Gender Based Socio-demographic Profiles Volume 1: English-speaking Men and Fathers

RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest

BASED ON THE 2016 CENSUS OF CANADA



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FOR THE

Community Health and Social Services Network

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Socio-demographic Profiles of Men and Fathers

1 - Introduction

1.1 The Community Health and Social Services Network

The Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) supports the English-speaking communities of Québec in their efforts to redress health status inequalities and promote community vitality. It strengthens and mobilizes networks at the local, regional and provincial levels in order to address health determinants, influence public policy and develop services for English speakers who, too often are left out of the system. It's 65 member organizations from various sectors aim to improve vitality and health of individuals and families among Québec's minority language communities. Learn more at http://chssn.org/about-us/

CHSSN financially supports 25 local or regional community health and social services network organizations who mobilize citizens and multisectorial partners in all regions of Québec using a population health approach. They collectively address health determinants such as access to health services, healthy child development, education and literacy, and social environments or support networks.

1.2 About These Profiles

Volume 1 of these profiles draws from the 2016 Census of Canada to provide pertinent socio-demographic information on the men and fathers of Québec's English-speaking communities by Québec's RTS (réseau territorial de services) territories.¹ Volume 2 presents the same information for English-speaking women and mothers. They include information on their numbers, where they live, family structures they are part of, socio-economic issues they face and their likelihood to be members of a visible minority. Each regional profile includes tables, graphs and information bullets that provide provincial and regional statistics for selected characteristics as well as comparisons between French-speaking majority and English-speaking minority populations within these administrative territories.

Highlighting: The colour highlighting in the tables indicates the areas where a given characteristic is more prevalent in the English-speaking population when compared with the French-speaking population. Highlighting is only applied where the number of census respondents is greater than 30. Light gold shading indicates that the characteristic is **more** prevalent in the English-speaking population (ratio is between 1.05 and 1.20) and the dark gold colour indicates that the characteristic is **much more** prevalent in the English-speaking population (ratio is greater than 1.20).

Notes on population groups: *Fathers* in this report are defined as male parents with children aged 0 to 17 living at home. *Couples* refer to married and common-law partners, including those of opposite/same sex. *Men* refers to working-aged males aged 15 years and older.

¹ For further information go to <u>http://www.msss.gouv.qc.ca/professionnels/informations-geographiques-et-depopulation/decoupage-territorial/</u>

1.3 Definitions and Concepts

These profiles draw data from the Statistics Canada 2016 Census of Canada and are organized in accordance with its definitions and concepts. The census dictionary is available at https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/ref/dict/index-eng.cfm

<u>Census family</u> is defined as a married couple and the children, if any, of either and/or both spouses; a couple living common law and the children, if any, of either and/or both partners; or a lone parent of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling and that child or those children. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. Children may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family. <u>Census family households</u> are those with a married couple (with or without children), or a couple living common-law (with or without children), or a lone parent living with one or more children (lone-parent family).

Educational Attainment – Persons with low educational attainment are those with only a high school graduation certificate or less while those with high educational attainment are those with a university bachelor's degree or higher.

First Official Language Spoken (FOLS) The definitions of first official language spoken and official language minority are outlined in the Official Languages (Communications with and Services to the Public) Regulations issued pursuant to the Official Languages Act (1988). The official language minority is English in Québec and French in all other provinces and territories. First Official Language Spoken is derived from the census questions on knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language. Multiple responses are distributed equally among declared languages.

<u>Income</u> – Persons with low income are those with individual after-tax income less than \$20k while those with high income reported \$50k or more. This includes income from all sources. 'Income' refers to individual after-tax income and not family income.

<u>LICO</u> uses the income levels of a given family and considers how large a share of its income is spent on necessities such as food, shelter and clothing. If the amount a family spends is 20% higher than an average family in a year, it falls into the low-income cut-off category. People who live below income cut-offs may be said to live in "straitened circumstances." (Human Resources and Skills Development Canada, August 2009.)

Lone Parent Lone-parent family refers to families containing only one parent with his or her child(ren) living in the same dwelling. Lone parents may be of any marital status, including widowed, separated, divorced, or never married. In the case of non-widowed lone parents, custody is determined by which parent has custody on Census Day and may not fully reflect complex living arrangements and custodial circumstances. A given child will not appear in two different lone parent families in the same census year.

<u>Out of Labour Force</u> According to Statistics Canada, "Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the reference week, were unwilling or unable to offer or supply labour services under conditions existing in their labour markets (this includes persons who were full-time students currently attending school)."

<u>Private household</u> refers to a person or group of persons who occupy the same dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada or abroad. For census purposes, households are classified into three groups: private households, collective households and households outside Canada. Unless otherwise specified, all data in census products are for private households only.

<u>Visible minority</u> refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the Employment Equity Act and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as "persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour"

1.4 Methodological Notes

Data Source

These profiles draw information from datasets developed by the Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) using the 2016 Census of Canada. Findings are provided for Québec's RTS territories in which there are at least 250 English speaking residents.

Linguistic definitions

There are numerous linguistic definitions that are used to identify the English-speaking population in Québec. The choice of linguistic indicator depends largely on the issue being examined. These profiles use the <u>First Official Language Spoken</u> (FOLS) definition with multiple responses proportionally distributed since it best reflects the total English-speaking health service users in the province. First Official Language Spoken is derived from three census questions: knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language. Dual responses are divided equally among English-speaking and French-speaking groups. Other definitions include <u>Mother tongue</u> which refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood. The <u>language most often spoken at home</u> is used to designate the home language. <u>Knowledge of official languages</u> indicates the official language in which a person can carry on a conversation. The <u>language used most often at work</u> indicates the language spoken most frequently at work.

Demographic and Socio-economic Characteristics

The demographic and socio-economic variables addressed in these profiles are:

- Population size
- Family structure
- Age groups
- Educational attainment
- Labour force activity
- Full-time and part-time work
- Income categories (After-Tax)
- Low-income cut-off (LICO-AT)
- Visible minority status

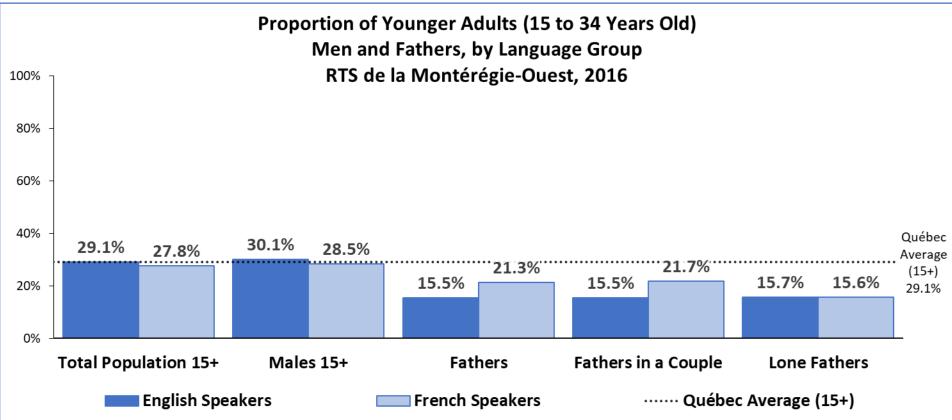
2 - Men and Fathers of RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest

