

Contents

Socio-demographic Profiles of Children aged 0-5 and their Parents.....	3
Introduction	3
Early Child Development as a Social Determinant of Health.....	3
The Community Health and Social Services Network: <i>Bright Beginnings</i>	3
About These Profiles	3
Definitions and Concepts	4
Methodological Notes.....	5
Section 1: Children 0-5	6
Children 0 to 5 Across Québec.....	7
Proportion of Children Across Québec	7
Number of English Children 0 to 5 Across Québec	8
Proportion of Children 0 to 5 Across Québec	9
Children 0 to 5 in RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal.....	10
Population by Age	10
Visible Minority by Age	11
Indigenous Identity by Age	12
Household Living Arrangements by Age	13
LICO by Age	15
Section 2: Parents of Children 0 to 5	16
Language and Family Structure of Parents with Children 0 to 5	17
Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Age.....	18
Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Number of Children.....	21
Visible Minority Status	23
Recent Mobility (2016 – 2021).....	24
Highest Educational Attainment.....	25
Labour Force Activity	29
After-Tax Income	32
Low Income Cut-Off (LICO)	35
Parents with Children 0 to 5 Below LICO by Age	36
Parents Below LICO by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5.....	39
Below LICO by Recent Mobility Status.....	42
Below LICO by Visible Minority Status.....	44

Socio-demographic Profiles of Children aged 0-5 and their Parents

Introduction

Early Child Development as a Social Determinant of Health

Early child development (ECD) is a cornerstone of human development and childhood is considered to be the most important developmental phase of the individual lifespan. The developmental outcomes of this early phase of life impact the level of health and well-being enjoyed by a population in its future. Early child development is a social determinant of the health of communities and it is a process that is particularly sensitive to social determinants like the socio-economic status of families with children aged 0-5 and their social environment, access to health and social services, communication competency and literacy and access to local social support networks.

Health organizations around the globe are promoting knowledge and fostering policy, programs and initiatives that aim to improve the situation of children experiencing disadvantaged conditions and who are thereby vulnerable to poor childhood development. In Québec, the 2017 study of the Institut de la statistique du Québec entitled *Québec Survey on Children's Development in Kindergarten/Enquête québécoise sur le développement des enfants à la maternelle* selected the following key areas for assessment of the quality of ECD: physical health and well-being; social competence; emotional maturity; cognitive and language development; as well as communication skills and general knowledge.

See the report at <https://statistique.quebec.ca/en/enquetes/realisees/quebec-survey-of-child-development-in-kindergarten-qscdk>

The Community Health and Social Services Network: *Bright Beginnings*

The Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) supports the English-speaking communities of Québec in their efforts to redress health status inequalities and promote community vitality. It strengthens and mobilizes networks at the local, regional and provincial levels in order to address health determinants, influence public policy and develop services for English speakers who, too often are left out of the system. It's 70 member organizations from various sectors aim to improve vitality and health of individuals and families among Québec's minority language communities. Learn more at <http://chssn.org/about-us/>

CHSSN financially supports 23 local or regional community health and social services network organizations who mobilize citizens and multi-sectorial partners in all regions of Québec using a population health approach. They collectively address health determinants such as access to health services, healthy child development, education and literacy, and social environments or support networks. With their networks, CHSSN has developed a collective vision and an early childhood framework called *Bright Beginnings: an adapted approach to supporting English-speaking children (0-5) and families*. This approach is being implemented by networks to varying degrees in many regions in accordance with each network organization's capacity.

To explore their approach further go to <https://chssn.org/projects/bright-beginnings/>

About These Profiles

These profiles draw from the 2021 Census of Canada to provide pertinent socio-demographic information on the children aged 0-5 of Québec's English-speaking communities and their families in accordance with Québec's RTS (réseau territorial de services) territories.¹ They include information on their numbers, where

¹ For further information go to <http://www.msss.gouv.qc.ca/professionnels/informations-geographiques-et-de-population/decoupage-territorial/>

they live, family structures they are part of, socio-economic issues they face, their status as recent immigrants to Québec, aboriginal identity and their likelihood to be members of a visible minority. Each regional profile includes tables, graphs and information bullets that provide provincial and regional statistics for selected characteristics as well as comparisons between French-speaking majority and English-speaking minority populations within these administrative territories.

Please note that these profiles draw from two different census samples. Section 1 of each profile provides information drawn from the 2021 census sample of the Québec population living in private households. **Section 2** provides information on the 2021 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in census families in Québec.

Definitions and Concepts

These profiles draw data from the Statistics Canada 2021 Census of Canada and are organized in accordance with its definitions and concepts. The census dictionary is available at, <https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2016/ref/dict/index-eng.cfm>

First Official Language Spoken (FOLS) The definitions of first official language spoken and official language minority are outlined in the Official Languages (Communications with and Services to the Public) Regulations issued pursuant to the Official Languages Act (1988). The official language minority is English in Québec and French in all other provinces and territories. First Official Language Spoken is derived from the census questions on knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language. Multiple responses are distributed equally among declared languages.

Census Family households are those with a married couple (with or without children), or a couple living common-law (with or without children), or a lone parent living with one or more children (lone-parent family).

Census family is defined as a married couple and the children, if any, of either and/or both spouses; a couple living common law and the children, if any, of either and/or both partners; or a lone parent of any marital status with at least one child living in the same dwelling and that child or those children. All members of a particular census family live in the same dwelling. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. Children may be children by birth, marriage, common-law union or adoption regardless of their age or marital status as long as they live in the dwelling and do not have their own married spouse, common-law partner or child living in the dwelling. Grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present also constitute a census family.

Private household refers to a person or group of persons who occupy the same dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada or abroad. For census purposes, households are classified into three groups: private households, collective households and households outside Canada. Unless otherwise specified, all data in census products are for private households only.

Educational Attainment – Persons with low educational attainment are those with only a high school graduation certificate or less while those with high educational attainment are those with a university bachelor’s degree or higher.

Income – Persons with low income are those with individual after-tax income less than \$20k while those with high income reported \$50k or more. This includes income from all sources.

LICO uses the income levels of a given family and considers how large a share of its income is spent on necessities such as food, shelter and clothing. If the amount a family spends is 20% higher than an average family in a year, it falls into the low-income cut-off category. People who live below income cut-offs may be said to live in “straitened circumstances.” (Human Resources and Skills Development Canada, August 2009.) LICO Before-Tax (LICO-BT) is used in findings

drawn from the 2021 census sample drawing on the Quebec population in private households. LICO-After Tax (LICO-AT) is used in findings drawn from the 2021 census sample of parents with at least one child 0-5 living in census families in Quebec. (See Data Source below for sample explanation).

Mobility status – (Place of residence 5 years ago) Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2021, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier.

-Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers.

-Movers include non-migrants and migrants.

-Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve.

-Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada.

-External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date. External migrants are referred to as immigrants in this document.

Methodological Notes

Data Source

These profiles draw information from datasets developed by the Community Health and Social Services Network (CHSSN) using the 2021 Census of Canada. Findings are provided for Québec's RTS territories in which there are at least 250 English speaking residents. **Please note that the profiles are divided into two sections. Section 1** provides information drawn from the 2021 census sample of the Québec population living in private households. **Section 2** provides information on the 2021 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in census families in Québec.

Linguistic definitions

There are numerous linguistic definitions that are used to identify the English-speaking population in Québec. The choice of linguistic indicator depends largely on the issue being examined. These profiles use the [First Official Language Spoken](#) (FOLS) definition with multiple responses proportionally distributed since it best reflects the total English-speaking health service users in the province. First Official Language Spoken is derived from three census questions: knowledge of official languages, mother tongue and home language. Dual responses are divided equally among English-speaking and French-speaking groups. Other definitions include [Mother tongue](#) which refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood. The [language most often spoken at home](#) is used to designate the home language. [Knowledge of official languages](#) indicates the official language in which a person can carry on a conversation. The [language used most often at work](#) indicates the language spoken most frequently at work.

Demographic and Socio-economic Characteristics

The demographic and socio-economic variables addressed in these profiles are:

- Population size
- Household living arrangements
- Income
- Low-income cut-off (LICO)
- Educational attainment
- Labour force activity
- Visible minority status
- Family Structure
- Aboriginal identity
- Recent Immigrant status

Section 1: Children 0-5

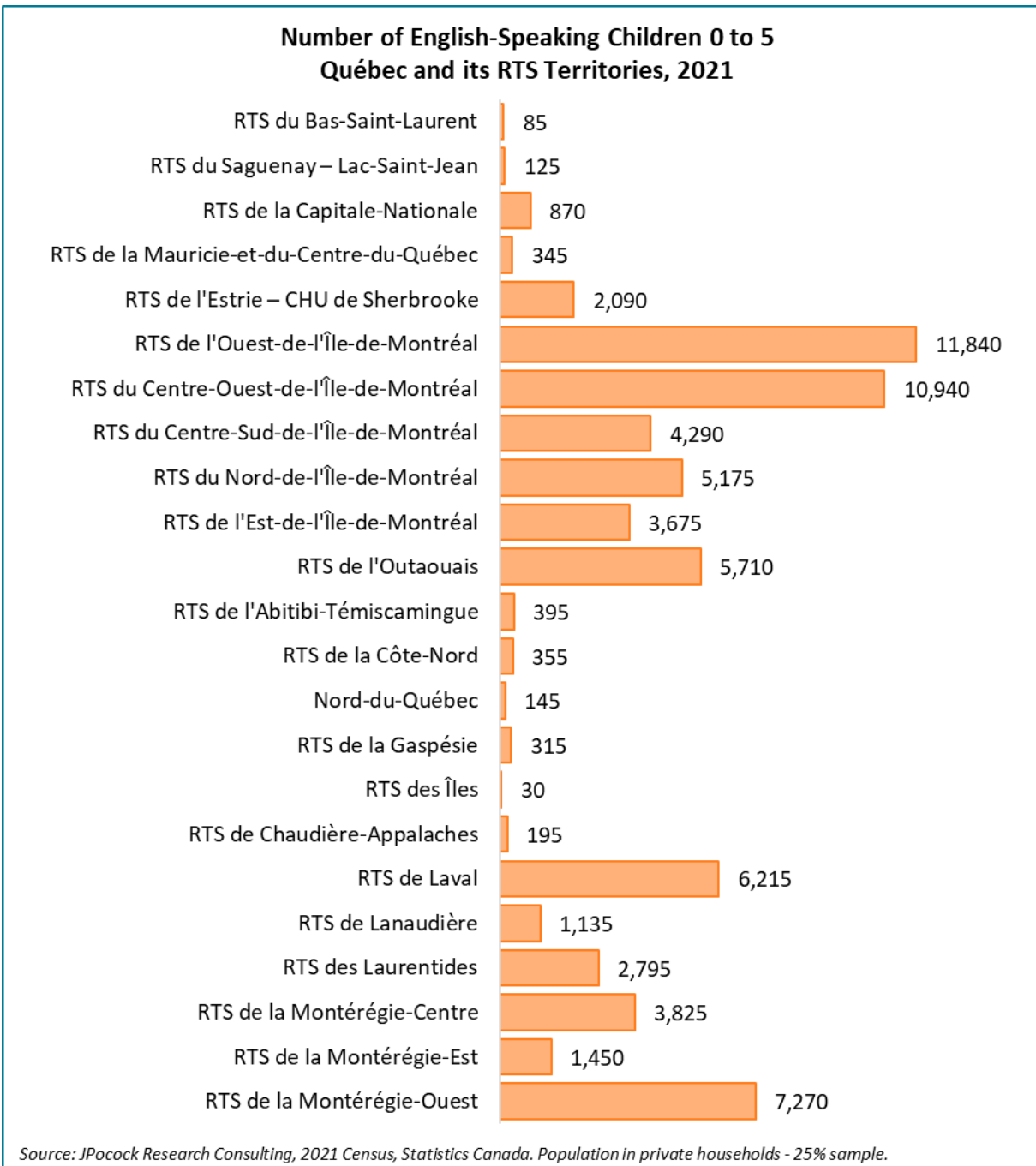
Children 0 to 5 Across Québec

Proportion of Children Across Québec

Size and Proportion English-speaking Children 0 to 5 and French-speaking Children 0 to 5 Québec and its RTS Territories, 2021							
Geography	English-speaking Population				French-speaking Population		
	Total English-speaking Population	Share of Total Population	English-speaking Children 0 to 5	English-speaking Children 0 to 5 (%)	Total French-speaking Population	French-speaking Children 0 to 5	French-speaking Children 0 to 5 (%)
Québec	1,244,440	15.0%	71,730	5.8%	6,985,640	424,480	6.1%
RTS du Bas-Saint-Laurent	1,480	0.8%	85	5.7%	190,430	9,965	5.2%
RTS du Saguenay – Lac-Saint-Jean	2,265	0.8%	125	5.5%	266,350	15,340	5.8%
RTS de la Capitale-Nationale	17,375	2.4%	870	5.0%	717,370	42,670	5.9%
RTS de la Mauricie-et-du-Centre-du-Québec	7,415	1.5%	345	4.7%	497,865	29,230	5.9%
RTS de l'Estrie – CHU de Sherbrooke	40,155	8.2%	2,090	5.2%	446,485	26,585	6.0%
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	208,280	58.1%	11,840	5.7%	143,325	7,500	5.2%
RTS du Centre-Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	202,265	57.4%	10,940	5.4%	140,530	6,660	4.7%
RTS du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	95,110	30.5%	4,290	4.5%	211,745	10,695	5.1%
RTS du Nord-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	100,160	23.6%	5,175	5.2%	312,710	22,160	7.1%
RTS de l'Est-de-l'Île-de-Montréal	81,530	15.9%	3,675	4.5%	419,660	28,330	6.8%
RTS de l'Outaouais	82,385	20.7%	5,710	6.9%	314,395	19,675	6.3%
RTS de l'Abitibi-Témiscamingue	5,830	4.1%	395	6.8%	137,800	9,160	6.6%
RTS de la Côte-Nord	5,335	6.2%	355	6.7%	80,780	4,655	5.8%
Nord-du-Québec	1,755	12.0%	145	8.3%	12,890	905	7.0%
RTS de la Gaspésie	7,005	9.3%	315	4.5%	68,105	2,995	4.4%
RTS des Îles	720	5.8%	30	4.2%	11,730	550	4.7%
RTS de Chaudière-Appalaches	5,070	1.2%	195	3.8%	416,110	26,295	6.3%
RTS de Laval	104,535	24.3%	6,215	5.9%	316,190	18,180	5.7%
RTS de Lanaudière	17,675	3.4%	1,135	6.4%	500,090	32,610	6.5%
RTS des Laurentides	46,085	7.4%	2,795	6.1%	576,650	35,065	6.1%
RTS de la Montérégie-Centre	62,750	15.1%	3,825	6.1%	346,840	21,630	6.2%
RTS de la Montérégie-Est	24,115	4.6%	1,450	6.0%	496,400	30,960	6.2%
RTS de la Montérégie-Ouest	99,925	21.7%	7,270	7.3%	357,745	22,525	6.3%

