## Suicide Risk for Québec's English-speaking Population

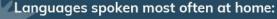
The Enquête québécoise sur la santé de la population, implemented by l'Institut de la statistique du Québec (ISQ) in 2014-2015 and 2020-2021, shows a widening disparity gap in suicide risk between English-speakers and French-speakers aged 15+.



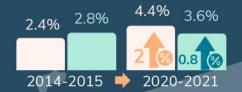
Has seriously considered suicide or attempted suicide during their lifetime



Has seriously considered suicide (without having attempted to take their own life) in the course of their life



- English alone or with others (except French)
- French alone or with others (except English)



Seriously considered suicide (but not attempted suicide) in the last 12 months

While the provincial averages paint a troubling picture, regional disparities in suicide risk across the province also exist.

In all three data categories above, there was on average a 3.03% increase in suicide risk for English-speakers in the province of Québec in comparison to a 0.03% decrease in suicide risk for French-speakers.

Laval shows a

4.9% increase

for English-speakers

compared to a 0.7% increase for French-speakers

2014-2015

2020-2021

The suicide risk for the
English-speaking
population in Québec is
increasing, highlighting a
need for better access to
English-language
prevention initiatives and
services