2.1 Age Categories Among Men and Fathers - Table

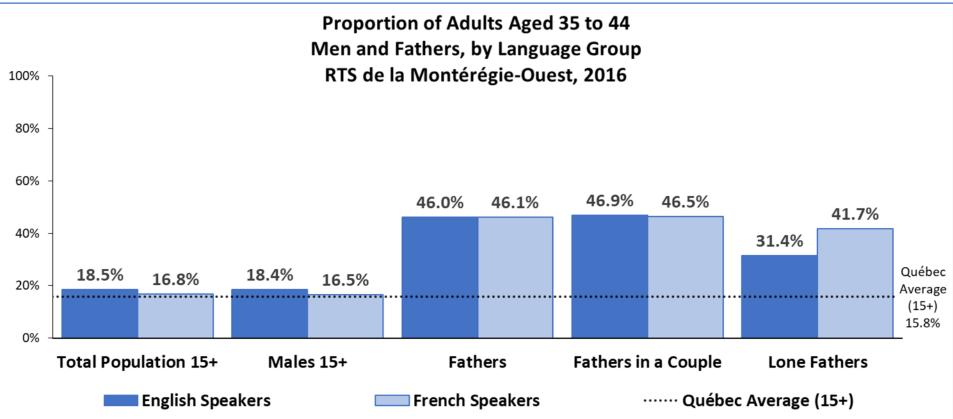
Men and Fathers, by Age and Language RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 2016													
			Fr	ench Speak	ers								
Population Group	Total	15 to 34 Years Old	35 to 44 Years Old	45 to 54 Years Old	55 Years and Over	Total	15 to 34 Years Old	35 to 44 Years Old	45 to 54 Years Old	55 Years and Over			
Total Population 15+	67,235	19,558	12,405	13,283	21,990	280,865	78,023	47,160	52,948	102,740			
Males 15+	33,430	10,068	6,158	6,533	10,670	138,445	39,438	22,823	26,223	49,955			
Fathers	9,645	1,495	4,440	3,190	530	34,120	7,265	15,730	9,585	1,545			
Fathers in a Couple	9,135	1,415	4,280	2,960	480	31,625	6,875	14,690	8,730	1,330			
Lone Fathers	510	80	160	230	50	2,495	390	1,040	855	215			
				Percen	tages								
Total Population 15+	100.0%	29.1%	18.5%	19.8%	32.7%	100.0%	27.8%	16.8%	18.9%	36.6%			
Males 15+	100.0%	30.1%	18.4%	19.5%	31.9%	100.0%	28.5%	16.5%	18.9%	36.1%			
Fathers	100.0%	15.5%	46.0%	33.1%	5.5%	100.0%	21.3%	46.1%	28.1%	4.5%			
Fathers in a Couple	100.0%	15.5%	46.9%	32.4%	5.3%	100.0%	21.7%	46.5%	27.6%	4.2%			
Lone Fathers	100.0%	15.7%	31.4%	45.1%	9.8%	100.0%	15.6%	41.7%	34.3%	8.6%			

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in Private Households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. Parents include only those with at least one child aged 0-17 living at home. Men refer to those parents who reported their sex as male. Couples refer to married and common-law partners, including those of opposite/same-sex. Light gold indicates a higher level for English speakers and dark gold indicates a much higher level.

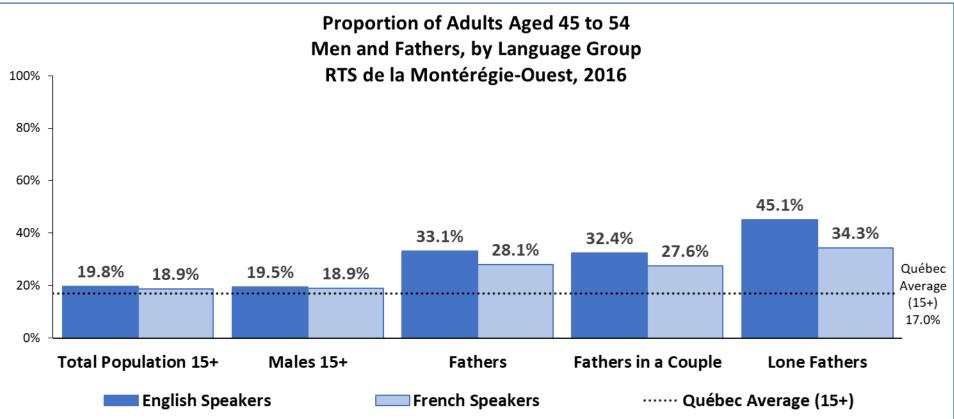
2.1.1 Adults Aged 15 to 34 Among Men and Fathers - Graph



- Among English-speaking men in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 30.1% were aged 15 to 34 years. This was higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking men (28.5%) and similar to the proportion for the total English-speaking population (29.1%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 15.5% of English-speaking fathers were aged 15 to 34 years. This was much lower than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (21.3%) and much lower than that of English-speaking men (30.1%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who were aged 15 to 34 years (15.7%) was similar to the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (15.6%) and was similar to the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (15.5%).

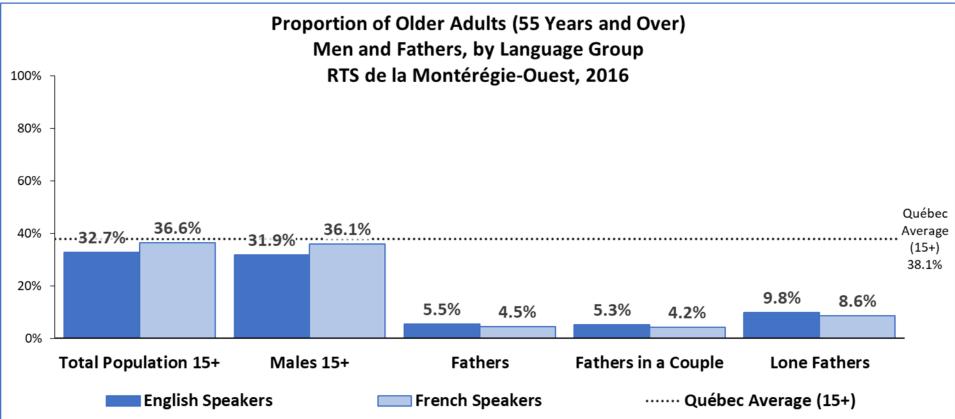


- Among English-speaking men in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 18.4% were aged 35 to 44 years. This was higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking men (16.5%) and similar to the proportion for the total English-speaking population (18.5%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 46.0% of English-speaking fathers were aged 35 to 44 years. This was similar to the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (46.1%) and much higher than that of English-speaking men (18.4%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who were aged 35 to 44 years (31.4%) was much lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (41.7%) and was much lower than the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (46.9%).



- Among English-speaking men in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 19.5% were aged 45 to 54 years. This was similar to the proportion reported for French-speaking men (18.9%) and similar to the proportion for the total English-speaking population (19.8%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 33.1% of English-speaking fathers were aged 45 to 54 years. This was higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (28.1%) and much higher than that of English-speaking men (19.5%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who were aged 45 to 54 years (45.1%) was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (34.3%) and was much higher than the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (32.4%).