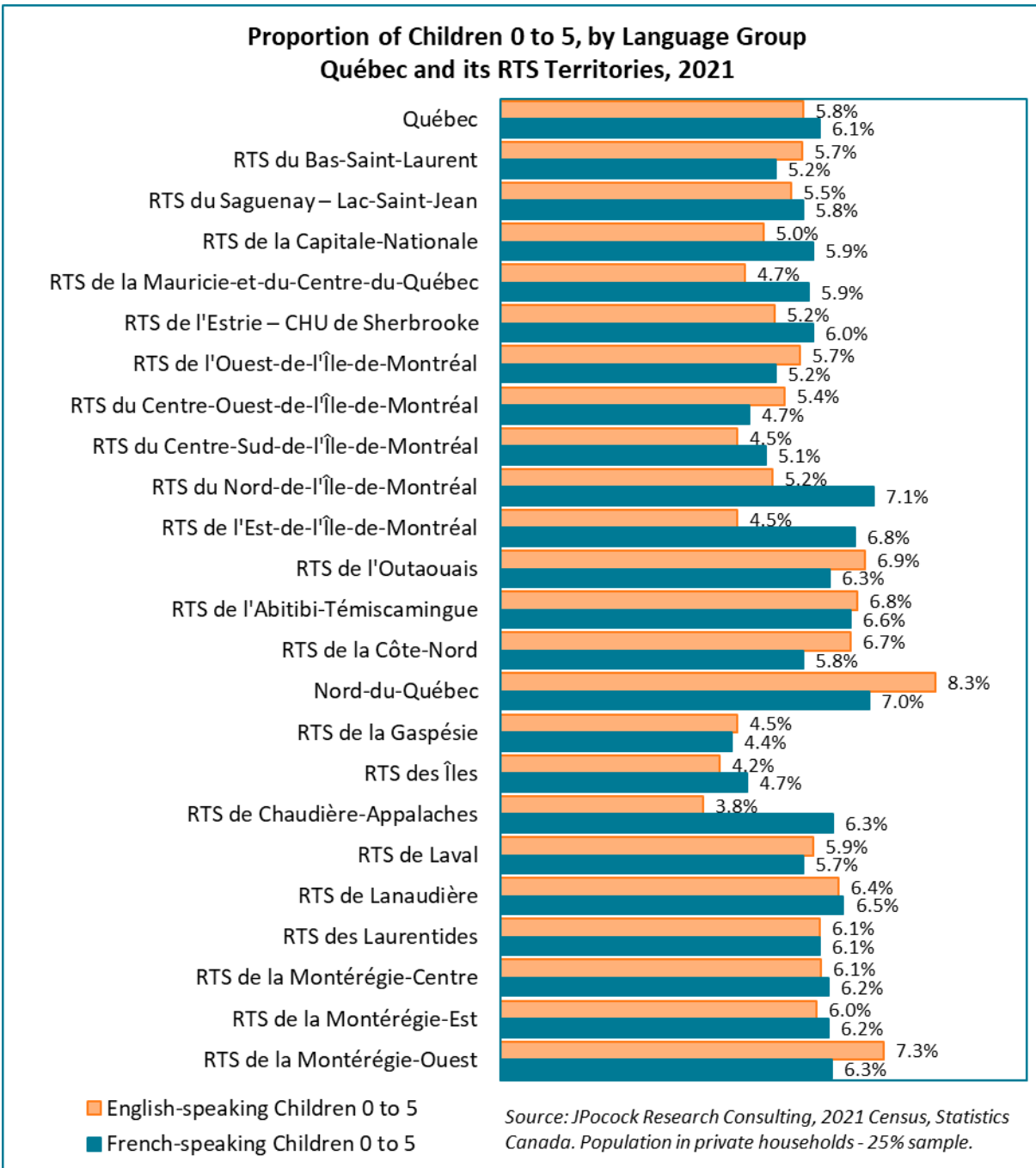
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample.

Number of English Children 0 to 5 Across Québec



- There are 71, 730 English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 living in Quebec, and they represent 5.8% of the total English-speaking population.
- The number of English-speaking children aged 0-5 ranges from close to 36,000 among the five RTS regions of Montreal and 12,545 among the RTS of Montérégie to 30 children in des Îles, 85 in Bas-Saint-Laurent and 125 in Saguenay- Lac-Saint-Jean.

Proportion of Children 0 to 5 Across Québec



- English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 years of age represent 5.8% of Québec's English-speaking population.
- The proportion represented by children 0 to 5 varies by region ranging from 3.8% in Chaudière-Appalaches to 8.3% in Nord-du-Québec and 7.3% in Montérégie-Ouest.

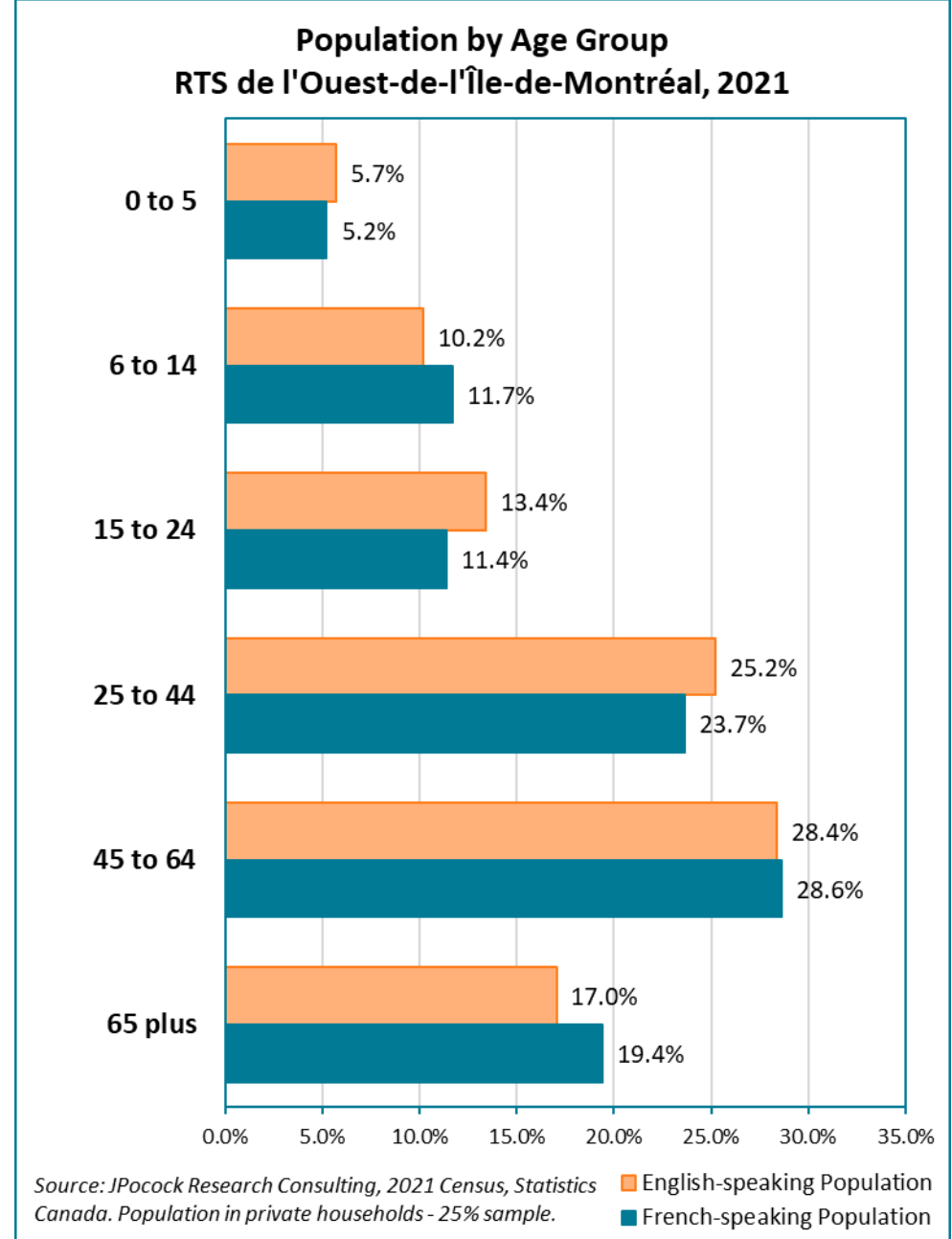
Children 0 to 5 in RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal

Population by Age

Age Groups English- and French-speaking Population RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021				
Age Group	English-speaking Population	French-speaking Population	English-speaking Population (%)	French-speaking Population (%)
Total	208,280	143,325	100.0%	100.0%
0 to 5	11,840	7,500	5.7%	5.2%
6 to 14	21,200	16,760	10.2%	11.7%
15 to 24	27,980	16,365	13.4%	11.4%
25 to 44	52,590	33,900	25.2%	23.7%
45 to 64	59,165	41,010	28.4%	28.6%
65 plus	35,505	27,790	17.0%	19.4%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample.

- In 2021, there were 208,280 English-speaking persons in RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal. Of these, 11,840 (5.7%) were in the 0 to 5 age group.
- The proportion of children aged 0 to 5 in the English-speaking population was higher than that of French-speaking population (5.2%).
- The proportion of children aged 0 to 5 in the English-speaking population of RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal was similar to the average for Quebec's English-speaking population (5.8%).

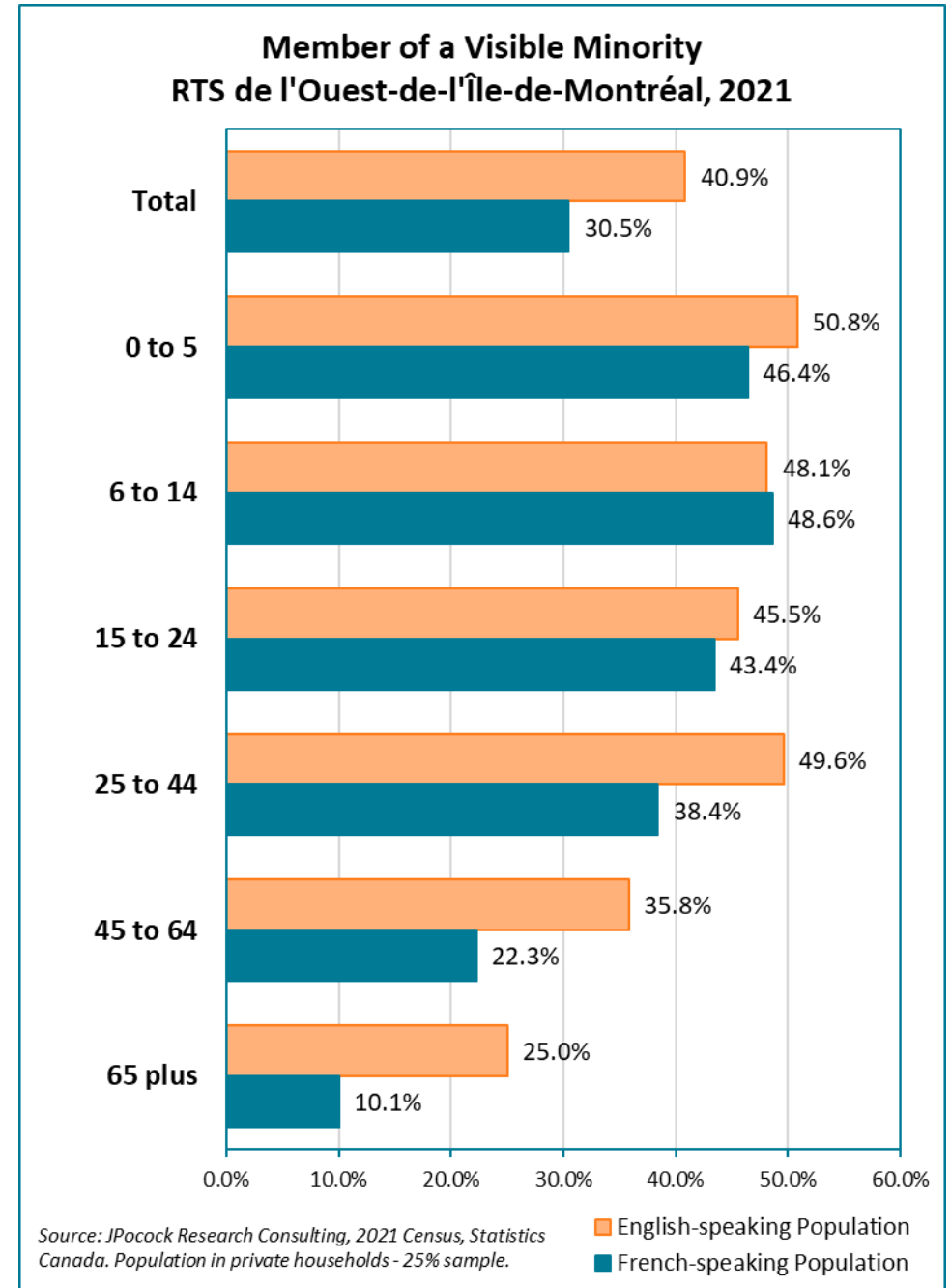


Visible Minority by Age

Visible Minority Status English- and French-speaking Population RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021						
Age Group	English-speaking Population			French-speaking Population		
	Total	Visible Minority	Visible Minority (%)	Total	Visible Minority	Visible Minority (%)
Total	208,280	85,100	40.9%	143,325	43,690	30.5%
0 to 5	11,840	6,020	50.8%	7,500	3,480	46.4%
6 to 14	21,200	10,205	48.1%	16,760	8,150	48.6%
15 to 24	27,980	12,735	45.5%	16,365	7,105	43.4%
25 to 44	52,590	26,075	49.6%	33,900	13,025	38.4%
45 to 64	59,165	21,180	35.8%	41,010	9,140	22.3%
65 plus	35,505	8,890	25.0%	27,790	2,795	10.1%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample.

- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 11,840 English-speaking children aged 0 to 5. Of these children, 6,020 (50.8%) were members of a visible minority. This proportion was higher than that displayed by the French-speaking population (46.4%).
- In 2021, the proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who were members of a visible minority was much higher than that of the total English-speaking population of RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal (40.9%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, there were 85,100 persons who were members of a visible minority, representing 40.9% of that population. The level for RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal is higher than the provincial average (35.9%).



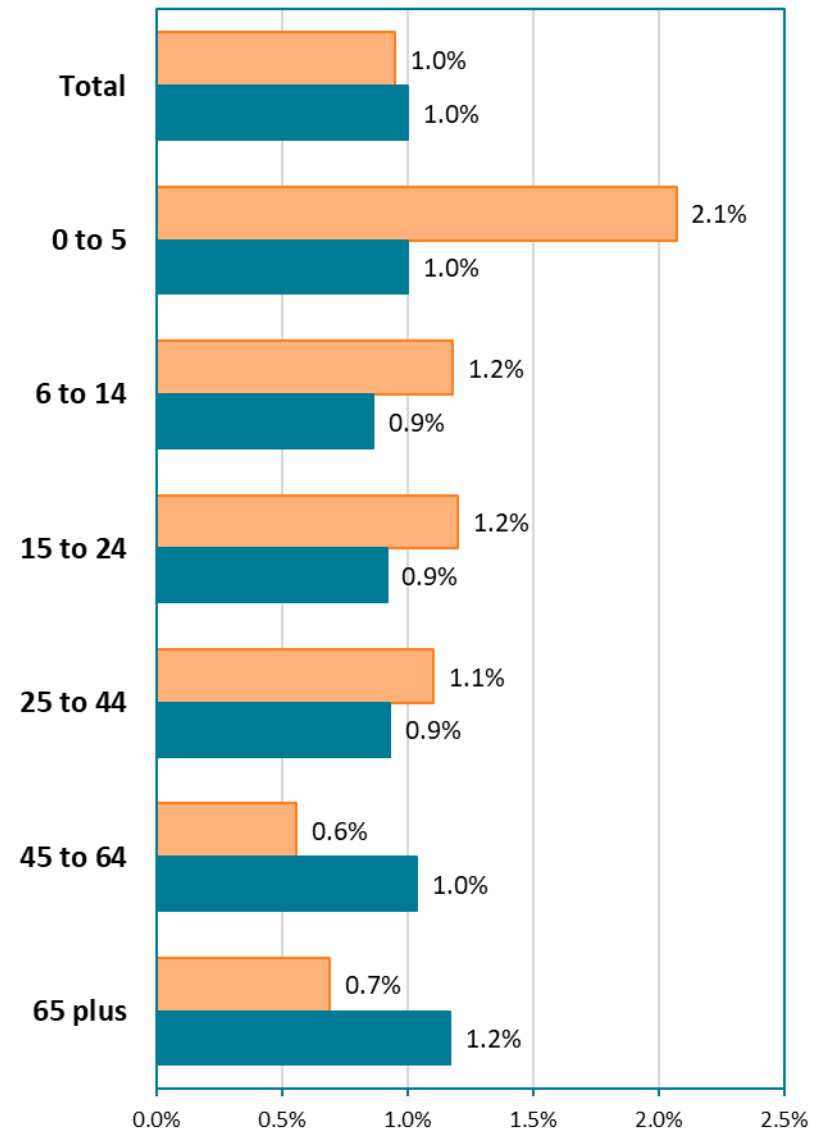
Indigenous Identity by Age

Indigenous Identity English- and French-speaking Population RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021						
Age Group	English-speaking Population			French-speaking Population		
	Total	Indigenous Identity	Indigenous Identity (%)	Total	Indigenous Identity	Indigenous Identity (%)
Total	208,280	1,980	1.0%	143,325	1,435	1.0%
0 to 5	11,840	245	2.1%	7,505	75	1.0%
6 to 14	21,200	250	1.2%	16,760	145	0.9%
15 to 24	27,980	335	1.2%	16,365	150	0.9%
25 to 44	52,585	580	1.1%	33,900	315	0.9%
45 to 64	59,165	330	0.6%	41,010	425	1.0%
65 plus	35,500	245	0.7%	27,795	325	1.2%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample. In 2021, Statistics Canada replaced "Aboriginal Identity" with "Indigenous Identity".

- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 11,840 English-speaking children aged 0 to 5. Of these children, 245 (2.1%) reported an Indigenous identity. This proportion was much higher than that displayed by the French-speaking population (1.0%).
- In 2021, the proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who reported an Indigenous identity was much higher than that of the total English-speaking population of Québec (1.0%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, there were 1,980 persons who reported an Indigenous identity, representing 1.0% of that population. The level for RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal is much lower than the provincial average (4.0%).

Proportion with an Indigenous Identity
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021



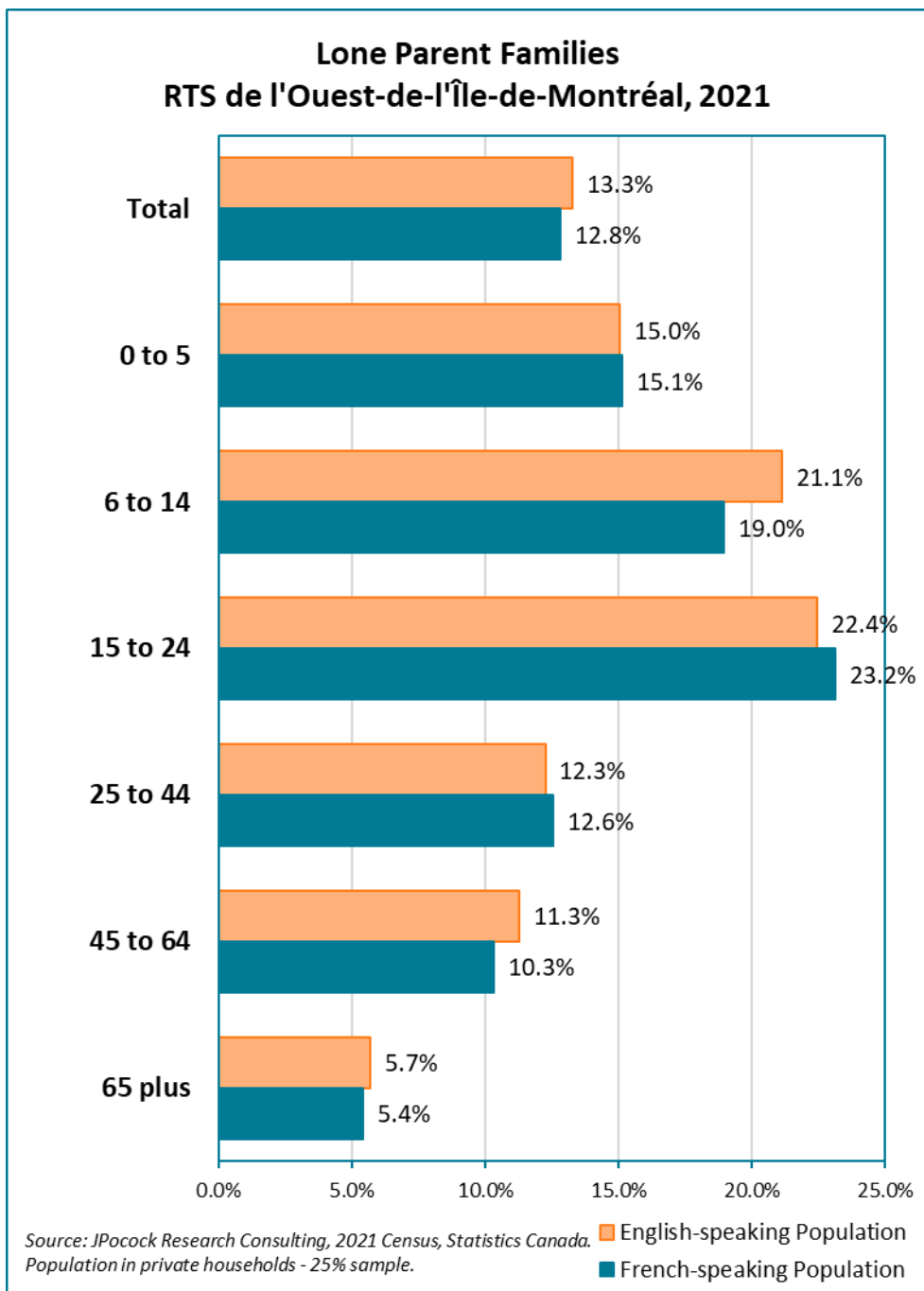
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample.

English-speaking Population
French-speaking Population

Household Living Arrangements by Age

Household Living Arrangements English- and French-speaking Population RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021												
Age Group	English-speaking Population						French-speaking Population					
	Total	In a Census Family	Spouses, common-law parents and children	Lone parents and children	Total persons in non-Census families	Living with relatives	Total	In a Census Family	Spouses, common-law parents and children	Lone parents and children	Total persons in non-Census families	Living with relatives
Total	208,280	174,100	146,420	27,685	34,175	4,405	143,325	117,200	98,825	18,380	26,135	2,660
0 to 5	11,840	11,795	10,005	1,780	50	50	7,500	7,465	6,325	1,135	40	40
6 to 14	21,200	21,010	16,545	4,480	175	175	24,260	24,140	19,540	4,600	120	120
15 to 24	27,980	24,540	18,250	6,280	3,445	625	16,365	15,155	11,360	3,790	1,215	375
25 to 44	52,590	43,205	36,760	6,445	9,390	1,210	33,900	27,630	23,385	4,255	6,270	645
45 to 64	59,165	49,585	42,900	6,685	9,580	960	41,010	32,655	28,415	4,230	8,355	575
65 plus	35,505	23,965	21,955	2,015	11,535	1,380	27,790	17,610	16,110	1,500	10,180	950
Total	100.0%	83.6%	70.3%	13.3%	16.4%	2.1%	100.0%	81.8%	69.0%	12.8%	18.2%	1.9%
0 to 5	100.0%	99.6%	84.5%	15.0%	0.4%	0.4%	100.0%	99.5%	84.3%	15.1%	0.5%	0.5%
6 to 14	100.0%	99.1%	78.0%	21.1%	0.8%	0.8%	100.0%	99.5%	80.5%	19.0%	0.5%	0.5%
15 to 24	100.0%	87.7%	65.2%	22.4%	12.3%	2.2%	100.0%	92.6%	69.4%	23.2%	7.4%	2.3%
25 to 44	100.0%	82.2%	69.9%	12.3%	17.9%	2.3%	100.0%	81.5%	69.0%	12.6%	18.5%	1.9%
45 to 64	100.0%	83.8%	72.5%	11.3%	16.2%	1.6%	100.0%	79.6%	69.3%	10.3%	20.4%	1.4%
65 plus	100.0%	67.5%	61.8%	5.7%	32.5%	3.9%	100.0%	63.4%	58.0%	5.4%	36.6%	3.4%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Population in private households - 25% sample.

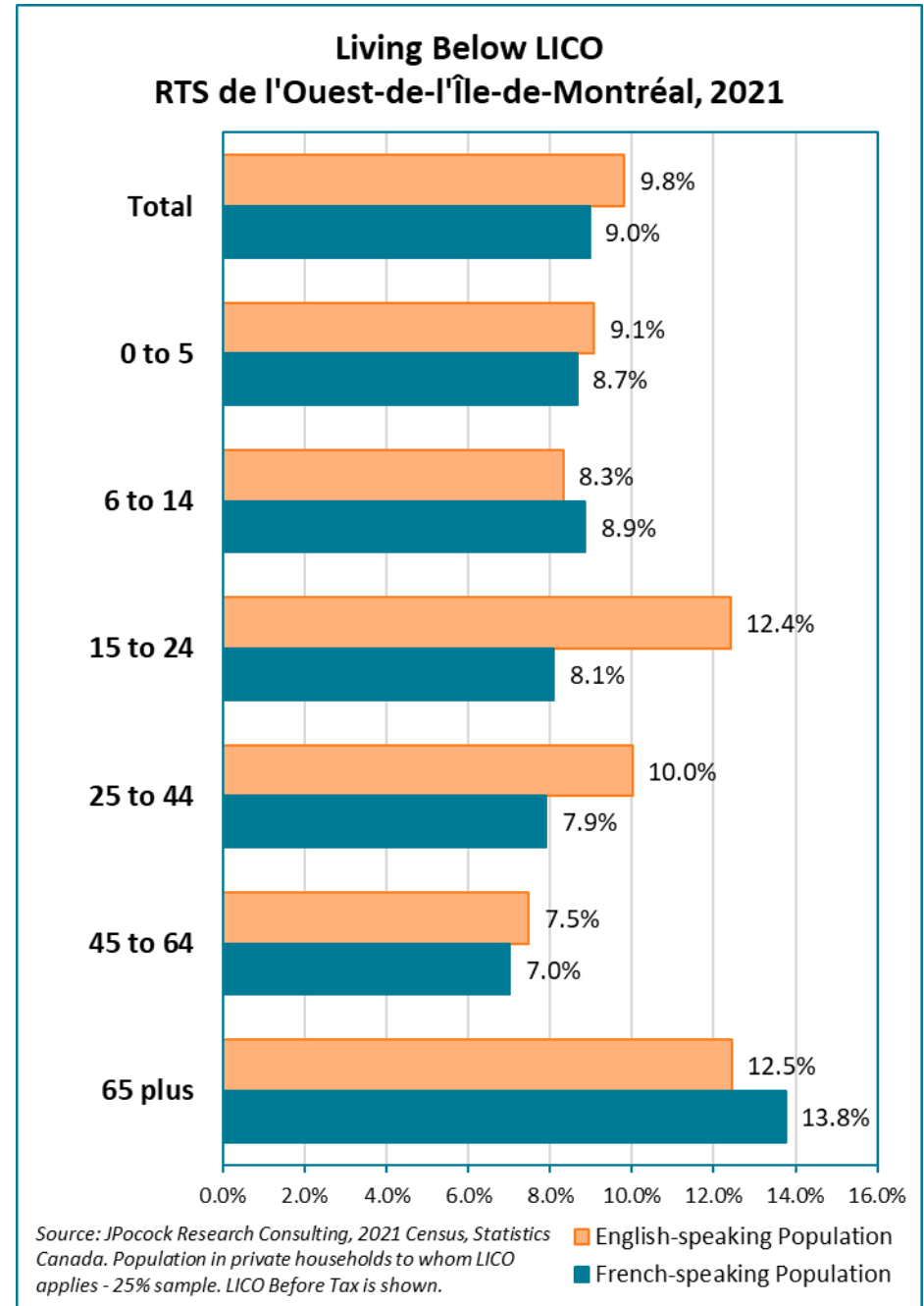


- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 11,840 English-speaking children aged 0 to 5. Of these children, 1,780 (15.0%) were in lone parent families. This proportion was similar to that displayed by the French-speaking population (15.1%).
- In 2021, the proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who were in lone parent families was higher than that of the total English-speaking population of RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal (13.3%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, there were 27,685 persons in lone parent families, representing 13.3% of that population. The level for RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal is higher than the provincial average (12.1%).

Living Below LICO English- and French-speaking Population RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021						
Age Group	English-speaking Population			French-speaking Population		
	Total to whom LICO applies	Below LICO	Below LICO (%)	Total to whom LICO applies	Below LICO	Below LICO (%)
Total	208,275	20,425	9.8%	143,330	12,845	9.0%
0 to 5	11,840	1,075	9.1%	7,500	650	8.7%
6 to 14	21,200	1,765	8.3%	16,760	1,485	8.9%
15 to 24	27,985	3,475	12.4%	16,370	1,325	8.1%
25 to 44	52,585	5,265	10.0%	33,900	2,680	7.9%
45 to 64	59,165	4,425	7.5%	41,010	2,875	7.0%
65 plus	35,490	4,420	12.5%	27,790	3,825	13.8%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada.
Population in private households to whom LICO applies - 25% sample. LICO Before Tax is shown.

- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 11,840 English-speaking children aged 0 to 5. Of these children, 1,075 (9.1%) were living below LICO. This proportion was similar to that displayed by the French-speaking population (8.7%).
- In 2021, the proportion of English-speaking children aged 0 to 5 who were living below LICO was lower than that of the total English-speaking population of RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal (9.8%).
- For the overall English-speaking population of RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, there were 20,425 persons who were living below LICO, representing 9.8% of that population. The level for RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal is lower than the provincial average (12.1%).



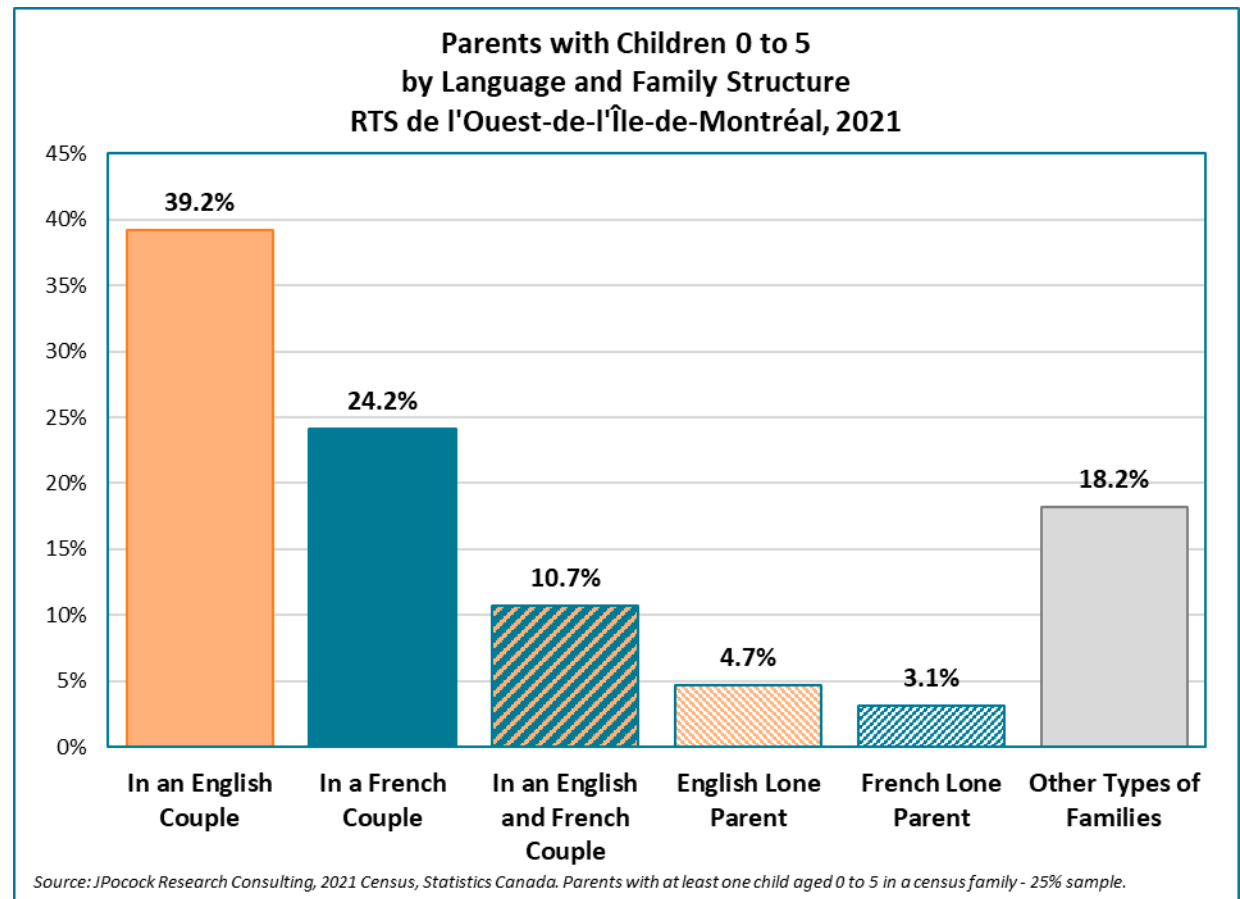
Section 2: Parents of Children 0 to 5

The statistics presented in this section of the profile are drawn from the 2021 census sample of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 living in a census family. Children of other ages may be present.

