(n=40)	(n=485)	(n=406)	(n=381)	(n=418)	
	\$30-70k	5.0%	4.0%	25.0%	15.4%	20.2%	28.2%	24.4%	18.6%	
household income	-70K	(n=33)	(n=30)	(n=28)	(n=63)	(n=890)	(n=844)	(n=883)	(n=787)	
nousenoid income	\$70-100k	-	14.9%	-	9.2%	19.7%	20.4%	20.0%	19.1%	
	\$70-100K	(n=10)	(n=14)	(n=10)	(n=34)	(n=357)	(n=359)	(n=350)	(n=405)	
	\$100k and over	-	15.1%	8.7%	7.7%	17.2%	22.2%	16.5%	18.7%	
	\$100k and over	(n=6)	(n=13)	(n=20)	(n=37)	(n=343)	(n=442)	(n=552)	(n=645)	
	hilingual	7.4%	9.8%	18.6%	9.8%	17.8%	24.7%	21.7%	18.3%	
knowledge of English and French	bilingual	(n=58)	(n=81)	(n=75)	(n=190)	(n=1361)	(n=1928)	(n=1921)	(n=2286)	
	unilingual English	0.0%	7.1%	10.9%	13.6%	19.8%	25.6%	24.0%	21.3%	
	unilingual English	(n=13)	(n=14)	(n=13)	(n=48)	(n=545)	(n=699)	(n=683)	(n=706)	
Total		8.0%	9.4%	17.4%	10.6%	18.8%	25.0%	22.2%	18.9%	
100	, cui	(n=89)	(n=95)	(n=88)	(n=238)	(n=2546)	(n=2638)	(n=2604)	(n=2997)	

### 3.14 Knowledge of Local Community Organizations Promoting the Interests of English Speakers – Graphs







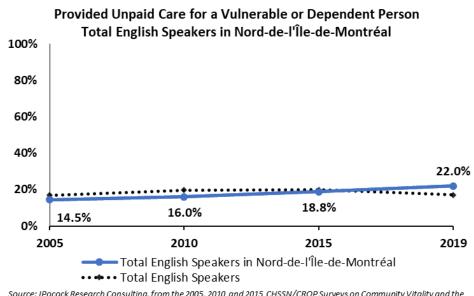


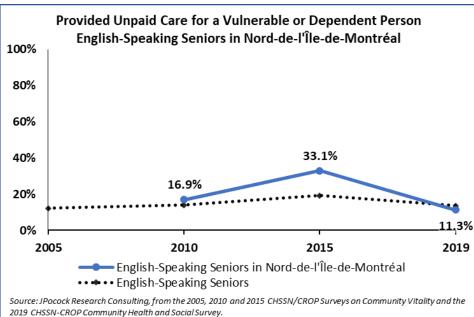
## 3.15 Provided Unpaid Care for a Vulnerable or Dependent Person

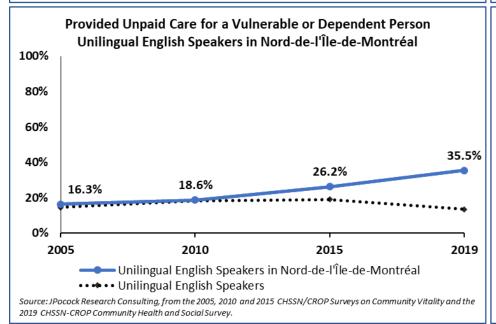
## Provided Unpaid Care for a Vulnerable or Dependent Person English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