2.1.4 Older Adults (55+) Among Men and Fathers - Graph

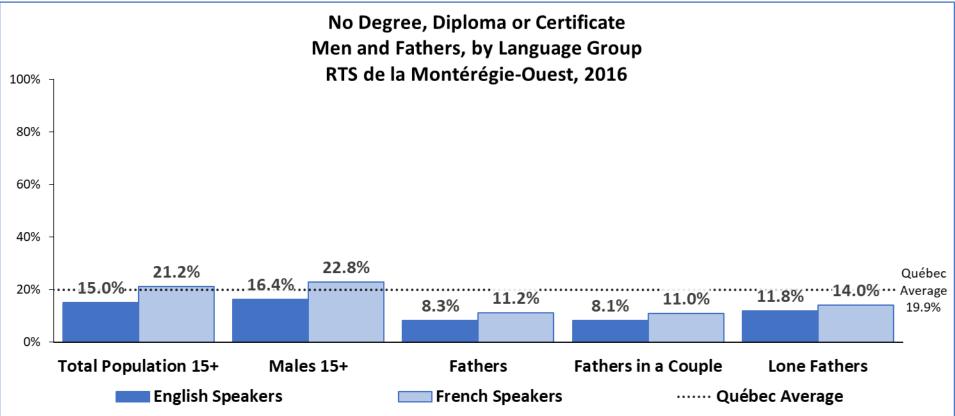


- Among English-speaking men in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 31.9% were aged 55 years or older. This was lower than the proportion reported for French-speaking men (36.1%) and similar to the proportion for the total English-speaking population (32.7%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 5.5% of English-speaking fathers were aged 55 years or older. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (4.5%) and much lower than that of English-speaking men (31.9%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who were aged 55 years or older (9.8%) was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (8.6%) and was much higher than the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (5.3%).

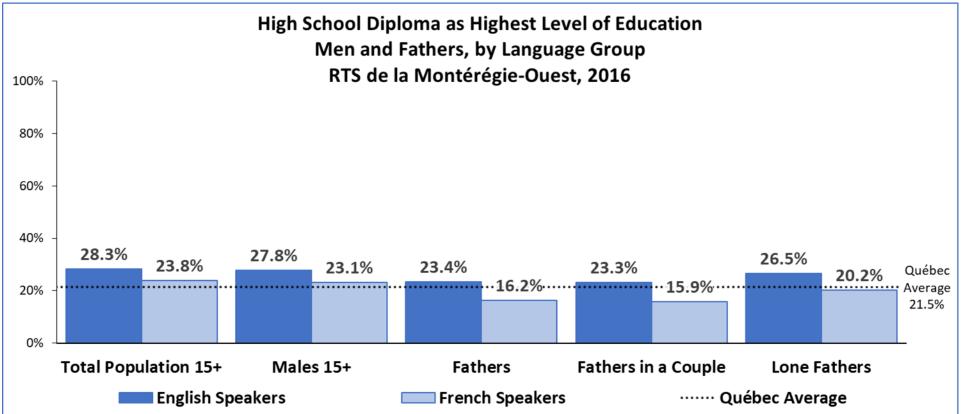
2.2 Highest Level of Education Among Men and Fathers - Table

	Highest Level of Educational Attainment Men and Fathers, by Language Group RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 2016											
			Engl	ish Speaker	S				Fren	ch Speaker	s	
Population Group	Total	No Degree	High School Diploma	Apprentice- ship or Trades	CEGEP or other Below BA	University BA or Higher	Total	No Degree	High School Diploma	Apprentice- ship or Trades	CEGEP or other Below BA	University BA or Higher
Total Population 15+	67,235	10,053	19,055	8,153	16,063	13,915	280,865	59,608	66,785	54,513	58,188	41,780
Males 15+	33,430	5,480	9,300	5,203	7,158	6,285	138,445	31,560	31,915	33,148	24,028	17,790
Fathers	9,645	800	2,260	1,595	2,395	2,595	34,120	3,820	5,540	9,515	7,495	7,750
Fathers in a Couple	9,135	740	2,125	1,500	2,260	2,510	31,625	3,470	5,035	8,790	7,005	7,325
Lone Fathers	510	60	135	95	135	85	2,495	350	505	725	490	425
					Percenta	ges						
Total Population 15+	100.0%	15.0%	28.3%	12.1%	23.9%	20.7%	100.0%	21.2%	23.8%	19.4%	20.7%	14.9%
Males 15+	100.0%	16.4%	27.8%	15.6%	21.4%	18.8%	100.0%	22.8%	23.1%	23.9%	17.4%	12.8%
Fathers	100.0%	8.3%	23.4%	16.5%	24.8%	26.9%	100.0%	11.2%	16.2%	27.9%	22.0%	22.7%
Fathers in a Couple	100.0%	8.1%	23.3%	16.4%	24.7%	27.5%	100.0%	11.0%	15.9%	27.8%	22.2%	23.2%
Lone Fathers	100.0%	11.8%	26.5%	18.6%	26.5%	16.7%	100.0%	14.0%	20.2%	29.1%	19.6%	17.0%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in Private Households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. Parents include only those with at least one child aged 0-17 living at home. Men refer to those parents who reported their sex as male. Couples refer to married and common-law partners, including those of opposite/same-sex. Light gold indicates a higher level for English speakers and dark gold indicates a much higher level.

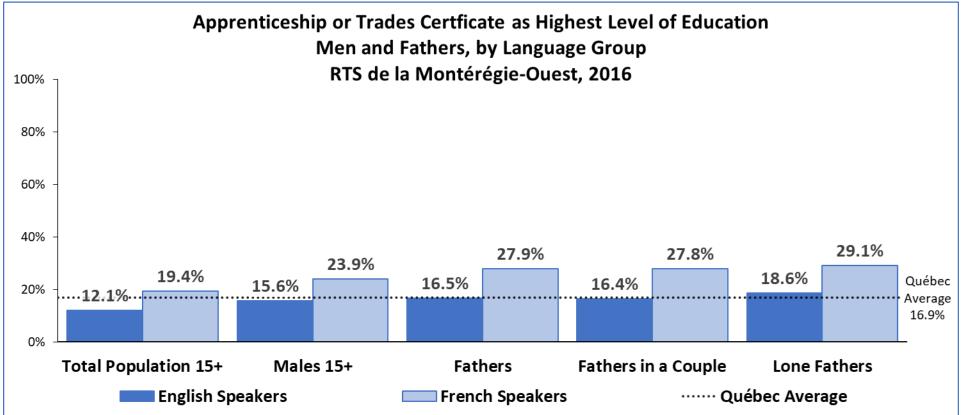


- Among English-speaking men in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 16.4% reported having no degree or certification. This was much lower than the proportion reported for French-speaking men (22.8%) and higher than the proportion for the total English-speaking population (15.0%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 8.3% of English-speaking fathers reported having no degree or certification. This was much lower than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (11.2%) and much lower than that of English-speaking men (16.4%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who reported having no degree or certification (11.8%) was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (14.0%) and was much higher than the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (8.1%).



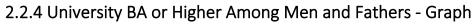
2.2.2 High School Diploma as Highest Level of Education Among Men and Fathers - Graph

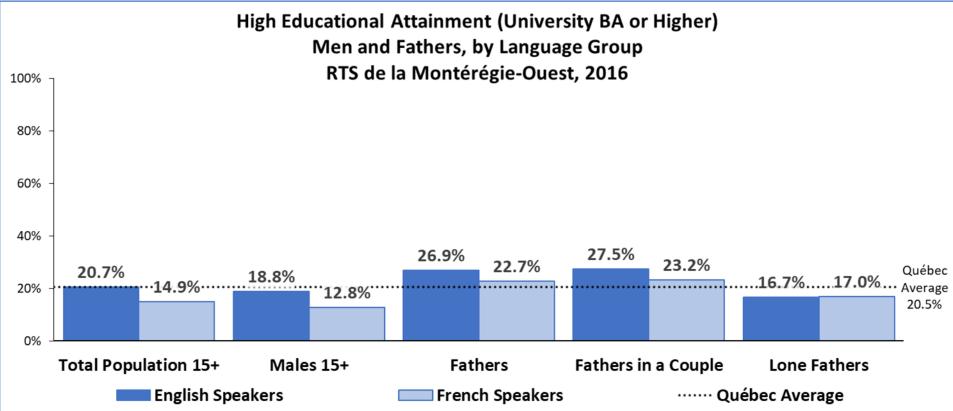
- Among English-speaking men in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 27.8% reported a high school diploma as their highest level of education. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking men (23.1%) and similar to the proportion for the total English-speaking population (28.3%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 23.4% of English-speaking fathers reported a high school diploma as their highest level of education. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (16.2%) and lower than that of English-speaking men (27.8%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who reported a high school diploma as their highest level of education (26.5%) was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (20.2%) and was higher than the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (23.3%).