Language and Family Structure of Parents with Children 0 to 5

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Age RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021	
Census Family Structure and Language	Total
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	29,125
In an English Couple	11,405
In a French Couple	7,035
In an English and French Couple	3,125
English Lone Parent	1,355
French Lone Parent	905
Other Types of Families	5,290
Percentages	
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%
In an English Couple	39.2%
In a French Couple	24.2%
In an English and French Couple	10.7%
English Lone Parent	4.7%
French Lone Parent	3.1%
Other Types of Families	18.2%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample.

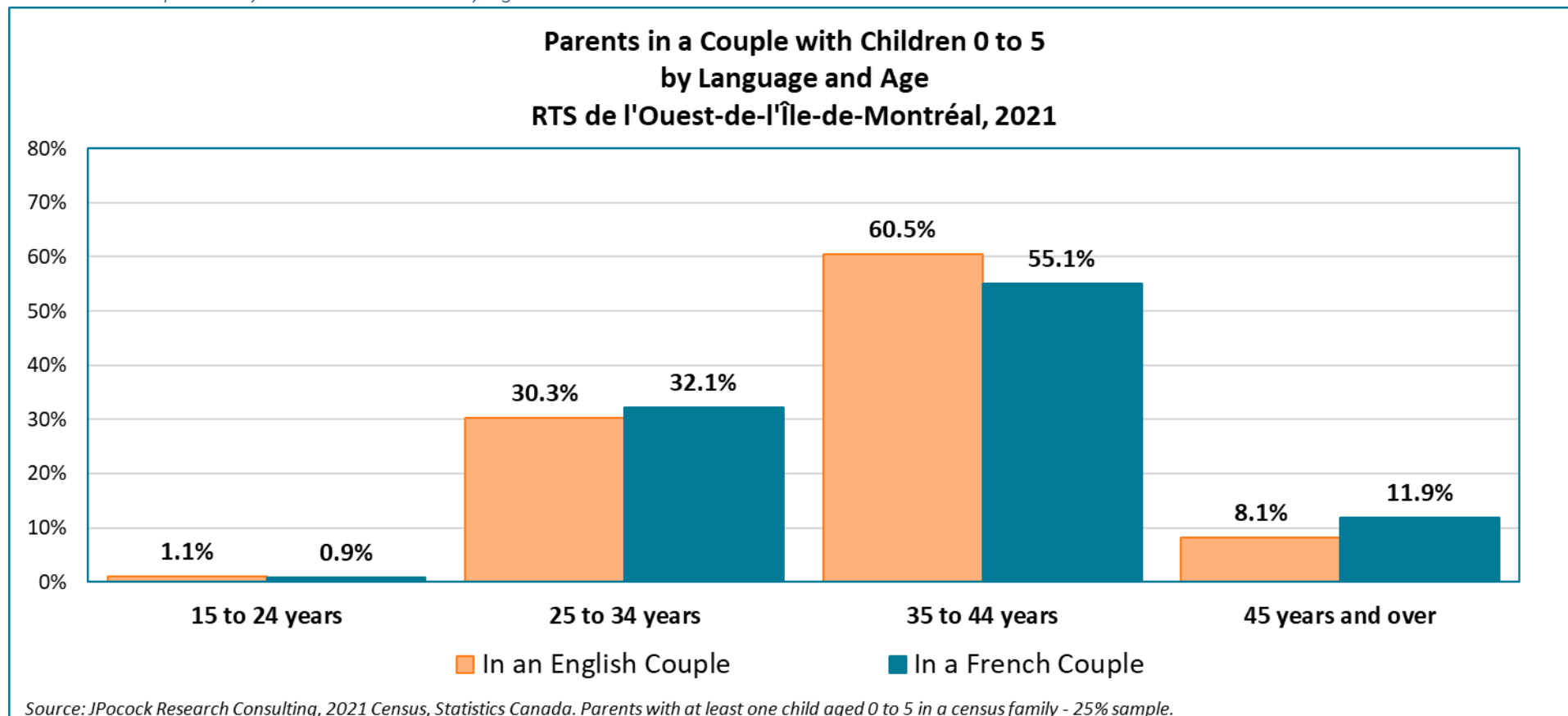


- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 29,125 parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5. Of these parents, 11,405 (39.2%) were part of an English-speaking couple, while 1,355 (4.7%) were English-speaking lone parents.

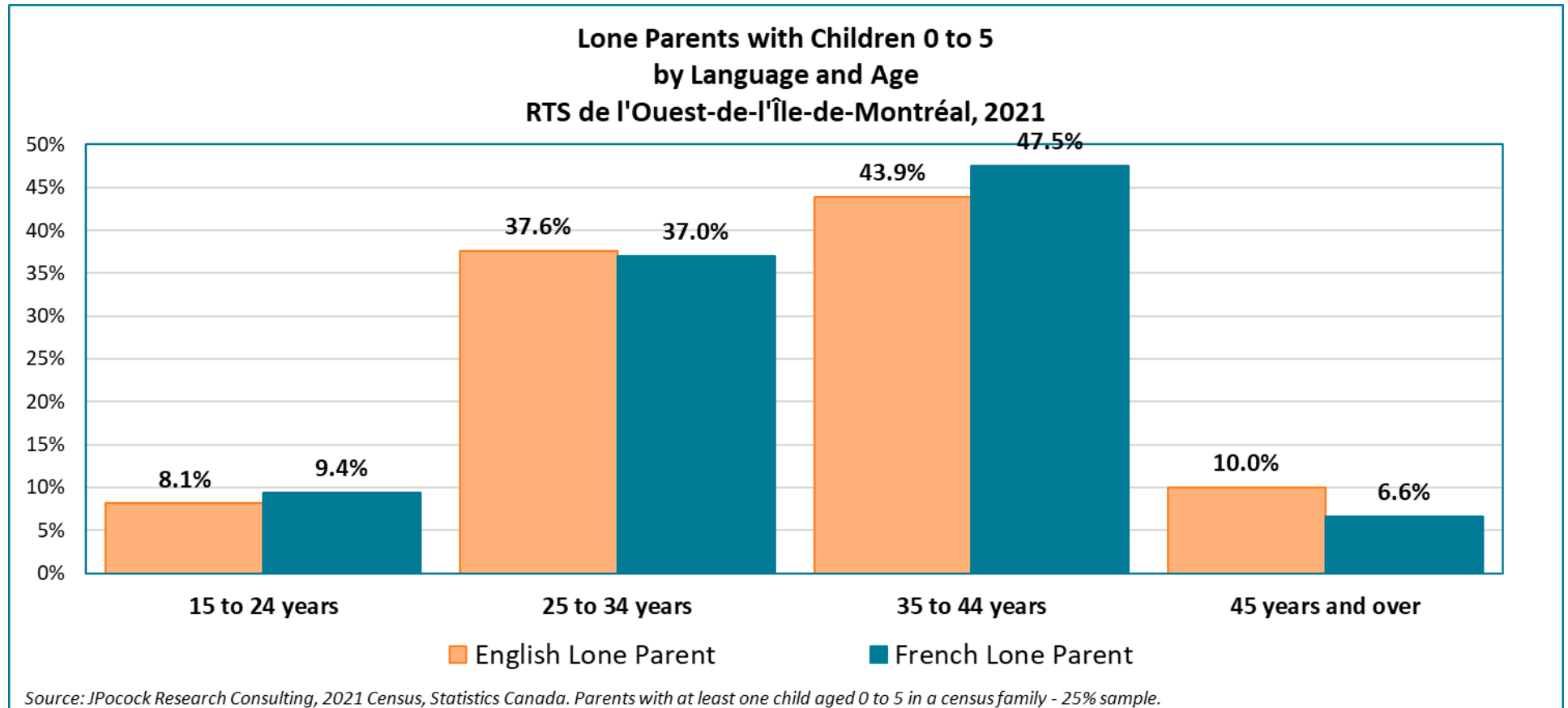
**Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5
by Language, Census Family Structure and Age
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021**

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 years and over
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	29,125	485	8,880	16,800	2,965
In an English Couple	11,405	120	3,460	6,900	925
In a French Couple	7,035	60	2,260	3,875	835
In an English and French Couple	3,125	35	880	1,910	305
English Lone Parent	1,355	110	510	595	135
French Lone Parent	905	85	335	430	60
Other Types of Families	5,290	65	1,435	3,080	700
Percentages					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	1.7%	30.5%	57.7%	10.2%
In an English Couple	100.0%	1.1%	30.3%	60.5%	8.1%
In a French Couple	100.0%	0.9%	32.1%	55.1%	11.9%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	1.1%	28.2%	61.1%	9.8%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	8.1%	37.6%	43.9%	10.0%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	9.4%	37.0%	47.5%	6.6%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	1.2%	27.1%	58.2%	13.2%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample.



- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 1.7% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were between the ages of 15 and 24. Within English-speaking couples, 1.1% of parents with young children were within this age group, which was much higher than the proportion within French-speaking couples (0.9%) and much lower than the overall average.
- Among parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, 30.3% were between the ages of 25 and 34. This was lower than the proportion for French-speaking couples (32.1%).
- Among parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in English-speaking couples, 60.5% were between the ages of 35 and 44. This was higher than the proportion for French-speaking couples (55.1%).
- Among parents with children aged 0 to 5, the majority (88.2%) were between the ages of 25 and 44. Within English-speaking couples, 90.8% were within this age category, which was similar to the proportion for French-speaking couples (87.2%) and similar to the overall average.
- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 10.2% of parents with children aged 0 to 5 were 45 years of age or older. Within English-speaking couples, 8.1% of parents with young children were within this age group, which was much lower than the proportion within French-speaking couples (11.9%) and much lower than the overall average.



- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 8.1% were between the ages of 15 and 24. This was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (9.4%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, 37.6% were between the ages of 25 and 34. This was similar to the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (37.0%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, 43.9% were between the ages of 35 and 44. This was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (47.5%).
- A large majority of parents with young children fall within the combined age group of 25 to 44. Among English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, approximately 81.5% were between the ages of 25 and 44. This was similar to the proportion for French-speaking lone parents (84.5%).
- In Québec, 10.0% of English-speaking lone parents with young children (0 to 5) were 45 years old or older. This was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents with young children (6.6%).

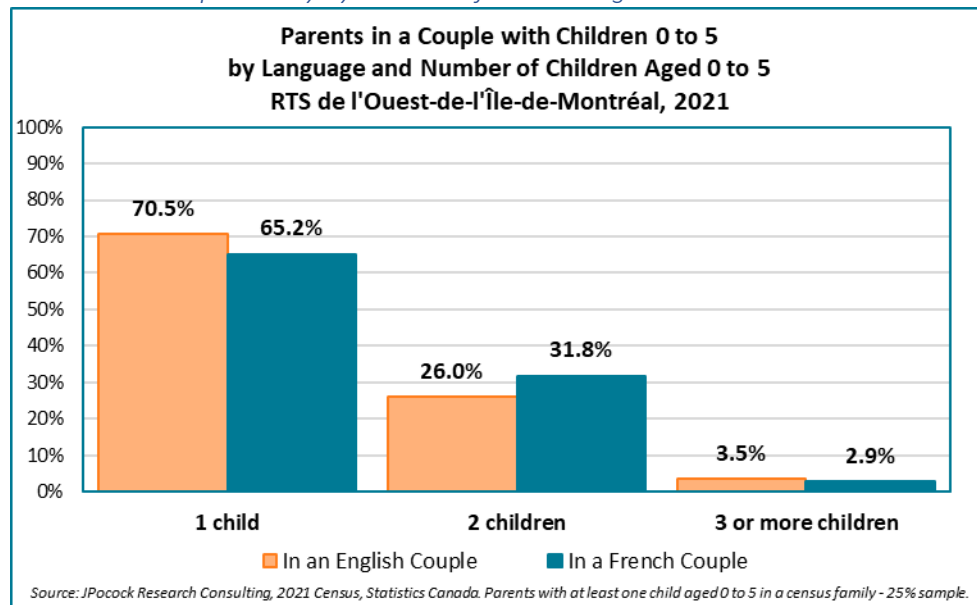
Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Number of Children

**Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5
by Language, Census Family Structure and Number of Children
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021**

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	1 child	2 children	3 or more children
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	29,125	20,535	7,750	835
In an English Couple	11,405	8,045	2,965	400
In a French Couple	7,035	4,590	2,240	205
In an English and French Couple	3,125	2,145	900	90
English Lone Parent	1,355	1,060	265	30
French Lone Parent	905	725	165	15
Other Types of Families	5,290	3,980	1,215	90
Percentages				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	70.5%	26.6%	2.9%
In an English Couple	100.0%	70.5%	26.0%	3.5%
In a French Couple	100.0%	65.2%	31.8%	2.9%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	68.6%	28.8%	2.9%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	78.2%	19.6%	2.2%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	80.1%	18.2%	-
Other Types of Families	100.0%	75.2%	23.0%	1.7%

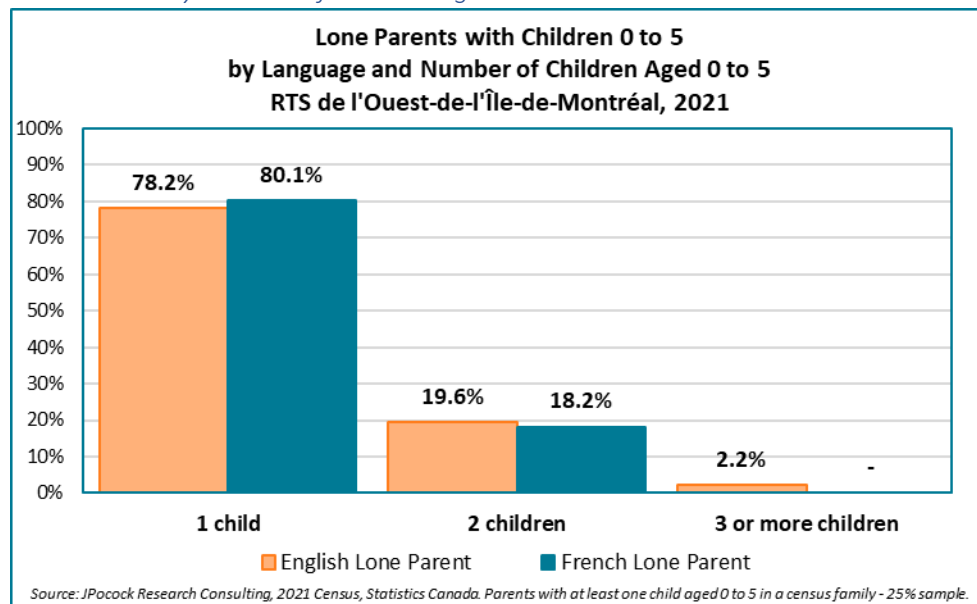
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample.

Parents in a Couple Family by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5



- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 70.5% of all parents with children 0 to 5 had a single child within that age range. Among those parents in an English-speaking couple, 70.5% had a single child aged 0 to 5, which was similar to the proportion within French-speaking couples (65.2%) and higher than the overall average.
- Among parents in English-speaking couples with children aged 0 to 5, 26.0% had two children within that age range, which was similar to the proportion among French-speaking couples (31.8%).
- Among parents in English-speaking couples with children aged 0 to 5, 3.5% had three or more children within that age range, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking couples (2.9%).