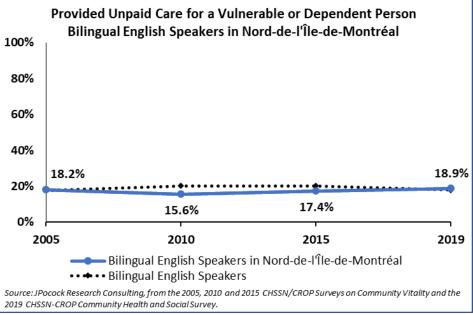
Variable		English	Speakers o	f Nord-de- tréal	l'Île-de-	Total English Speakers			
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019
and au	male	17.8% (n=37)	15.2% (n=39)	13.7% (n=36)	22.5% (n=90)	16.6% (n=1063)	16.1% (n=1106)	15.0% (n=1033)	14.8% (n=1176)
gender	female	11.1% (n=50)	16.4% (n=56)	23.3% (n=51)	21.6% (n=152)	17.3% (n=1449)	21.5% (n=1547)	24.6% (n=1611)	19.1% (n=1863)
	18-24 years	- (n=4)	- (n=5)	- (n=)	- (n=10)	8.8% (n=63)	22.1% (n=33)	16.1% (n=23)	22.0% (n=63)
200	25-44 years	16.9% (n=44)	10.8% (n=36)	9.9% (n=23)	26.9% (n=30)	13.9% (n=846)	13.8% (n=669)	16.3% (n=448)	15.2% (n=337)
age	45-64 years	13.9% (n=31)	20.4% (n=40)	24.6% (n=52)	23.4% (n=123)	23.1% (n=1053)	23.1% (n=1253)	23.7% (n=1308)	19.6% (n=1370)
	65 years and over	- (n=8)	16.9% (n=14)	33.1% (n=12)	11.3% (n=79)	12.2% (n=550)	13.9% (n=698)	19.2% (n=865)	13.5% (n=1269)
	less than \$30k	11.9% (n=23)	31.4% (n=20)	- (n=9)	18.2% (n=39)	15.2% (n=465)	19.6% (n=415)	21.9% (n=395)	10.4% (n=422)
hawaahald inaama	\$30-70k	9.7% (n=33)	14.6% (n=30)	32.3% (n=28)	24.8% (n=63)	18.3% (n=884)	22.1% (n=850)	21.4% (n=884)	18.4% (n=795)
household income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)	8.4% (n=14)	- (n=10)	14.1% (n=35)	16.7% (n=353)	21.2% (n=360)	22.1% (n=354)	12.0% (n=411)
	\$100k and over	- (n=6)	6.9% (n=12)	9.2% (n=20)	33.0% (n=37)	15.6% (n=336)	16.6% (n=440)	17.3% (n=555)	20.9% (n=649)
knowledge of	bilingual	18.2% (n=57)	15.6% (n=79)	17.4% (n=75)	18.9% (n=193)	17.7% (n=1317)	20.2% (n=1920)	20.2% (n=1936)	18.0% (n=2314)
English and French	unilingual English	16.3% (n=12)	18.6% (n=16)	26.2% (n=12)	35.5% (n=49)	14.6% (n=551)	18.3% (n=722)	19.1% (n=708)	13.4% (n=720)
To	otal	<b>14.5%</b> (n=87)	<b>16.0%</b> (n=95)	<b>18.8%</b> (n=87)	<b>22.0%</b> (n=242)	<b>16.9%</b> (n=2512)	<b>19.7%</b> (n=2653)	<b>19.9%</b> (n=2644)	<b>17.0%</b> (n=3039)

### 3.15 Provided Unpaid Care for a Vulnerable or Dependent Person – Graphs







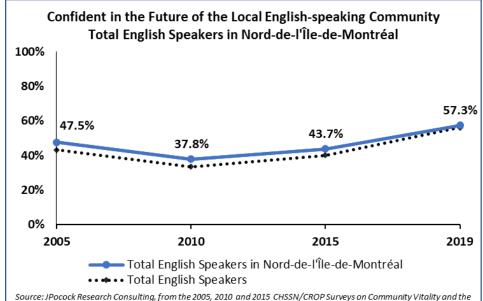


## 3.16 Confident in the Future of the Local English-Speaking Community

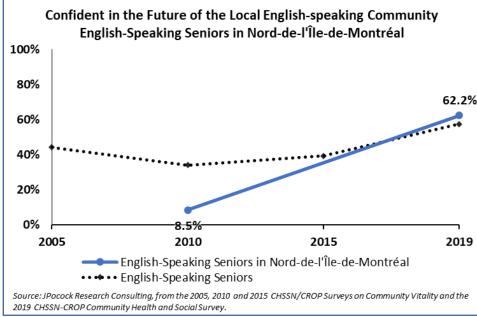
## Confident in the Future of the Local English-speaking Community English Speakers of Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2005-2019