2.2.3 Apprenticeship or Trades Certificate as Highest Level of Education Among Men and Fathers - Graph

- Among English-speaking men in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 15.6% reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate. This was much lower than the proportion reported for French-speaking men (23.9%) and much higher than the proportion for the total English-speaking population (12.1%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 16.5% of English-speaking fathers reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate. This was much lower than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (27.9%) and higher than that of English-speaking men (15.6%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate (18.6%) was much lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (29.1%) and was higher than the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (16.4%).



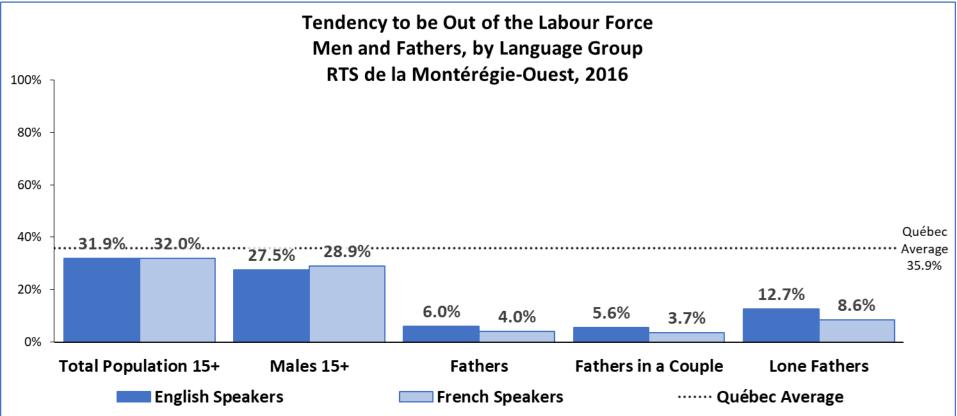


- Among English-speaking men in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 18.8% held a university degree at a Bachelor's level or higher. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking men (12.8%) and lower than the proportion for the total English-speaking population (20.7%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 26.9% of English-speaking fathers held a university degree at a Bachelor's level or higher. This was higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (22.7%) and much higher than that of English-speaking men (18.8%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who held a university degree at a Bachelor's level or higher (16.7%) was similar to the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (17.0%) and was much lower than the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (27.5%).

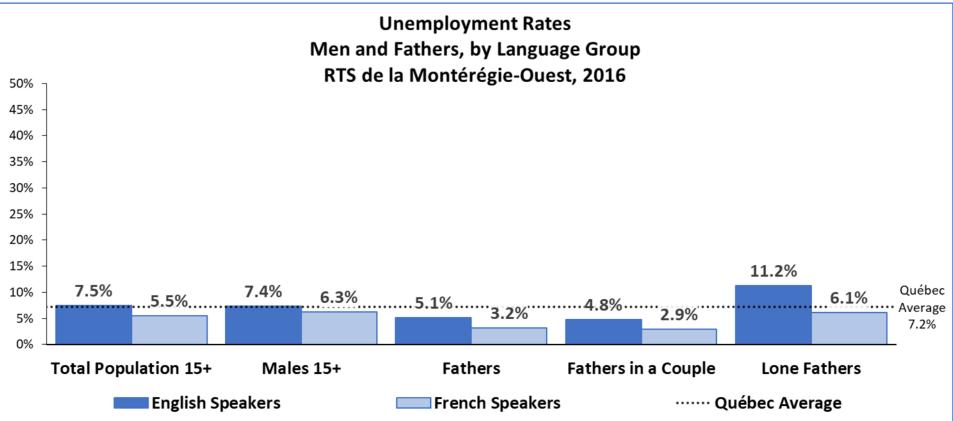
2.3 Labour Force Activity Among Men and Fathers - Table

Labour Force Activity Men and Fathers, by Language Group RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 2016											
Population Group	Total	In the Labour Force	English Spe Employed	unemployed	Out of the Labour Force	Total	Fr In the Labour Force	ench Speal	kers Unemployed	Out of the Labour Force	
Total Population 15+	67,235	45,775	42,360	3,418	21,455	280,865	190,920	180,355	10,568	89,950	
Males 15+	33,430	24,230	22,435	1,793	9,200	138,445	98,395	92,235	6,173	40,050	
Fathers	9,645	9,070	8,610	460	575	34,120	32,750	31,710	1,035	1,370	
Fathers in a Couple	9,135	8,625	8,215	410	510	31,625	30,465	29,565	895	1,155	
Lone Fathers	510	445	395	50	65	2,495	2,285	2,145	140	215	
				Percen	tages						
Total Population 15+	100.0%	68.1%	63.0%	7.5%	31.9%	100.0%	68.0%	64.2%	5.5%	32.0%	
Males 15+	100.0%	72.5%	67.1%	7.4%	27.5%	100.0%	71.1%	66.6%	6.3%	28.9%	
Fathers	100.0%	94.0%	89.3%	5.1%	6.0%	100.0%	96.0%	92.9%	3.2%	4.0%	
Fathers in a Couple	100.0%	94.4%	89.9%	4.8%	5.6%	100.0%	96.3%	93.5%	2.9%	3.7%	
Lone Fathers	100.0%	87.3%	77.5%	11.2%	12.7%	100.0%	91.6%	86.0%	6.1%	8.6%	

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in Private Households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. Parents include only those with at least one child aged 0-17 living at home. Men refer to those parents who reported their sex as male. Couples refer to married and common-law partners, including those of opposite/same-sex. Light gold indicates a higher level for English speakers and dark gold indicates a much higher level.



- Among English-speaking men in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 27.5% were out of the labour force. This was similar to the proportion reported for French-speaking men (28.9%) and lower than the proportion for the total English-speaking population (31.9%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 6.0% of English-speaking fathers were out of the labour force. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (4.0%) and much lower than that of English-speaking men (27.5%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who were out of the labour force (12.7%) was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (8.6%) and was much higher than the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (5.6%).



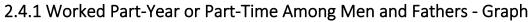
- Among English-speaking men in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 7.4% were unemployed. This was higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking men (6.3%) and similar to the proportion for the total English-speaking population (7.5%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 5.1% of English-speaking fathers were unemployed. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (3.2%) and much lower than that of English-speaking men (7.4%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who were unemployed (11.2%) was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (6.1%) and was much higher than the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (4.8%).