Lone Parents by Number of Children Aged 0 to 5

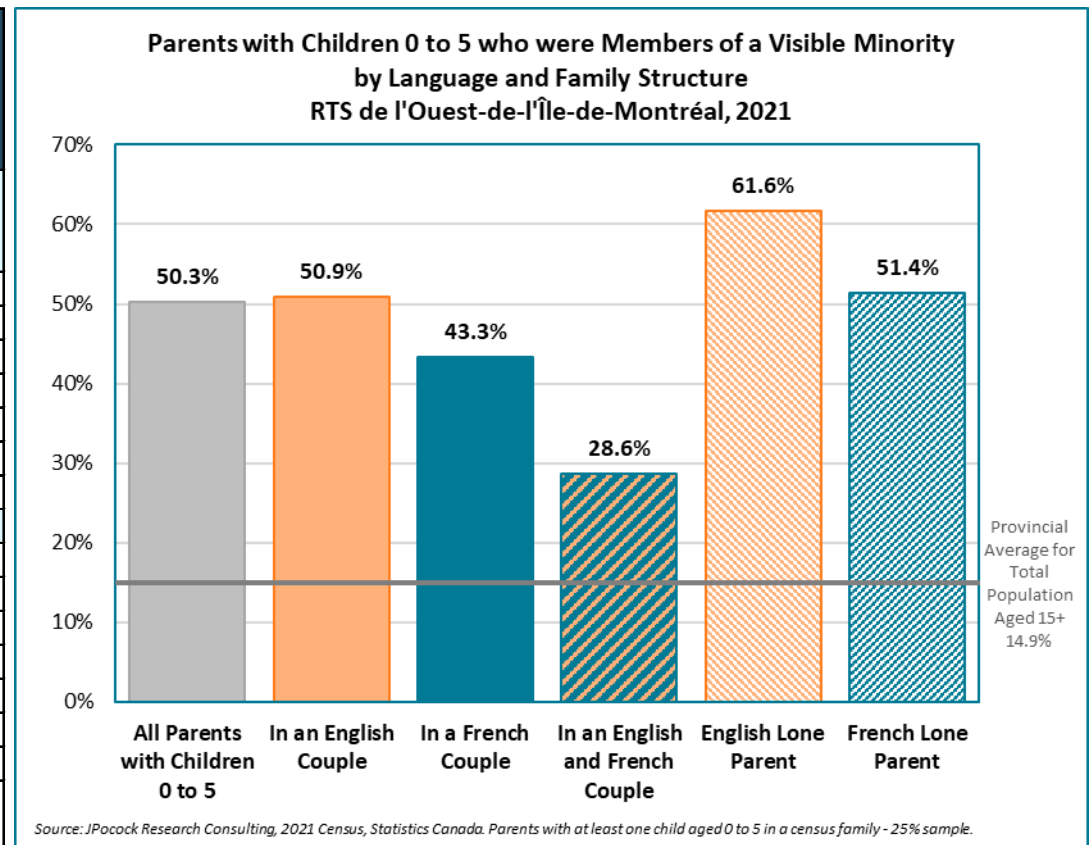


- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 78.2% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 had a single child in that age group, which was similar to the proportion within French-speaking lone parents (80.1%).
- Among parents in English-speaking lone parents with children aged 0 to 5, 19.6% had two children within that age range, which was higher than the proportion among French-speaking couples (18.2%).

Visible Minority Status

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Visible Minority Status RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021			
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Member of a Visible Minority	Not a Visible Minority
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	29,125	14,645	14,475
In an English Couple	11,405	5,805	5,605
In a French Couple	7,035	3,045	3,990
In an English and French Couple	3,125	895	2,235
English Lone Parent	1,355	835	520
French Lone Parent	905	465	440
Other Types of Families	5,290	3,600	1,690
Percentages			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	50.3%	49.7%
In an English Couple	100.0%	50.9%	49.1%
In a French Couple	100.0%	43.3%	56.7%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	28.6%	71.5%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	61.6%	38.4%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	51.4%	48.6%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	68.1%	31.9%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample.

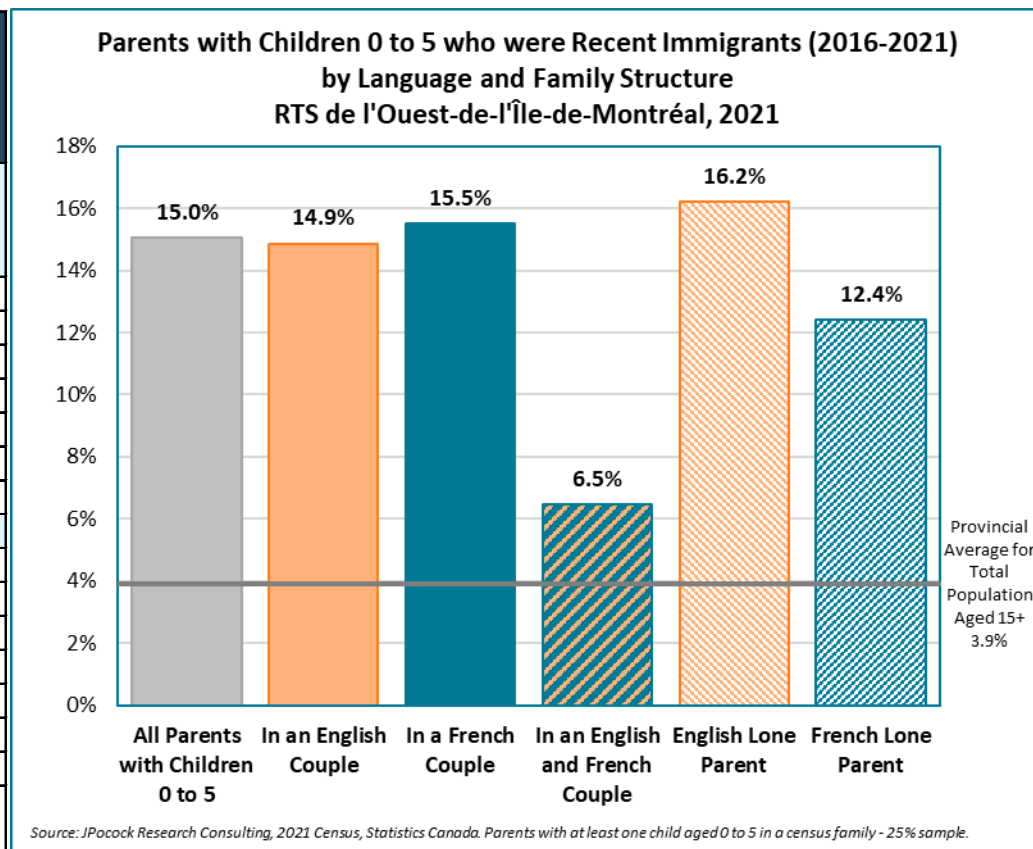


- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 50.3% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were members of a visible minority in 2021.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 50.9% were members of a visible minority, which was higher than those in French-speaking couples (43.3%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 28.6% parents with children 0 to 5 were members of a visible minority. This was much lower than the proportion in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 61.6% were a member of a visible minority. This was higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (51.4%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were much more likely to report being a member of a visible minority than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Recent Mobility (2016 – 2021)

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Recent* Mobility Status RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021				
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Migrants	Inter-provincial Migrants	External Migrants (Immigrants)
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	62,415	23,000	1,485	9,390
In an English Couple	23,970	10,100	930	3,565
In a French Couple	15,730	4,690	145	2,440
In an English and French Couple	6,505	2,135	190	420
English Lone Parent	3,210	1,105	95	520
French Lone Parent	2,175	550	35	270
Other Types of Families	10,815	4,420	80	2,170
Percentages				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	36.9%	2.4%	15.0%
In an English Couple	100.0%	42.1%	3.9%	14.9%
In a French Couple	100.0%	29.8%	0.9%	15.5%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	32.8%	2.9%	6.5%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	34.4%	3.0%	16.2%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	25.3%	1.6%	12.4%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	40.9%	0.7%	20.1%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample. *Between 2016 and 2021.

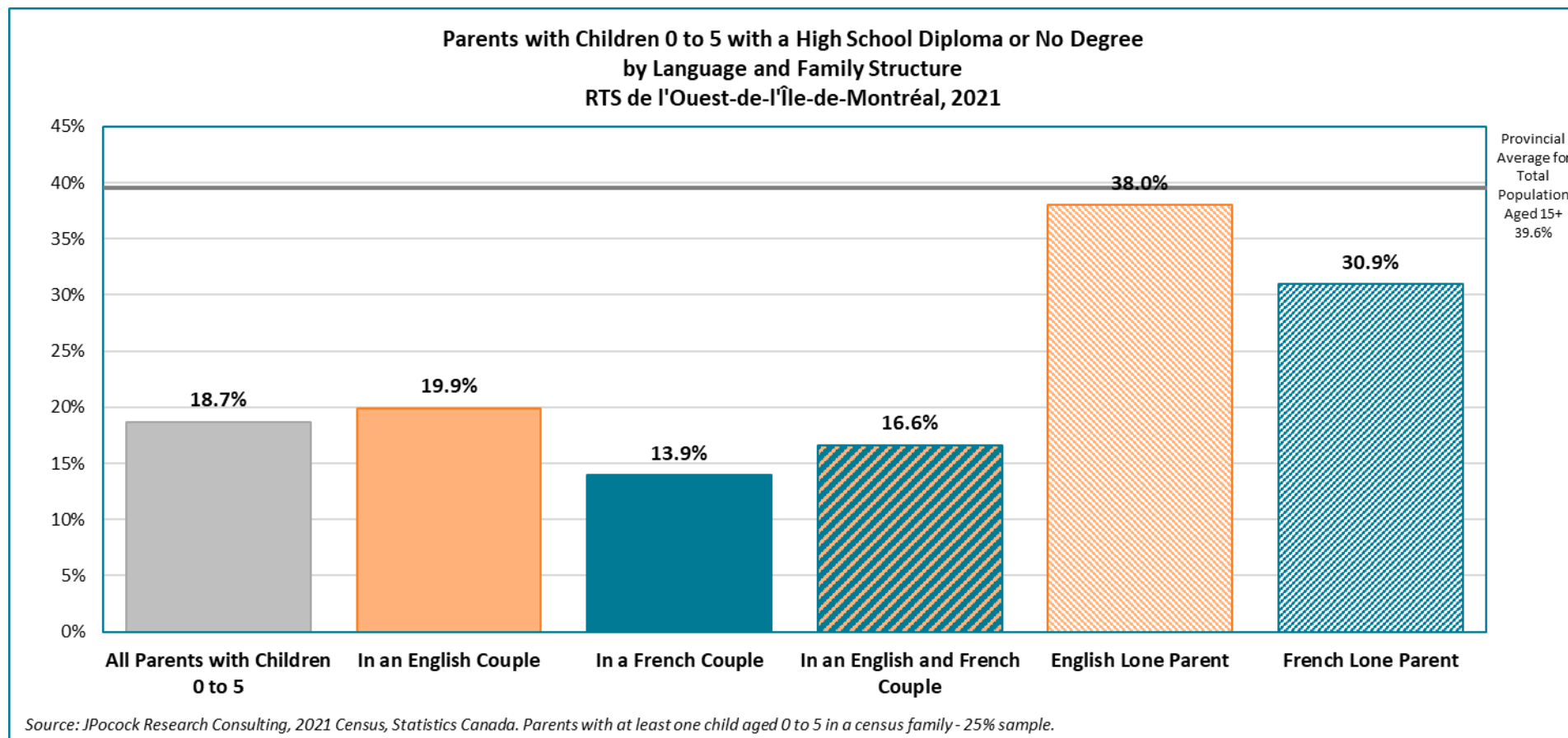


- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 15.0% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were recent immigrants in 2021.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 14.9% were recent immigrants, which was similar to those in French-speaking couples (15.5%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 6.5% of parents with children 0 to 5 were recent immigrants. This was much lower than the proportion in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 16.2% were a recent immigrant. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (12.4%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were less likely to report being a recent immigrant than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

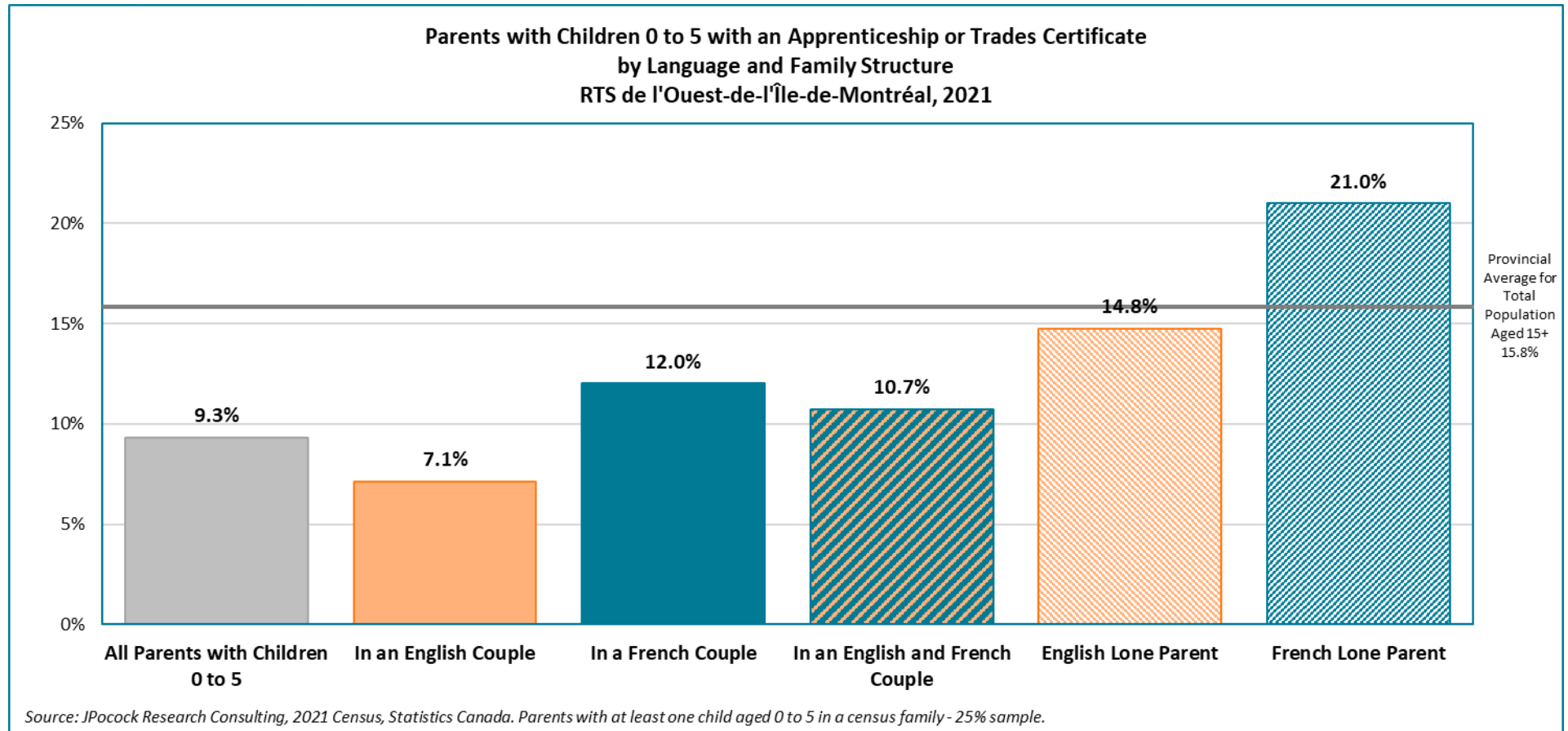
**Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5
by Language, Census Family Structure and Highest Level of Education
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021**

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	High School Diploma or No Degree	Apprenticeship or Trades Certificate	College, CEGEP or Other Non-University	University Certificate Below BA	University BA or Higher
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	29,125	5,445	2,710	4,420	1,175	15,380
In an English Couple	11,405	2,270	815	1,820	360	6,135
In a French Couple	7,035	980	845	1,065	315	3,830
In an English and French Couple	3,125	520	335	530	100	1,640
English Lone Parent	1,355	515	200	195	75	370
French Lone Parent	905	280	190	140	30	265
Other Types of Families	5,290	865	330	670	295	3,130
Percentages						
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	18.7%	9.3%	15.2%	4.0%	52.8%
In an English Couple	100.0%	19.9%	7.1%	16.0%	3.2%	53.8%
In a French Couple	100.0%	13.9%	12.0%	15.1%	4.5%	54.4%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	16.6%	10.7%	17.0%	3.2%	52.5%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	38.0%	14.8%	14.4%	5.5%	27.3%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	30.9%	21.0%	15.5%	3.3%	29.3%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	16.4%	6.2%	12.7%	5.6%	59.2%