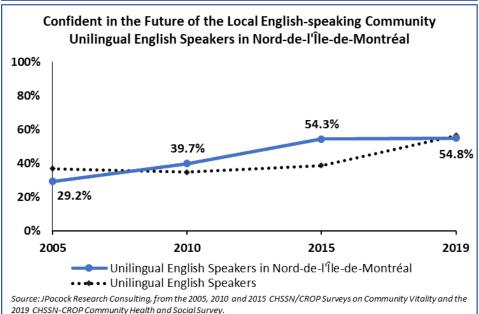
Variable		English	Speakers o Mon	f Nord-de-l tréal	l'Île-de-	Total English Speakers				
		2005	2010	2015	2019	2005	2010	2015	2019	
gender	male	49.6% (n=35)	35.8% (n=39)	52.6% (n=35)	63.7% (n=82)	47.7% (n=1047)	37.2% (n=1091)	40.5% (n=988)	61.3% (n=1120)	
gender	female	45.3% (n=46)	38.9% (n=55)	35.8% (n=47)	51.3% (n=141)	38.6% (n=1413)	31.6% (n=1518)	39.4% (n=1478)	51.2% (n=1764)	
	18-24 years	- (n=4)	- (n=5)	- (n=2)	- (n=10)	52.8% (n=63)	51.1% (n=33)	64.8% (n=62)	73.6% (n=62)	
200	25-44 years	64.8% (n=42)	40.8% (n=35)	41.2% (n=22)	68.7% (n=29)	46.4% (n=840)	36.5% (n=661)	40.7% (n=433)	57.4% (n=318)	
age	45-64 years	21.1% (n=30)	40.1% (n=40)	46.0% (n=48)	39.7% (n=110)	38.4% (n=1028)	32.4% (n=1240)	34.7% (n=1214)	51.4% (n=1318)	
	65 years and over	- (n=5)	8.5% (n=14)	- (n=10)	62.2% (n=74)	44.1% (n=529)	34.1% (n=675)	39.3% (n=757)	57.4% (n=1186)	
	less than \$30k	39.1% (n=22)	58.1% (n=20)	- (n=10)	60.5% (n=35)	34.9% (n=454)	28.9% (n=399)	49.3% (n=359)	56.7% (n=401)	
household income	\$30-70k	61.9% (n=32)	20.1% (n=29)	30.2% (n=28)	70.6% (n=58)	45.4% (n=871)	32.4% (n=841)	41.6% (n=844)	53.5% (n=760)	
nousenoia income	\$70-100k	- (n=10)	38.2% (n=14)	- (n=9)	55.0% (n=31)	49.5% (n=351)	34.9% (n=357)	36.0% (n=343)	56.7% (n=394)	
	\$100k and over	- (n=5)	48.8% (n=12)	33.7% (n=18)	50.3% (n=36)	42.4% (n=334)	38.5% (n=436)	35.0% (n=519)	58.2% (n=630)	
knowledge of	bilingual	54.3% (n=53)	37.5% (n=78)	41.7% (n=70)	57.9% (n=178)	46.1% (n=1299)	33.0% (n=1887)	40.4% (n=1821)	56.1% (n=2200)	
English and French	unilingual English	29.2% (n=11)	39.7% (n=16)	54.3% (n=12)	54.8% (n=45)	36.7% (n=529)	34.6% (n=711)	38.6% (n=645)	56.4% (n=680)	
Total		<b>47.5%</b> (n=81)	<b>37.8%</b> (n=94)	<b>43.7%</b> (n=82)	<b>57.3%</b> (n=223)	<b>43.2%</b> (n=2460)	<b>33.4%</b> (n=2609)	<b>40.0%</b> (n=2466)	<b>56.1%</b> (n=2884)	

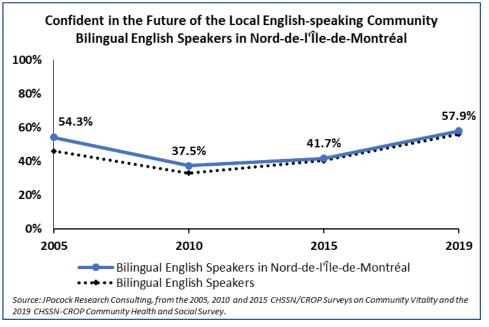
### 3.16 Confident in Future of Local English-Speaking Community – Graphs



2019 CHSSN-CROP Community Health and Social Survey.







## 4 Appendix 1

## 4.1 Survey Questions 2019

## 2.6 & 3.1 Satisfaction with the Availability of Local Health and Social Services in English

On a scale from 1 to 5, where 1 means not satisfied at all and 5 means totally satisfied, how satisfied are you with the availability of health and social services in English in your region?

#### 3.2.1 Used the Services of a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic in the Past Twelve Months

Within the last twelve months, in your region, have you used the services of a doctor in a private office or clinic either for yourself or to help another person?

## 3.2.2 Served in English by a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic

Were you or the person you helped served in English by the doctor you saw at a private office or clinic?

## 3.2.3 Felt Service by a Doctor in a Private Office or Clinic in English was Very Important

Considering the situation, do you feel it was VERY IMPORTANT to receive the service in English or would it have been acceptable to receive the service in French?

#### 3.3.1 Used the Services of a CLSC in the Past Twelve Months

Within the last twelve months, in your region, have you used the services of a CLSC, other than Info Santé or Info Social line either for yourself or to help another person?