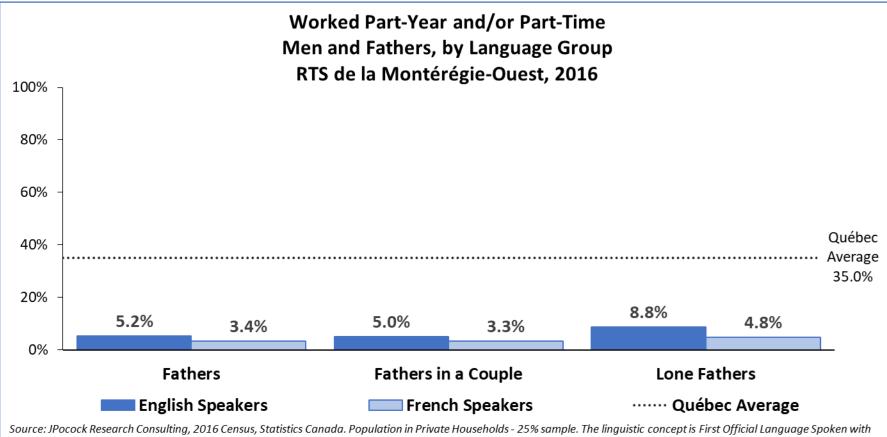
2.4 Part-Time and Full-Time Work Among Men and Fathers - Table

Er	nglish-	and Frend	ch-Speaki	ull-Time V ng Fathers	, by Far	nily Typ	e					
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 2016												
		Englis	h Speakers			French	Speakers					
Population Group	Total	Worked Full- Year, Full- Time	Worked Part- Year and/or Part-Time	Did Not Work in Previous Year	Total	Worked Full-Year, Full-Time	Worked Part- Year and/or Part-Time	Did Not Work in Previous Year				
Fathers	9,645	8,510	505	630	34,120	31,730	1,165	1,225				
Fathers in a Couple	9,135	8,120	460	555	31,625	29,570	1,045	1,005				
Lone Fathers	510	390	45	75	2,495	2,160	120	220				
			Percen	tages								
Fathers	100.0%	88.2%	5.2%	6.5%	100.0%	93.0%	3.4%	3.6%				
Fathers in a Couple	100.0%	88.9%	5.0%	6.1%	100.0%	93.5%	3.3%	3.2%				
Lone Fathers	100.0%	76.5%	8.8%	14.7%	100.0%	86.6%	4.8%	8.8%				
Source: JPocock Research Consultin	2,	•				5	•					

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in Private Households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. Parents include only those with at least one child aged 0-17 living at home. Men refer to those parents who reported their sex as male. Couples refer to married and common-law partners, including those of opposite/same-sex. Light gold indicates a higher level for English speakers and dark gold indicates a much higher level.

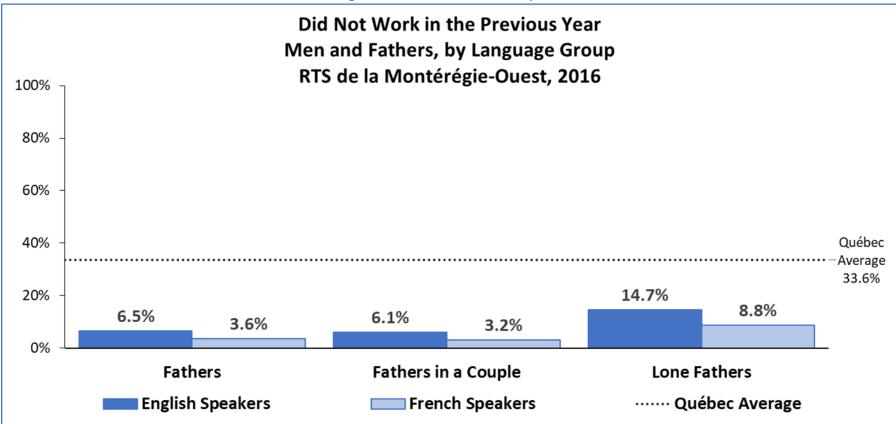
Note: due to limitations of the available data, the total population 15+ and males 15+ have been excluded from this table and related graphs.





multiple responses distributed equally. Fathers refer to male parents with at least one child aged 0 to 17 living at home. Couples include common-law and same-sex partners.

- Among English-speaking fathers in a couple in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 5.0% worked part-year and/or part-time in 2015. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers in a couple (3.3%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 8.8% of English-speaking lone fathers worked part-year and/or part-time. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking lone fathers (4.8%) and much higher than that of English-speaking fathers in a couple (5.0%).



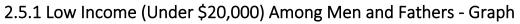
2.4.2 Did Not Work in the Previous Year Among Men and Fathers - Graph

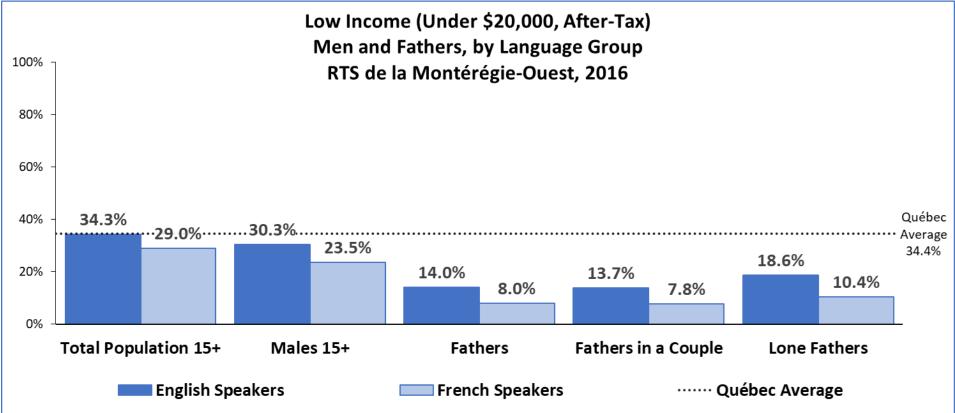
- Among English-speaking fathers in a couple in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 6.1% did not work in 2015. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers in a couple (3.2%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 14.7% of English-speaking lone fathers did not work in 2015. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking lone fathers (8.8%) and much higher than that of English-speaking fathers in a couple (6.1%).

2.5 Income Categories Among Men and Fathers - Table

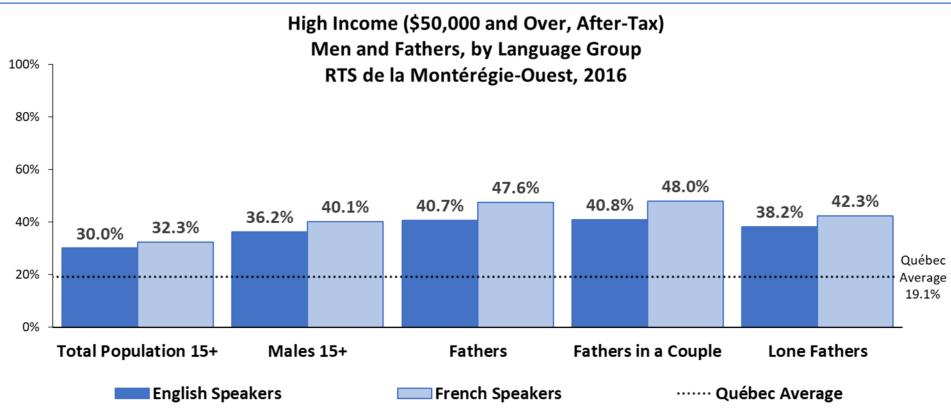
Income Categories Men and Fathers, by Language Group RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 2016											
Population Group	Total	English S Under \$20,000 (Including No Income)	peakers \$20,000 - \$49,999	Earning \$50,000 and Over	Total	French S Under \$20,000 (Including No Income)	\$20,000 - \$49,999	Earning \$50,000 and Over			
Total Population 15+	67,235	23,058	23,980	20,193	280,865	81,453	108,790	90,623			
Males 15+	33,430	10,143	11,180	12,110	138,445	32,558	50,420	55,470			
Fathers	9,645	1,350	4,365	3,925	34,120	2,730	15,160	16,235			
Fathers in a Couple	9,135	1,255	4,145	3,730	31,625	2,470	13,975	15,180			
Lone Fathers	510	95	220	195	2,495	260	1,185	1,055			
			Percenta	ages							
Total Population 15+	100.0%	34.3%	35.7%	30.0%	100.0%	29.0%	38.7%	32.3%			
Males 15+	100.0%	30.3%	33.4%	36.2%	100.0%	23.5%	36.4%	40.1%			
Fathers	100.0%	14.0%	45.3%	40.7%	100.0%	8.0%	44.4%	47.6%			
Fathers in a Couple	100.0%	13.7%	45.4%	40.8%	100.0%	7.8%	44.2%	48.0%			
Lone Fathers	100.0%	18.6%	43.1%	38.2%	100.0%	10.4%	47.5%	42.3%			
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016	Census, Stati	stics Canada. Populat	ion in Private H	ouseholds - 25% s	ample.The ling	uistic concept is Firs	t Official Langua	ige Spoken with			

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in Private Households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. Parents include only those with at least one child aged 0-17 living at home. Men refer to those parents who reported their sex as male. Couples refer to married and common-law partners, including those of opposite/same-sex. Light gold indicates a higher level for English speakers and dark gold indicates a much higher level. Refers to individual After-Tax income.