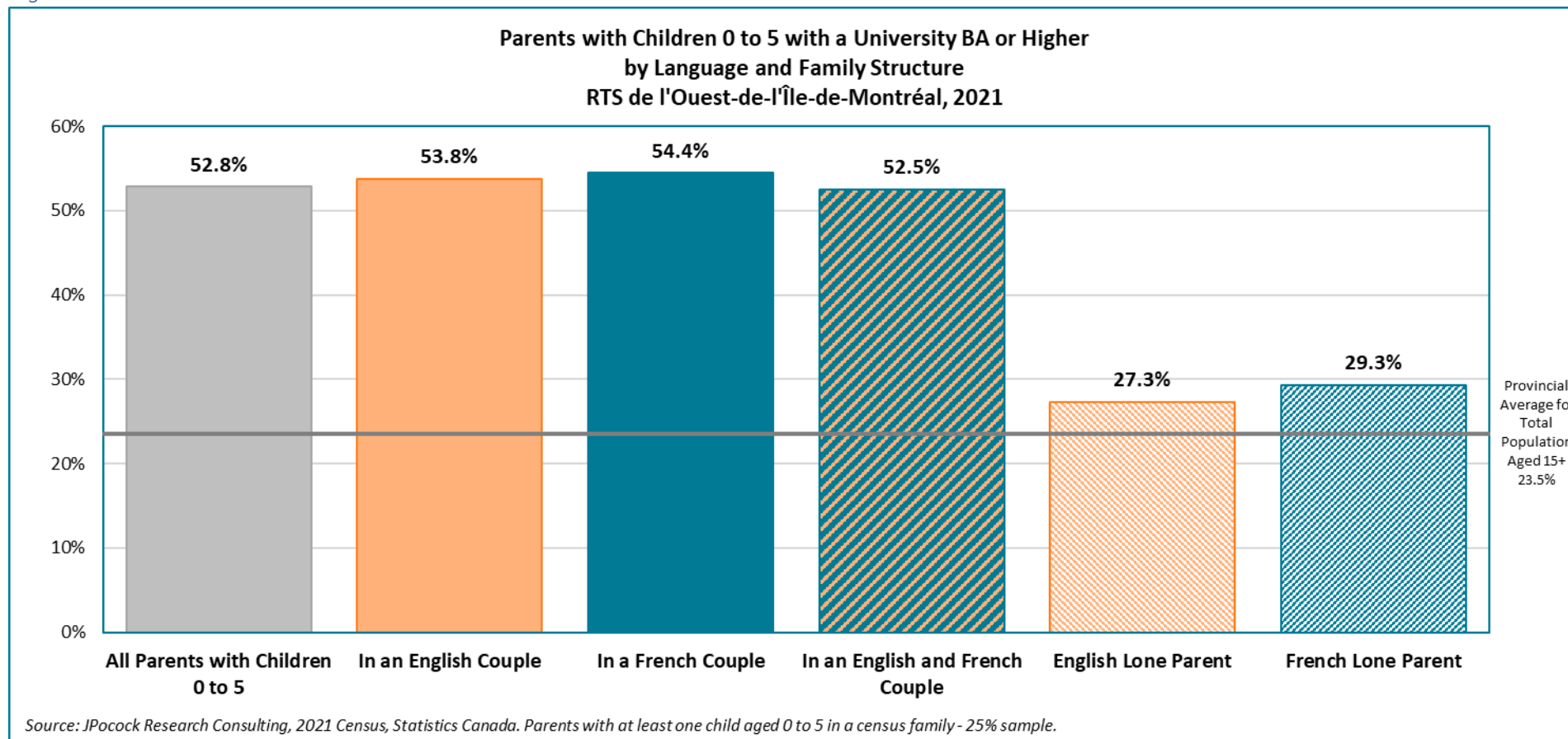
Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample.



- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 18.7% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment in 2021.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 19.9% reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (13.9%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 16.6% of parents with children 0 to 5 reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment. This was lower than the proportion in English-speaking couples and higher than the proportion in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 38.0% reported a high school diploma as their highest level of educational attainment. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (30.9%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were less likely to report this low level of educational attainment than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.



- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 9.3% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment in 2021.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 7.1% reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment, which was much lower than those in French-speaking couples (12.0%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 10.7% of parents with children 0 to 5 reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment. This was much higher than the proportion in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 14.8% reported an apprenticeship or trades certificate as their highest level of educational attainment. This was much lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (21.0%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were less likely to have an apprenticeship or trades certificate than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

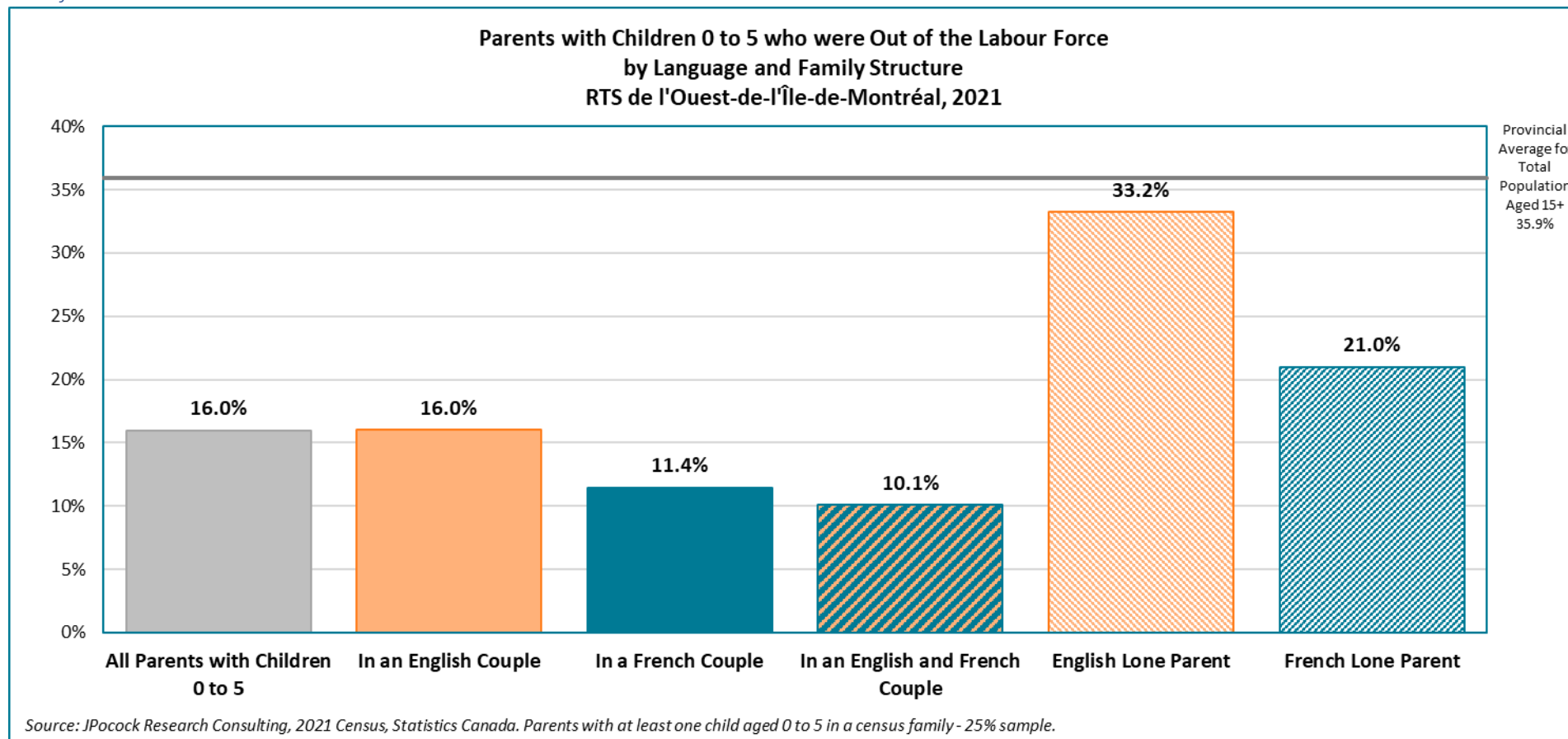


- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 52.8% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 reported having a university BA or higher in 2021.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 53.8% reported having a university BA or higher, which was similar to those in French-speaking couples (54.4%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 52.5% of parents with children 0 to 5 reported having a university BA or higher. This was similar to the proportion in English-speaking couples and similar to the proportion in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 27.3% reported having a university BA or higher. This was lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (29.3%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were less likely to reported having a university BA or higher than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

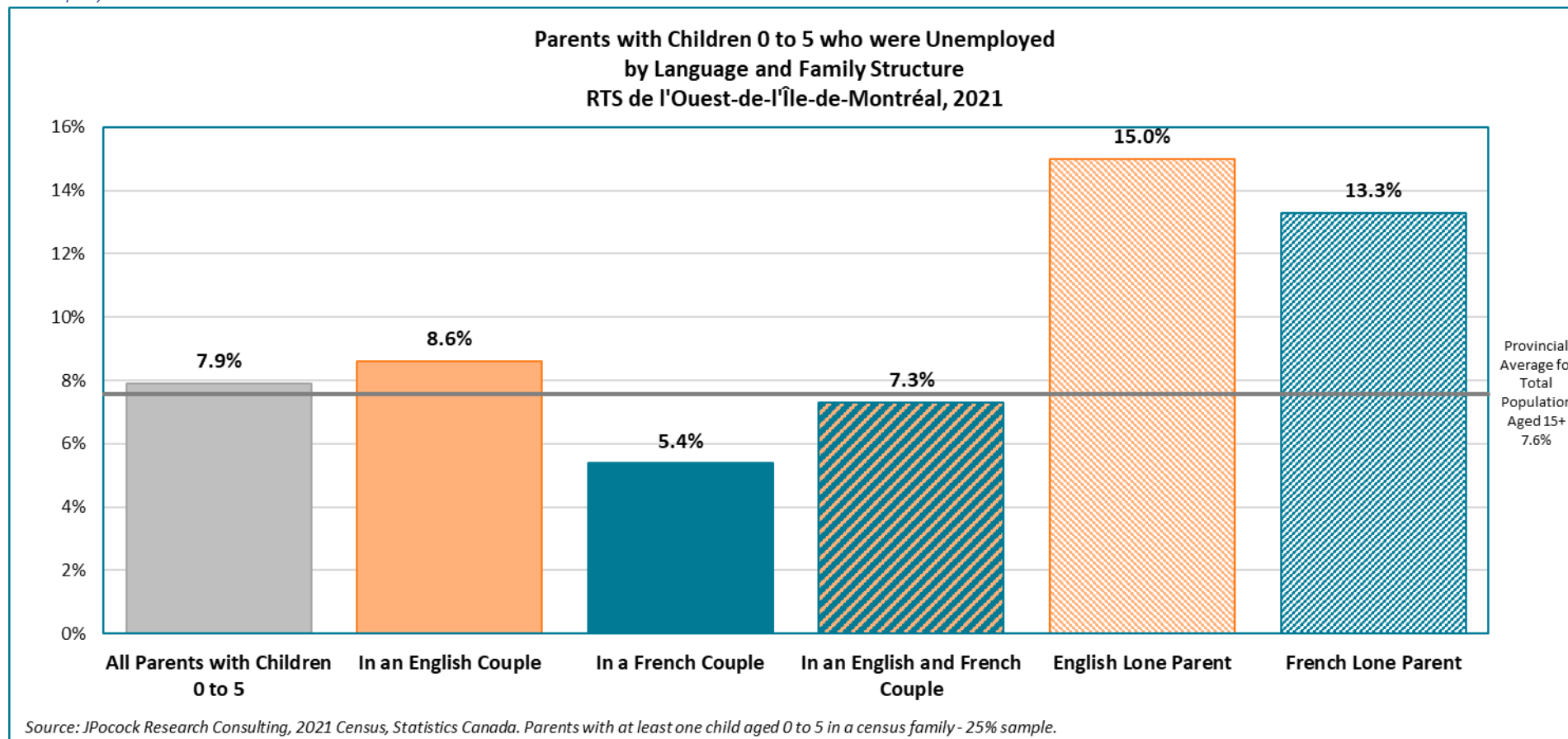
**Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5
by Language, Census Family Structure and Labour Force Activity
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021**

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	In the Labour Force	Un-employed	Out of the Labour Force
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	29,125	24,475	1,935	4,650
In an English Couple	11,405	9,590	825	1,825
In a French Couple	7,035	6,230	335	805
In an English and French Couple	3,125	2,805	205	315
English Lone Parent	1,355	900	135	450
French Lone Parent	905	715	95	190
Other Types of Families	5,290	4,225	350	1,065
Percentages				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	84.0%	7.9%	16.0%
In an English Couple	100.0%	84.1%	8.6%	16.0%
In a French Couple	100.0%	88.6%	5.4%	11.4%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	89.8%	7.3%	10.1%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	66.4%	15.0%	33.2%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	79.0%	13.3%	21.0%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	79.9%	8.3%	20.1%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample.



- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 16.0% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were out of the labour force in 2021.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 16.0% were out of the labour force, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (11.4%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 10.1% of parents with children 0 to 5 were out of the labour force. This was much lower than the proportion in English-speaking couples and lower than the proportion in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 33.2% were out of the labour force. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (21.0%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were less likely to be out of the labour force than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

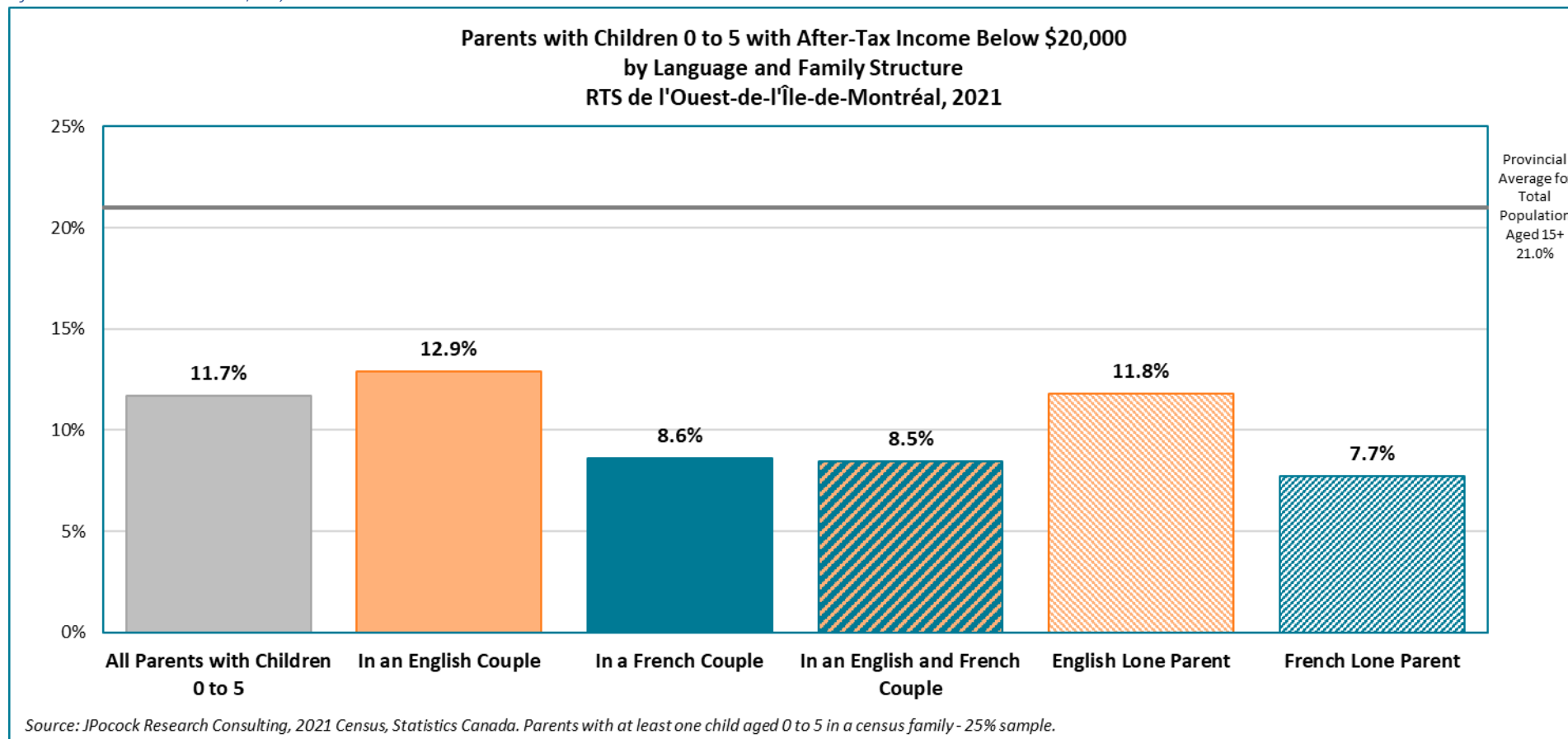


- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 7.9% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were unemployed in 2021.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 8.6% were unemployed, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (5.4%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 7.3% of parents with children 0 to 5 were unemployed. This was lower than the proportion in English-speaking couples and much higher than the proportion in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 15.0% were unemployed. This was higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (13.3%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were less likely to be unemployed than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