### 3.3.2 Served in English at a CLSC

Thinking of your most recent visit to a CLSC for yourself or to help another person... Were you or the person you helped served in English at the CLSC (other than Info Santé or Info Social)?

### 3.3.3 Felt Service at CLSCs in English was Very Important

Considering the situation, do you feel it was VERY IMPORTANT to receive the service in English or was it acceptable to receive the service in French?

#### 3.4.1 Used the Services of Info Santé in the Past Twelve Months

Within the last twelve months, in your region, have you used the services of Info Santé or Info Social either for yourself or to help another person?

### 3.4.2 Served in English by Info Santé

Were you served in English by the person you spoke to at Info Santé or Info Social?

#### 3.4.3 Felt Service by Info Santé in English was Very Important

Considering the situation, do you feel it was VERY IMPORTANT to receive the service in English or was it acceptable to receive the service in French?

### 3.5.1 Used the Services of a Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic in the Past Twelve Months

Within the last twelve months, in your region, have you used the services of a hospital emergency room or out-patient clinic either for yourself or to help another person?

### 3.5.2 Served in English at a Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic

Were you or the person you helped served in English at the hospital emergency room or out-patient clinic?

## 3.5.3 Felt Service at a Hospital Emergency Room or Out-Patient Clinic in English was Very Important

Considering the situation, do you feel it was VERY IMPORTANT to receive the service in English or was it acceptable to receive the service in French?

## 3.6.1 Used the Services of a Hospital Requiring an Overnight Stay in the Past Twelve Months

Within the last twelve months, in your region, have you used a hospital service requiring at least one overnight stay either for yourself or to help another person? (IF YES:) THE LAST TIME IT HAPPENED, was it for yourself or to help another person?

### 3.6.2 Served in English During a Hospital Service Requiring an Overnight Stay

Were you served in English at the hospital when you or the person you helped stayed overnight for at least one night?

## 3.6.3 Felt Service in English During Overnight Stay at a Hospital was Very Important

Considering the situation, do you feel it was VERY IMPORTANT to receive the service in English or was it acceptable to receive the service in French?

### 3.7 Used Health and Social Services from a Public Institution in Another Region in the Past Twelve Months

Within the last twelve months, have you used (either for yourself or to help another person), health and social services from a public institution (CLSC, hospital, long-term care facility) in ANOTHER REGION?

#### 3.8.1 Expected to Require a Public Long-Term Care Institution in the Next Five Years

Do you expect that within the next five years, you or a person you know or care for will require a public long-term care institution for seniors?

### 3.8.2 Felt Service in English at a Public Long-Term Care Institution was Very Important

Do you feel it would be VERY IMPORTANT to receive these services in English or would it be acceptable to receive the service in French?

#### 3.9.1 Expected to Require a Public Homecare Program in the Next Five Years

Do you expect that within the next five years, you or a person you know or care for will require a public homecare program for seniors?

#### 3.10.1 Expected to Require a Private Residence or Nursing Home in the Next Five Years

Do you expect that within the next five years, you or a person you know or care for will require a private residence or private nursing home for seniors?

### 3.11.1 Expected to Require Private Nursing Services at Home or Private Homecare in the Next Five Years

Do you expect that within the next five years, you or a person you know or care for will require private nursing services at home or private homecare services for seniors?

### 3.12.1 Received Information in English Regarding Public Health and Social Services

In the last two years, have you received information about services in English that are provided by the public health and social services institutions in your region?

## 3.12.2 Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or Prevention Program from Public Authorities

In the last two years, have you received information on a public health promotion or prevention program in English from public health and social services institutions or public health authorities in your region?

3.12.3 Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or Prevention Program from Community Organizations
In the last two years, have you received information on a public health promotion or prevention program in English from a community organization in your region?

3.12.4 Received Information in English Regarding Public Health Promotion or Prevention Program from Schools

In the last two years, have you received information on a public health promotion or prevention program in English from schools in your region?

3.13 Comfortable Asking for Health or Social Services in English

When you require the service of a public health or social services institution, do you feel comfortable asking for the service in English?

3.14 Knowledge of Local Community Organizations Promoting the Interests of English Speakers

Do you know about the activities of a community organization in your region promoting the interests of the English-speaking community in health and social services?

3.15 Provided Unpaid Care for a Vulnerable or Dependent Person

Do you provide (unpaid) care for a vulnerable or dependent person?

3.16 Confident in the Future of the Local English-Speaking Community

Are you confident about the future of the English-speaking community in your region?