- Among English-speaking men in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 30.3% earned under \$20,000 in 2015. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking men (23.5%) and lower than the proportion for the total English-speaking population (34.3%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 14.0% of English-speaking fathers earned under \$20,000 in 2015. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (8.0%) and much lower than that of English-speaking men (30.3%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who earned under \$20,000 in 2015 (18.6%) was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (10.4%) and was much higher than the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (13.7%).



2.5.2 High Income (\$50,000 or More) Among Men and Fathers - Graph

- Among English-speaking men in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 36.2% earned \$50,000 or more in 2015. This was lower than the proportion reported for French-speaking men (40.1%) and much higher than the proportion for the total English-speaking population (30.0%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 40.7% of English-speaking fathers earned \$50,000 or more in 2015. This was lower than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (47.6%) and higher than that of English-speaking men (36.2%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who earned \$50,000 or more in 2015 (38.2%) was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (42.3%) and was lower than the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (40.8%).

2.6 Low-Income Cut-Off Status Among Men and Fathers – Table

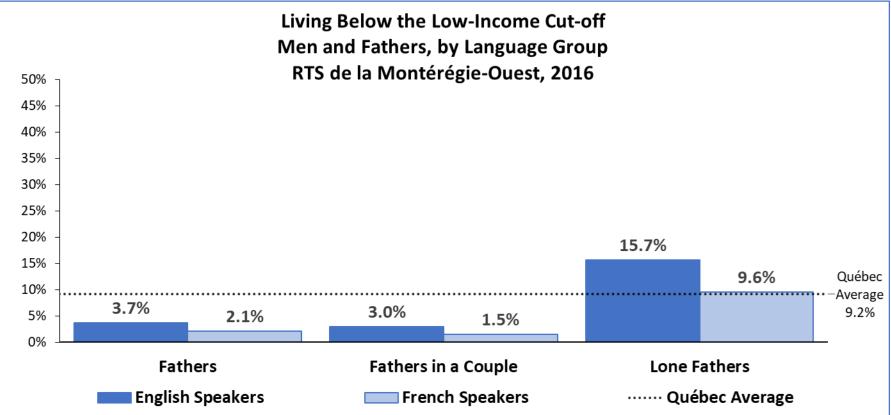
Low-Income Cut-off (LICO-AT) Status English- and French-Speaking Fathers, by Family Type RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 2016

	E	nglish Speaker	rs	French Speakers				
Population Group	Total	Living Above LICO	Living Below LICO	Total	Living Above LICO	Living Below LICO		
Fathers	9,645	9,165	355	34,120	33,405	715		
Fathers in a Couple	9,135	8,740	275	31,625	31,145	475		
Lone Fathers	510	425	80	2,495	2,260	240		
		Percentage	S					
Fathers	100.0%	95.0%	3.7%	100.0%	97.9%	2.1%		
Fathers in a Couple	100.0%	95.7%	3.0%	100.0%	98.5%	1.5%		
Lone Fathers	100.0%	83.3%	15.7%	100.0%	90.6%	9.6%		

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in Private Households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. Parents include only those with at least one child aged 0-17 living at home. Men refer to those parents who reported their sex as male. Couples refer to married and common-law partners, including those of opposite/same-sex. Light gold indicates a higher level for English speakers and dark gold indicates a much higher level.

Note: due to limitations of the available data, the total population 15+ and males 15+ have been excluded from this table and related graph.



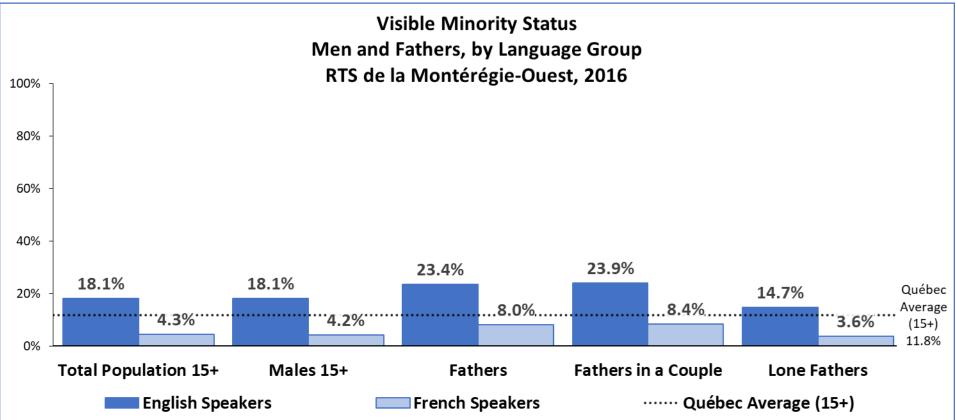


- Among English-speaking fathers in a couple in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 3.0% reported to be living below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers in a couple (1.5%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 15.7% of English-speaking lone fathers reported to be living below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking lone fathers (9.6%) and much higher than that of English-speaking fathers in a couple (3.0%).

2.7 Visible Minority Status Among Men and Fathers - Table

Ν	Visible Minority Status Men and Fathers, by Language Group RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 2016												
	E	nglish Speakers		F	rench Speaker	s							
Population Group	Total	Non-Visible Minority Population	Visible Minority	Total	Non-Visible Minority Population	Visible Minority							
Total Population 15+	67,235	55,080	12,155	280,865	268,730	12,140							
Males 15+	33,430	27,370	6,060	138,445	132,575	5,875							
Fathers	9,645	7,385	2,260	34,120	31,370	2,745							
Fathers in a Couple	9,135	6,950	2,185	31,625	28,965	2,655							
Lone Fathers	510	435	75	2,495	2,405	90							
		Percentag	jes			-							
Total Population 15+	100.0%	81.9%	18.1%	100.0%	95.7%	4.3%							
Males 15+	100.0%	81.9%	18.1%	100.0%	95.8%	4.2%							
Fathers	100.0%	76.6%	23.4%	100.0%	91.9%	8.0%							
Fathers in a Couple	100.0%	76.1%	23.9%	100.0%	91.6%	8.4%							
Lone Fathers	100.0%	85.3%	14.7%	100.0%	96.4%	3.6%							
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 201	6 Census, Statistics	Canada. Population ir	n Private Househo	lds - 25% sample.1	The linguistic concept	t is First Official							

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in Private Households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. Parents include only those with at least one child aged 0-17 living at home. Men refer to those parents who reported their sex as male. Couples refer to married and common-law partners, including those of opposite/same-sex. Light gold indicates a higher level for English speakers and dark gold indicates a much higher level.