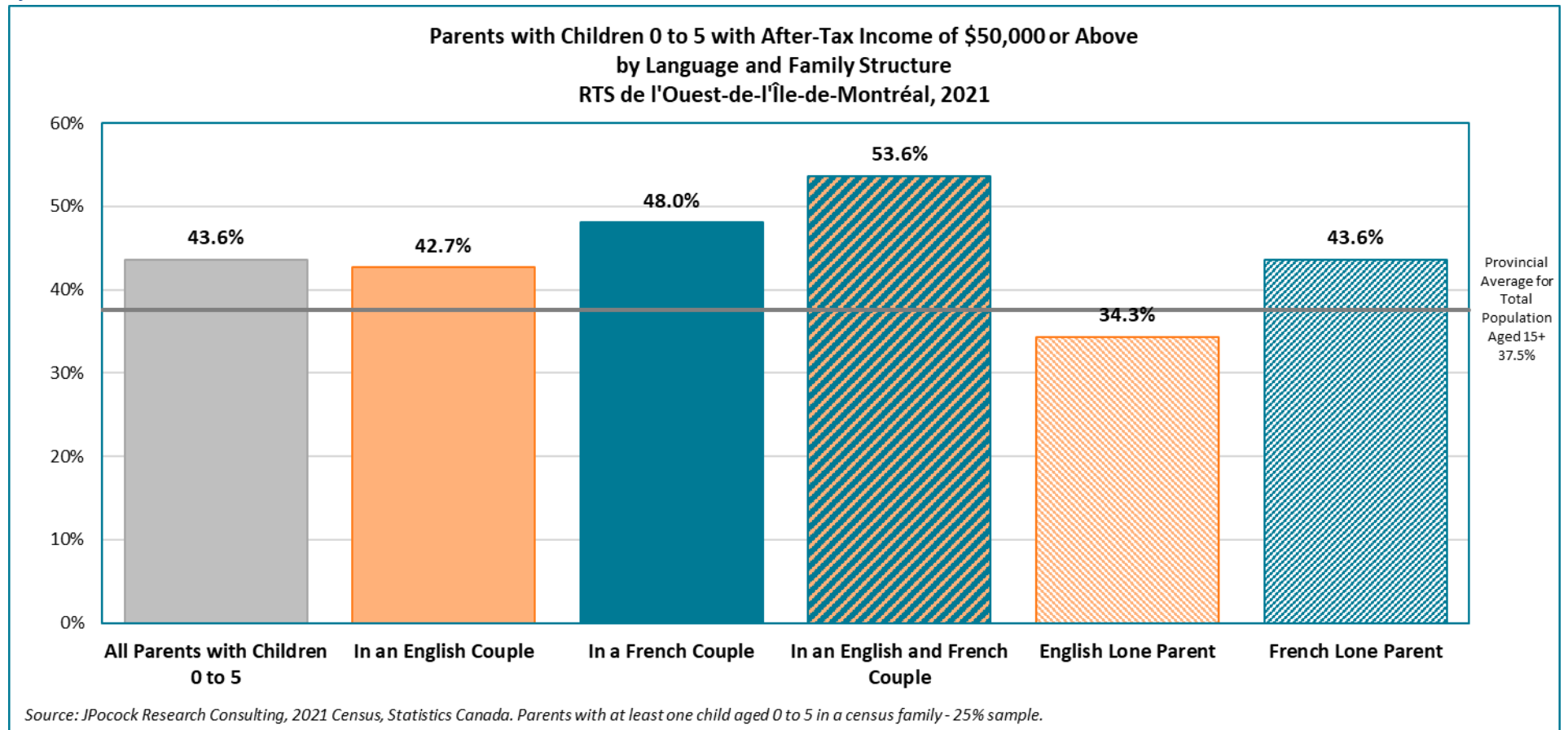
**Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5
by Language, Census Family Structure and After-Tax Income
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021**

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Less than \$20,000	\$20,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 and Over
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	29,125	3,405	13,020	12,710
In an English Couple	11,405	1,470	5,060	4,865
In a French Couple	7,035	605	3,055	3,380
In an English and French Couple	3,125	265	1,170	1,675
English Lone Parent	1,355	160	740	465
French Lone Parent	905	70	435	395
Other Types of Families	5,290	810	2,565	1,925
Percentages				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	11.7%	44.7%	43.6%
In an English Couple	100.0%	12.9%	44.4%	42.7%
In a French Couple	100.0%	8.6%	43.4%	48.0%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	8.5%	37.4%	53.6%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	11.8%	54.6%	34.3%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	7.7%	48.1%	43.6%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	15.3%	48.5%	36.4%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample.



- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 11.7% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 earned an after-tax income below \$20,000 in 2021.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 12.9% earned an after-tax income below \$20,000, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (8.6%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 8.5% of parents with children 0 to 5 earned an after-tax income below \$20,000. This was much lower than the proportion in English-speaking couples and similar to the proportion in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 11.8% earned an after-tax income below \$20,000. This was much higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (7.7%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were less likely to earn an income under \$20,000 than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

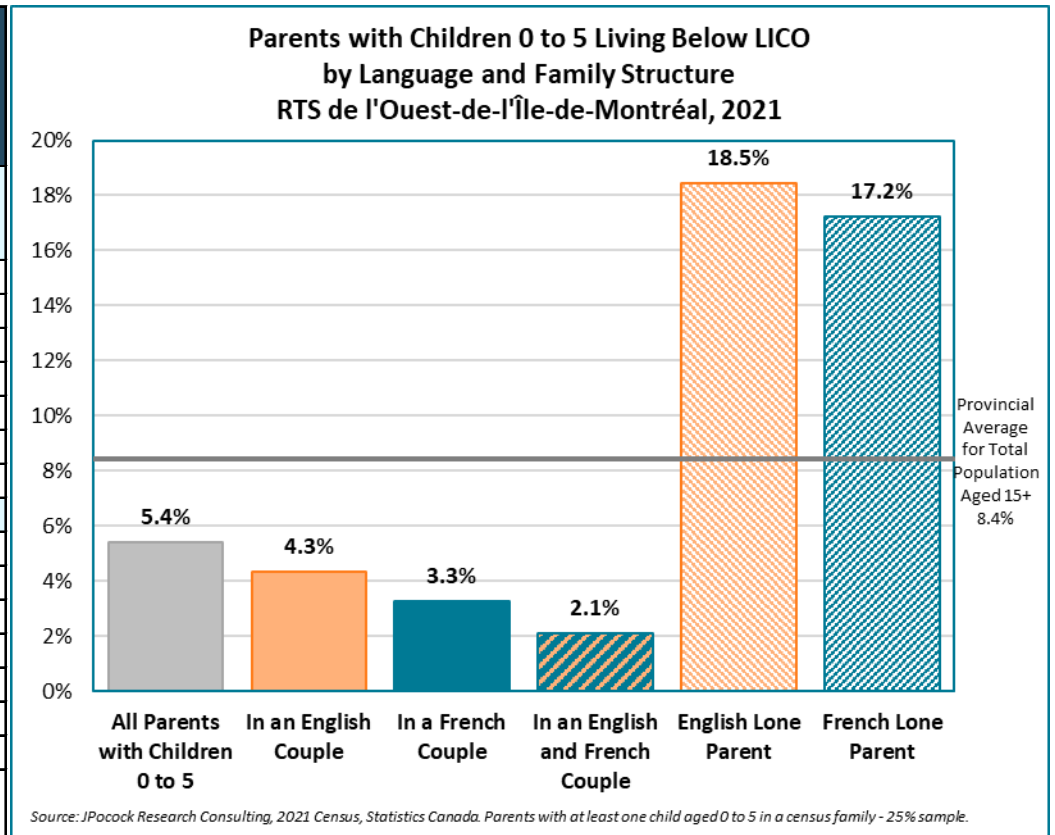


- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 43.6% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 earned \$50,000 or more in 2021.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 42.7% earned \$50,000 or more, which was lower than those in French-speaking couples (48.0%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 53.6% of parents with children 0 to 5 earned \$50,000 or more. This was much higher than the proportion in English-speaking couples and higher than the proportion in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 34.3% earned \$50,000 or more. This was much lower than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (43.6%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were less likely to earn an income of \$50,000 or more than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

Low Income Cut-Off (LICO)

Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Low Income Cut-Off Status RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021			
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Above LICO-AT	Below LICO-AT
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	29,130	27,555	1,575
In an English Couple	11,410	10,915	495
In a French Couple	7,035	6,805	230
In an English and French Couple	3,130	3,065	65
English Lone Parent	1,355	1,105	250
French Lone Parent	900	745	155
Other Types of Families	5,295	4,920	375
Percentages			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	100.0%	94.6%	5.4%
In an English Couple	100.0%	95.7%	4.3%
In a French Couple	100.0%	96.7%	3.3%
In an English and French Couple	100.0%	97.9%	2.1%
English Lone Parent	100.0%	81.5%	18.5%
French Lone Parent	100.0%	82.8%	17.2%
Other Types of Families	100.0%	92.9%	7.1%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample. LICO After Tax shown.

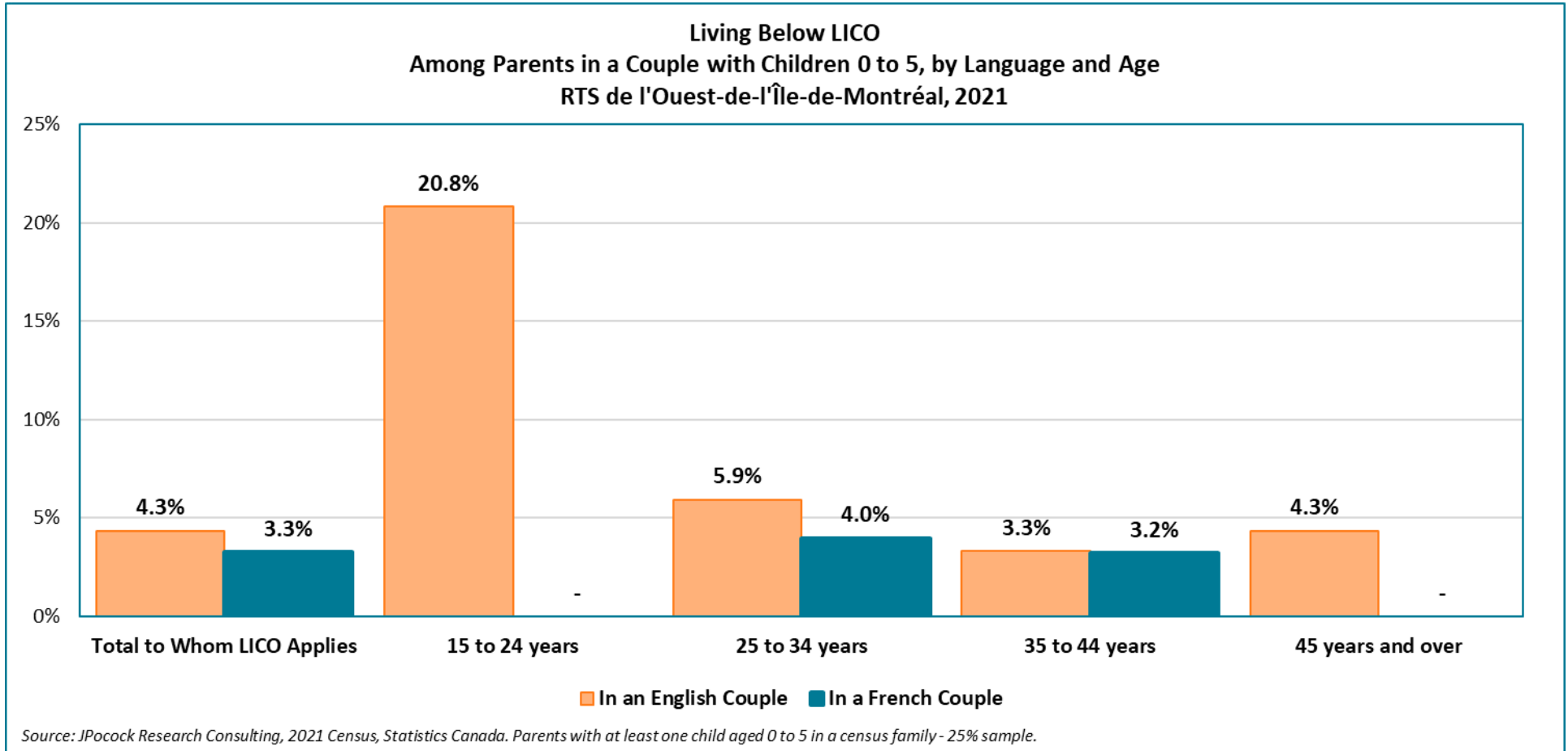


- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 5.4% of parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 were living below LICO in 2021.
- Among those parents in English-speaking couples, 4.3% were living below LICO, which was much higher than those in French-speaking couples (3.3%).
- Within mixed couples, those with one English-speaking parent and one French-speaking parent, 2.1% of parents with children 0 to 5 were living below LICO. This was much lower than the proportion in English-speaking couples and much lower than the proportion in French-speaking couples.
- Among English-speaking lone parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 18.5% were living below LICO. This was higher than the proportion of French-speaking lone parents (17.2%). English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 were less likely to report living below LICO than were parents with children of that age in English-speaking couples.

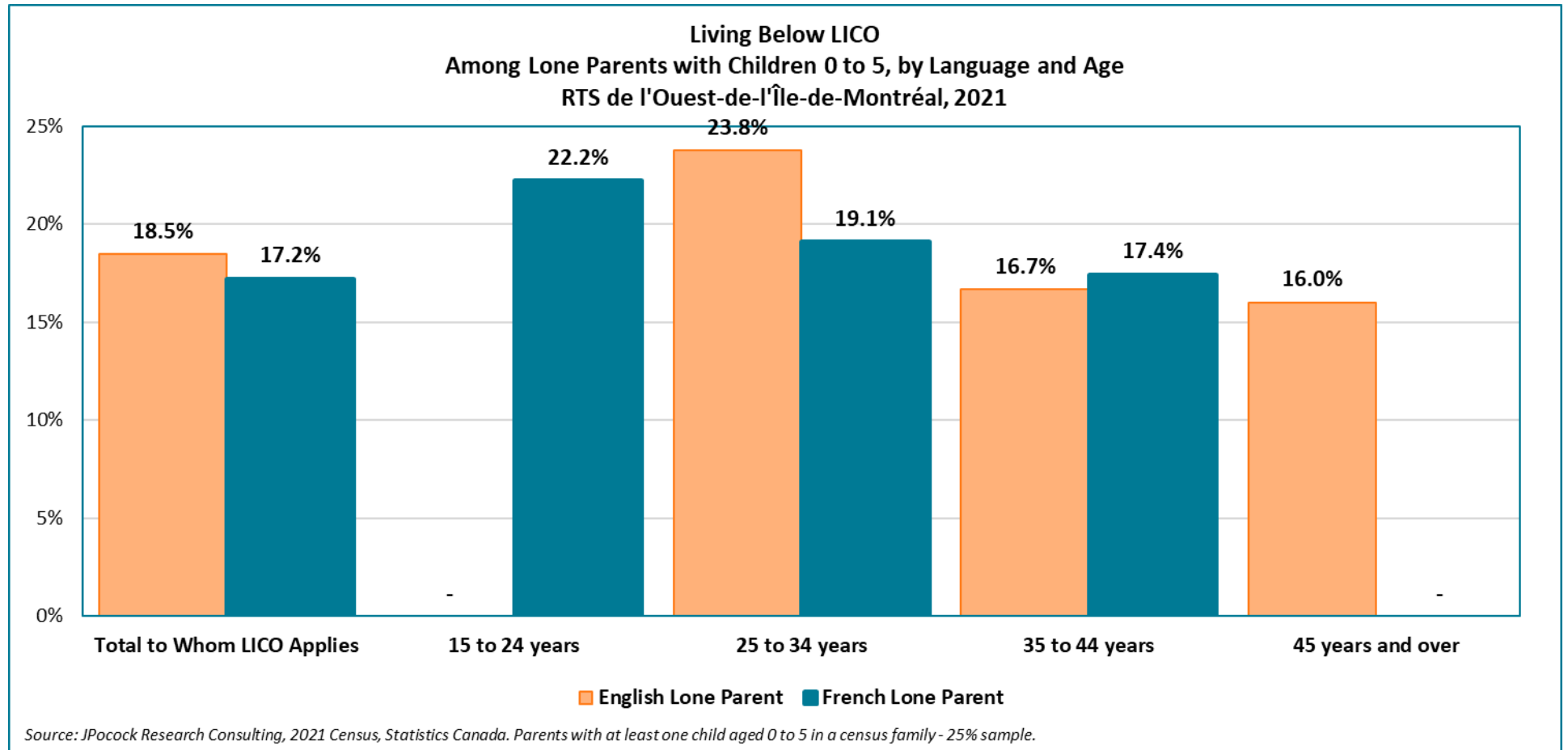
**Low Income Cut-off Stats of Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5
by Language, Census Family Structure and Age
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021**