- Among English-speaking males aged 15 years and over in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 18.1% were members of a visible minority. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking men (4.2%) and similar to the proportion for the total English-speaking population (18.1%).
- In RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest, 23.4% of English-speaking fathers were members of a visible minority. This was much higher than the proportion reported for French-speaking fathers (8.0%) and much higher than that of English-speaking men (18.1%).
- The proportion of English-speaking lone fathers in RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest who were members of a visible minority (14.7%) was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (3.6%) and was much lower than the proportion among English-speaking fathers in a couple (23.9%).

3 - Men and Fathers Across Québec

3.1 Males and Females Aged 15+ Across Québec

	Males and Females Aged 15 Years and Over by Language Group Québec and its RTS Territories, 2016 English Speakers French Speakers											
Geography	Total Population Aged 15+	Eng Total Aged 15+	lish Speako Males 15+	Females 15+	Fre Total Aged 15+	ench Speake Males 15+	Females 15+					
Québec	6,634,280	932,838	468,463	464,375	5,652,213	2,774,518	2,877,695					
RTS du Bas-Saint-Laurent	161,585	993	493	500	160,563	79,748	80,815					
RTS du Saguenay – Lac-Saint-Jean	226,365	1,693	890	808	224,643	112,600	112,043					
RTS de la Capitale-Nationale	599,895	12,588	6,618	5,965	586,103	286,473	299,625					
RTS de la Mauricie-et-du-Centre-du-Québec	414,365	5,193	2,660	2,528	408,578	202,665	205,913					
RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke	383,270	31,838	15,775	16,060	350,573	173,695	176,880					
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	291,080	164,370	80,888	83,485	122,235	57,383	64,850					
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	283,615	160,150	77,835	82,315	117,505	56,315	61,185					
RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	255,580	69,440	35,698	33,743	182,940	92,958	89,983					
RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	343,345	77,393	39,980	37,413	256,653	121,855	134,798					
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	417,370	65,320	33,608	31,715	343,720	163,953	179,775					
RTS de l'Outaouais	309,055	58,373	29,778	28,598	249,598	121,193	128,413					
RTS de l'Abitibi-Témiscamingue	118,105	4,345	2,095	2,243	113,715	57,640	56,073					
RTS de la Côte-Nord	75,255	4,285	2,110	2,175	70,765	35,755	35,005					
RTS de la Gaspésie	66,125	6,883	3,273	3,610	59,238	29,113	30,125					
RTS des Îles	10,785	615	315	300	10,175	4,940	5,240					
RTS de Chaudière-Appalaches	338,470	3,288	1,555	1,735	335,058	168,375	166,675					
RTS de Laval	337,495	75,270	38,713	36,555	256,060	122,958	133,105					
RTS de Lanaudière	400,015	12,120	6,203	5,923	387,185	191,678	195,508					
RTS des Laurentides	479,010	31,750	16,385	15,368	446,475	219,640	226,838					
RTS de la Montérégie-Centre	323,285	46,030	23,083	22,945	273,580	133,218	140,355					
RTS de la Montérégie-Est	419,585	16,953	8,775	8,185	401,658	196,470	205,185					
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest	348,995	67,235	33,430	33,805	280,865	138,445	142,425					
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Can Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally.	ada. Population in	Private Househ	olds - 25% sa	mple. The ling	guistic concept	is First Official	Language					

3.2 English-Speaking Men and Fathers Across Québec

Men, Parents and Fathers English- and French-Speaking Population Québec and its RTS Territories, 2016												
	English Speakers Total Parents with					Total	Fre	nch Speakers Parents with				
Geography		Males 15+	children 0-17 at home*	Fathers	Lone Fathers	Population Aged 15+	Males 15+	children 0-17 at home*	Fathers	Lone Fathers		
Québec	932,838	468,463	239,525	115,360	5 <i>,</i> 830	5,652,213	2,774,518	1,300,025	597,815	46,130		
RTS du Bas-Saint-Laurent	993	493	240	125	-	160,563	79,748	32,545	15,255	1,070		
RTS du Saguenay – Lac-Saint-Jean	1,693	890	405	170	10	224,643	112,600	48,105	22,540	1,705		
RTS de la Capitale-Nationale	12,588	6,618	3,315	1,715	120	586,103	286,473	126,150	59,330	4,500		
RTS de la Mauricie-et-du-Centre-du-Québec	5,193	2,660	1,180	550	50	408,578	202,665	85,200	39,290	3,465		
RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke	31,838	15,775	6,630	3,215	235	350,573	173,695	77,340	36,025	3,450		
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	164,370	80,888	41,320	19,620	890	122,235	57,383	30,085	13,280	745		
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	160,150	77,835	35,415	16,650	720	117,505	56,315	27,665	12,445	600		
RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	69,440	35,698	12,715	5,955	325	182,940	92,958	29,690	12,840	1,030		
RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	77,393	39,980	20,460	10,115	300	256,653	121,855	62,120	27,250	1,615		
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	65,320	33,608	16,885	8,295	325	343,720	163,953	78,270	33,895	2,480		
RTS de l'Outaouais	58,373	29,778	15,875	7,585	505	249,598	121,193	61,415	27,835	2,640		
RTS de l'Abitibi-Témiscamingue	4,345	2,095	1,120	490	75	113,715	57,640	26,400	12,420	1,085		
RTS de la Côte-Nord	4,285	2,110	1,130	505	25	70,765	35,755	16,830	7,785	775		
RTS de la Gaspésie	6,883	3,273	1,285	565	95	59,238	29,113	10,590	4,855	435		
RTS des Îles	615	315	110	40	-	10,175	4,940	1,870	905	65		
RTS de Chaudière-Appalaches	3,288	1,555	795	370	25	335,058	168,375	79,310	37,770	2,720		
RTS de Laval	75,270	38,713	25,015	12,535	430	256,060	122,958	63,385	28,860	1,660		
RTS de Lanaudière	12,120	6,203	3,655	1,835	105	387,185	191,678	-	44,110	3,380		
RTS des Laurentides	31,750	16,385	8,300	4,100	220	446,475	219,640	107,160	49,510	4,320		
RTS de la Montérégie-Centre	46,030	23,083	12,300	6,065	335	273,580	133,218	67,255	30,950	2,260		
RTS de la Montérégie-Est	16,953	8,775	4,475	2,190	125	401,658	196,470	95,920	44,565	3,445		
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest	67,235	33,430	19,990	9,645	510	280,865	138,445	73,115	34,120	2,495		

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in Private Households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. Parents include only those with at least one child aged 0-17 living at home. Fathers refer to those parents who reported their sex as male. Couples refer to married and common-law partners, including those of opposite/same-sex.

3.3 Proportion of Men, Fathers and Lone Fathers Across Québec

Men, Parents and Fathers English- and French-Speaking Population Québec and its RTS Territories, 2016									
Geography	E	nglish Speakers		French Speakers					
	Proportion of the Adult Population who had Children 0-17 at Home	Proportion of Men who were Fathers*	Proportion of Fathers who were Lone Parents	Proportion of the Adult Population who had Children 0-17 at Home	Proportion of Men who were Fathers*	Proportion of Fathers who were Lone Parents			
Québec	25.7%	24.6%	5.1%	23.0%	21.5%	7.7%			
RTS du Bas-Saint-Laurent	24.2%	25.4%	-	20.3%	19.1%	7.0%			
RTS du Saguenay – Lac-Saint-Jean	23.9%	19.1%	-	21.4%	20.0%	7.6%			
RTS de la Capitale-Nationale	26.3%	25.9%	7.0%	21.5%	20.7%	7.6%			
RTS de la Mauricie-et-du-Centre-du-Québec	22.7%	20.7%	9.1%	20.9%	19.4%	8.8%			
RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke	20.8%	20.4%	7.3%	22.1%	20.7%	9.6%			
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	25.1%	24.3%	4.5%	24.6%	23.1%	5.6%			
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	22.1%	21.4%	4.3%	23.5%	22.1%	4.8%			
RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	18.3%	16.7%	5.5%	16.2%	13.8%	8.0%			
RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	26.4%	25.3%	3.0%	24.2%	22.4%	5.9%			
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	25.8%	24.7%	3.9%	22.8%	20.7%	7.3%			
RTS de l'Outaouais	27.2%	25.5%	6.7%	24.6%	23.0%	9.5%			
RTS de l'Abitibi-Témiscamingue	25.8%	23.4%	15.3%	23.2%	21.5%	8.7%			
RTS de la Côte-Nord	26.4%	23.9%	5.0%	23.8%	21.8%	10.0%			
RTS de la Gaspésie	18.7%	17.3%	16.8%	17.9%	16.7%	9.0%			
RTS des Îles	17.9%	12.7%	-	18.4%	18.3%	7.2%			
RTS de Chaudière-Appalaches	24.2%	23.8%	6.8%	23.7%	22.4%	7.2%			
RTS de Laval	33.2%	32.4%	3.4%	24.8%	23.5%	5.8%			
RTS de Lanaudière	30.2%	29.6%	5.7%	24.7%	23.0%	7.7%			
RTS des Laurentides	26.1%	25.0%	5.4%	24.0%	22.5%	8.7%			
RTS de la Montérégie-Centre	26.7%	26.3%	5.5%	24.6%	23.2%	7.3%			
RTS de la Montérégie-Est	26.4%	25.0%	5.7%	23.9%	22.7%	7.7%			
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest	29.7%	28.9%	5.3%	26.0%	24.6%	7.3%			

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in Private Households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. Parents include only those with at least one child aged 0-17 living at home. Fathers refer to those parents who reported their sex as male. Couples refer to married and common-law partners, including those of opposite/same-sex.

3.4 Low Income Among Men and Fathers Across Québec - Numbers

Living Below the Low-Income Cut-Off (LICO-AT) Among English- and French-Speaking Fathers, by Family Structure Québec and its RTS Territories, 2016												
	English-Speaking Fathers				French-Speaking Fathers							
	In a Couple Census Family		Lone Parent		In a Couple Census Family			Lone Parent				
Geography	Total With Children	Living Above LICO	Living Below LICO	Total With Children	Living Above LICO	Living Below LICO	Total With Children	Living Above LICO	Living Below LICO	Total With Children	Living Above LICO	Living Below LICO
Québec	109,530	98,170	9,425	5,830	4,345	1,175	551,685	530,435	19,090	46,130	39 <i>,</i> 875	5,920
RTS du Bas-Saint-Laurent	125	125	-	-	-	-	14,185	14,050	135	1,070	995	80
RTS du Saguenay – Lac-Saint-Jean	160	150	10	10	-	-	20,835	20,440	235	1,705	1,540	145
RTS de la Capitale-Nationale	1,595	1,450	140	120	90	30	54,830	53,415	1,255	4,500	3,995	475
RTS de la Mauricie-et-du-Centre-du-Québec	500	470	10	50	40	10	35,825	34,775	685	3,465	2,905	490
RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke	2,980	2,835	140	235	205	30	32,575	31,835	740	3,450	3,005	440
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	18,730	17,485	1,245	890	660	230	12,535	11,675	860	745	620	125
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	15,930	13,490	2,445	720	490	235	11,845	10,395	1,450	600	465	135
RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	5,630	4,635	1,005	325	195	130	11,810	10,915	895	1,030	765	265
RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	9,815	8,440	1,375	300	235	65	25,635	22,455	3,180	1,615	1,255	360
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	7,970	7,190	780	325	260	65	31,415	27,905	3,515	2,480	1,825	660
RTS de l'Outaouais	7,080	6,605	410	505	405	80	25,195	24,365	815	2,640	2,340	300
RTS de l'Abitibi-Témiscamingue	415	325	10	75	50	10	11,335	11,035	105	1,085	985	75
RTS de la Côte-Nord	480	380	-	25	15	-	7,010	6,250	60	775	620	30
RTS de la Gaspésie	470	370	-	95	45	15	4,420	4,355	60	435	400	35
RTS des Îles	40	40	-	-	-	-	840	840	-	65	65	-
RTS de Chaudière-Appalaches	345	345	-	25	25	-	35,050	34,825	225	2,720	2,490	230
RTS de Laval	12,105	11,350	755	430	345	90	27,200	25,990	1,210	1,660	1,435	220
RTS de Lanaudière	1,730	1,655	60	105	80	25	40,730	39,790	710	3,380	2,955	410
RTS des Laurentides	3,880	3,735	140	220	190	30	45,190	44,390	800	4,320	3,825	495
RTS de la Montérégie-Centre	5,730	5,280	455	335	295	45	28,690	27,940	750	2,260	2,010	255
RTS de la Montérégie-Est	2,065	1,925	140	125	120	-	41,120	40,190	925	3,445	3,000	445
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest	9,135	8,740	275	510	425	80	31,625	31,145	475	2,495	2,260	240

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in Private Households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. Parents include only those with at least one child aged 0-17 living at home. Fathers refer to those parents who reported their sex as male. Couples refer to married and common-law partners, including those of opposite/same-sex. Low-income concepts do not apply to the full population.

3.5 Low Income Among Men and Fathers Across Québec - Percentages

Living Below the Low-Income Cut-Off English- and French-Speaking Fathers, by Family Structure Québec and its RTS Territories, 2016

	English-Speak	ing Fathers	French-Speaking Fathers		
Geography	In a Couple with Children Below LICO	Lone Parent Below LICO	In a Couple with Children Below LICO	Lone Parent Below LICO	
Québec	8.8%	21.3%	3.5%	12.9%	
RTS du Bas-Saint-Laurent	-	-	1.0%	7.4%	
RTS du Saguenay – Lac-Saint-Jean	-	-	1.1%	8.6%	
RTS de la Capitale-Nationale	8.8%	25.0%	2.3%	10.6%	
RTS de la Mauricie-et-du-Centre-du-Québec	-	-	1.9%	14.4%	
RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke	4.7%	12.8%	2.3%	12.8%	
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	6.6%	25.8%	6.9%	16.8%	
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	15.3%	32.4%	12.2%	22.5%	
RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	17.8%	40.0%	7.6%	25.7%	
RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	14.0%	21.7%	12.4%	22.3%	
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	9.8%	20.0%	11.2%	26.6%	
RTS de l'Outaouais	5.8%	16.5%	3.2%	11.4%	
RTS de l'Abitibi-Témiscamingue	-	-	0.9%	7.1%	
RTS de la Côte-Nord	-	-	1.0%	4.6%	
RTS de la Gaspésie	-	25.0%	1.4%	8.0%	
RTS des Îles	-	-	-	-	
RTS de Chaudière-Appalaches	-	-	0.6%	8.5%	
RTS de Laval	6.2%	20.7%	4.4%	13.3%	
RTS de Lanaudière	3.5%	23.8%	1.8%	12.2%	
RTS des Laurentides	3.6%	13.6%	1.8%	11.5%	
RTS de la Montérégie-Centre	7.9%	13.2%	2.6%	11.3%	
RTS de la Montérégie-Est	6.8%	-	2.2%	12.9%	
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest	3.1%	15.8%	1.5%	9.6%	

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2016 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in Private Households - 25% sample. The linguistic concept is First Official Language Spoken with multiple responses distributed equally. Parents include only those with at least one child aged 0-17 living at home. Fathers refer to those parents who reported their sex as male. Couples refer to married and common-law partners, including those of opposite/same-sex.