Census Family Structure and Language	Total to Whom LICO Applies	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 years and over
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	29,130	490	8,875	16,795	2,950
In an English Couple	11,410	120	3,460	6,905	920
In a French Couple	7,035	55	2,260	3,880	815
In an English and French Couple	3,130	15	860	1,905	305
English Lone Parent	1,355	110	505	600	125
French Lone Parent	900	90	340	430	45
Other Types of Families	5,295	65	1,440	3,080	695
Living Below LICO-AT					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	1,575	85	640	730	110
In an English Couple	495	25	205	230	40
In a French Couple	230	-	90	125	-
In an English and French Couple	65	-	-	30	-
English Lone Parent	250	15	120	100	20
French Lone Parent	155	20	65	75	-
Other Types of Families	375	15	150	170	40
Percentages					
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	5.4%	17.3%	7.2%	4.3%	3.7%
In an English Couple	4.3%	20.8%	5.9%	3.3%	4.3%
In a French Couple	3.3%	-	4.0%	3.2%	-
In an English and French Couple	2.1%	-	-	1.6%	-
English Lone Parent	18.5%	-	23.8%	16.7%	16.0%
French Lone Parent	17.2%	22.2%	19.1%	17.4%	-
Other Types of Families	7.1%	-	10.4%	5.5%	5.8%

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample. LICO After Tax shown.



- Among parents aged 25 to 35 with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 5.9% of those in English-speaking couples were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (4.0%).
- Among parents aged 35 to 45 with at least one child aged 0 to 5, 3.3% of those in English-speaking couples were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (3.2%).

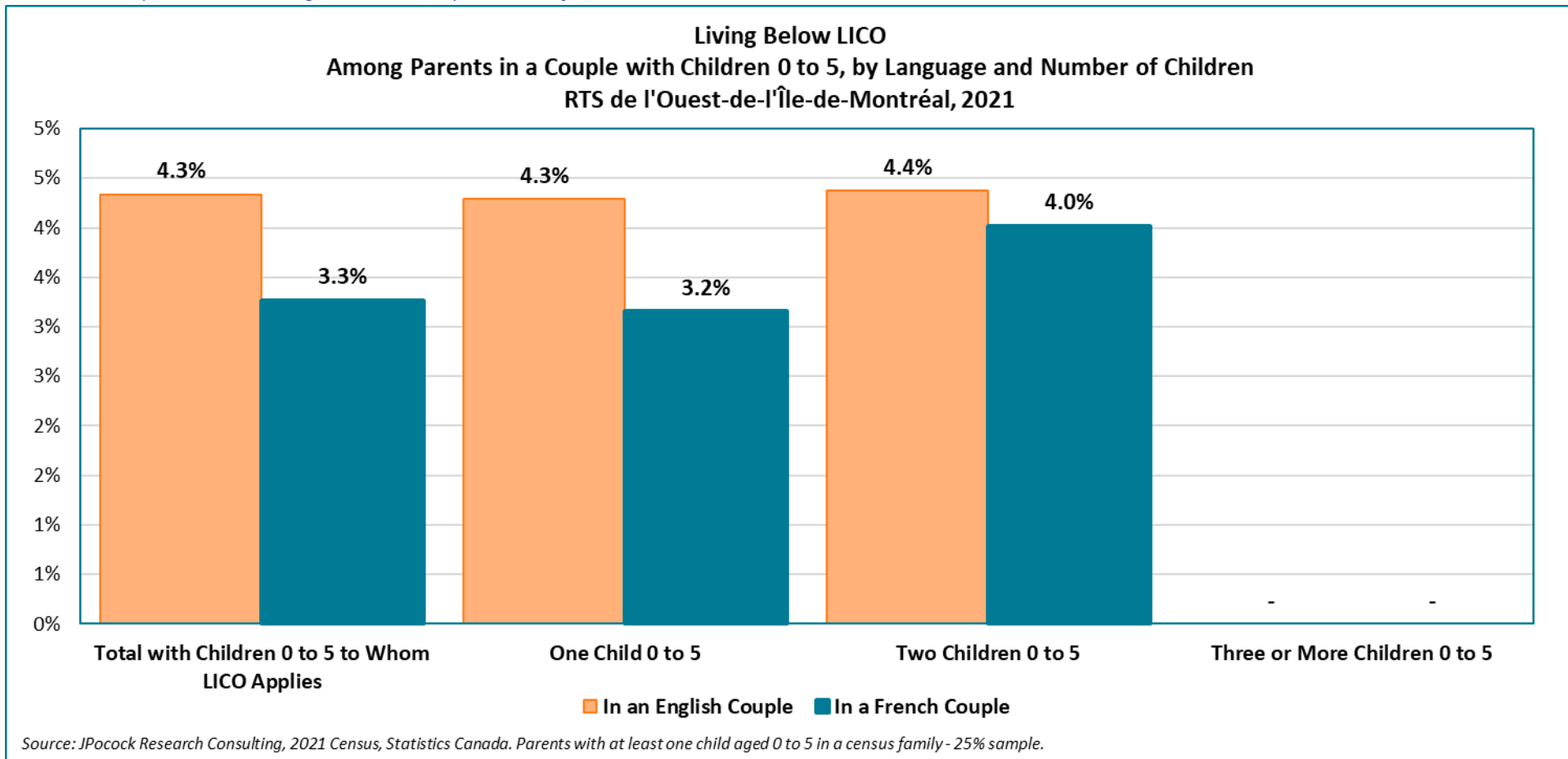


- Among English-speaking lone parents aged 25 to 35 with children 0 to 5, 23.8% were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents aged 25 to 35 (19.1%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents aged 35 to 45 with children 0 to 5, 16.7% were living below LICO, which was similar to the proportion among French-speaking lone parents aged 35 to 45 (17.4%).

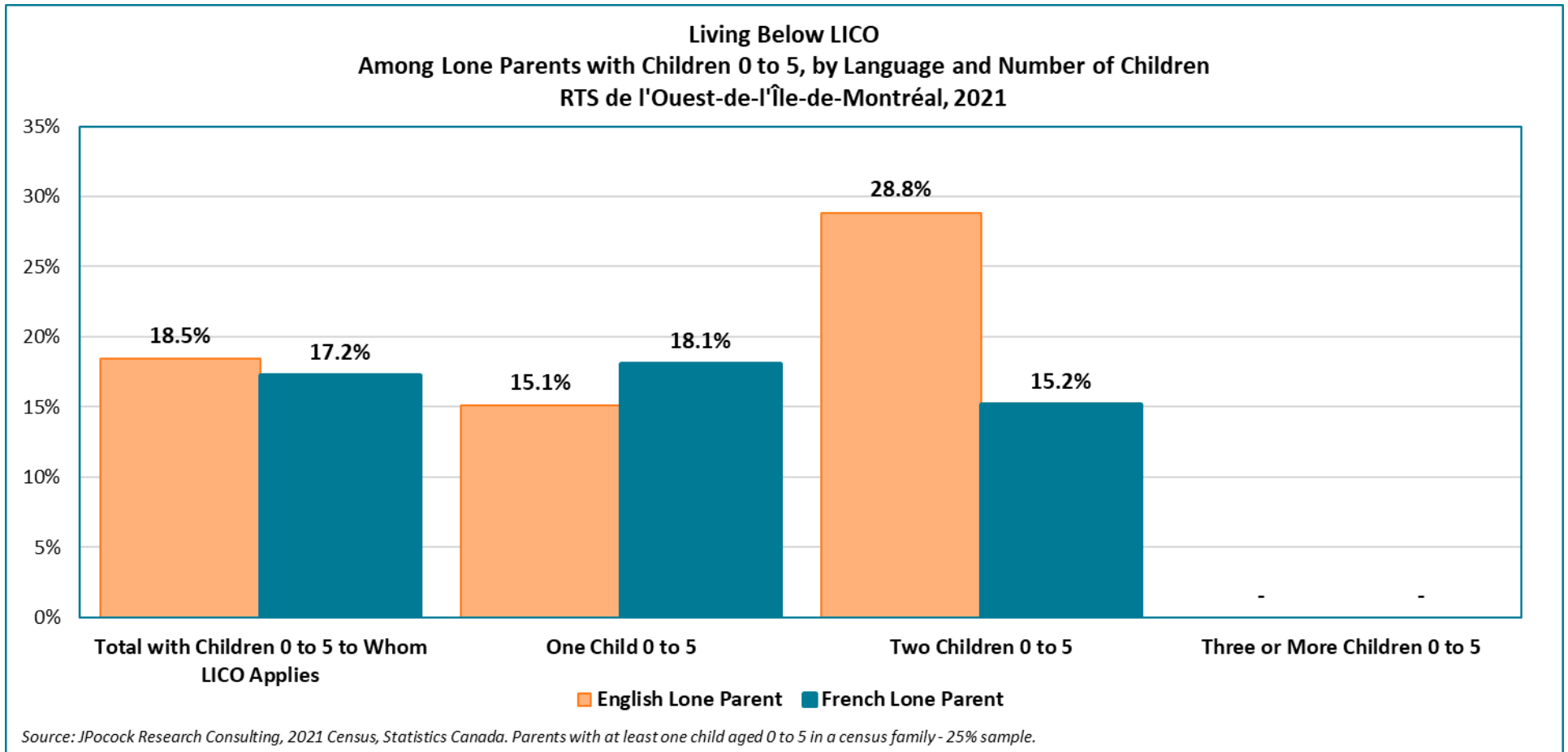
**Low Income Cut-off Stats of Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5
by Language, Census Family Structure and Number of Children
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021**

Census Family Structure and Language	Total with Children 0 to 5 to Whom LICO Applies	One Child 0 to 5	Two Children 0 to 5	Three or More Children 0 to 5
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	29,130	20,540	7,750	830
In an English Couple	11,410	8,045	2,970	375
In a French Couple	7,035	4,595	2,240	205
In an English and French Couple	3,130	2,125	895	65
English Lone Parent	1,355	1,060	260	20
French Lone Parent	900	720	165	15
Other Types of Families	5,295	3,980	1,220	90
Living Below LICO-AT				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	1,575	1,120	415	35
In an English Couple	495	345	130	-
In a French Couple	230	145	90	-
In an English and French Couple	65	40	-	-
English Lone Parent	250	160	75	-
French Lone Parent	155	130	25	-
Other Types of Families	375	285	90	-
Percentages				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	5.4%	5.5%	5.4%	4.2%
In an English Couple	4.3%	4.3%	4.4%	-
In a French Couple	3.3%	3.2%	4.0%	-
In an English and French Couple	2.1%	1.9%	-	-
English Lone Parent	18.5%	15.1%	28.8%	-
French Lone Parent	17.2%	18.1%	15.2%	-
Other Types of Families	7.1%	7.2%	7.4%	-

Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample. LICO After Tax shown.

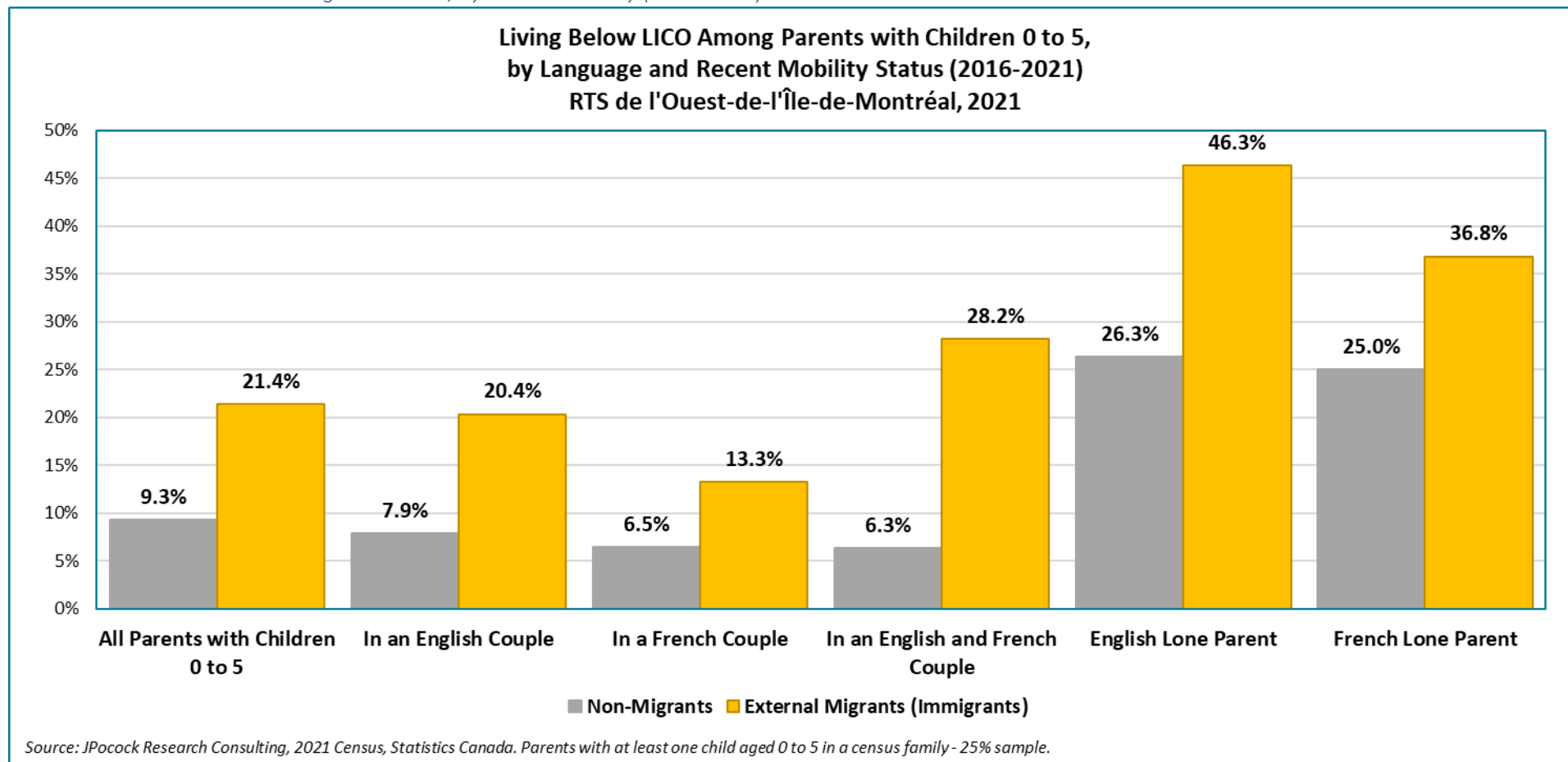


- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 4.3% of parents in English-speaking couples with a single child aged 0 to 5 reported living below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (3.2%).
- Among English-speaking couples with two children aged 0 to 5, 4.4% were living below LICO, which was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (4.0%).



- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 15.1% of English-speaking lone parents with a single child aged 0 to 5 with children 0 to 5 were living below LICO, which was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents in that age group (18.1%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with two children aged 0 to 5, 28.8% were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents with two children aged 0 to 5 (15.2%).

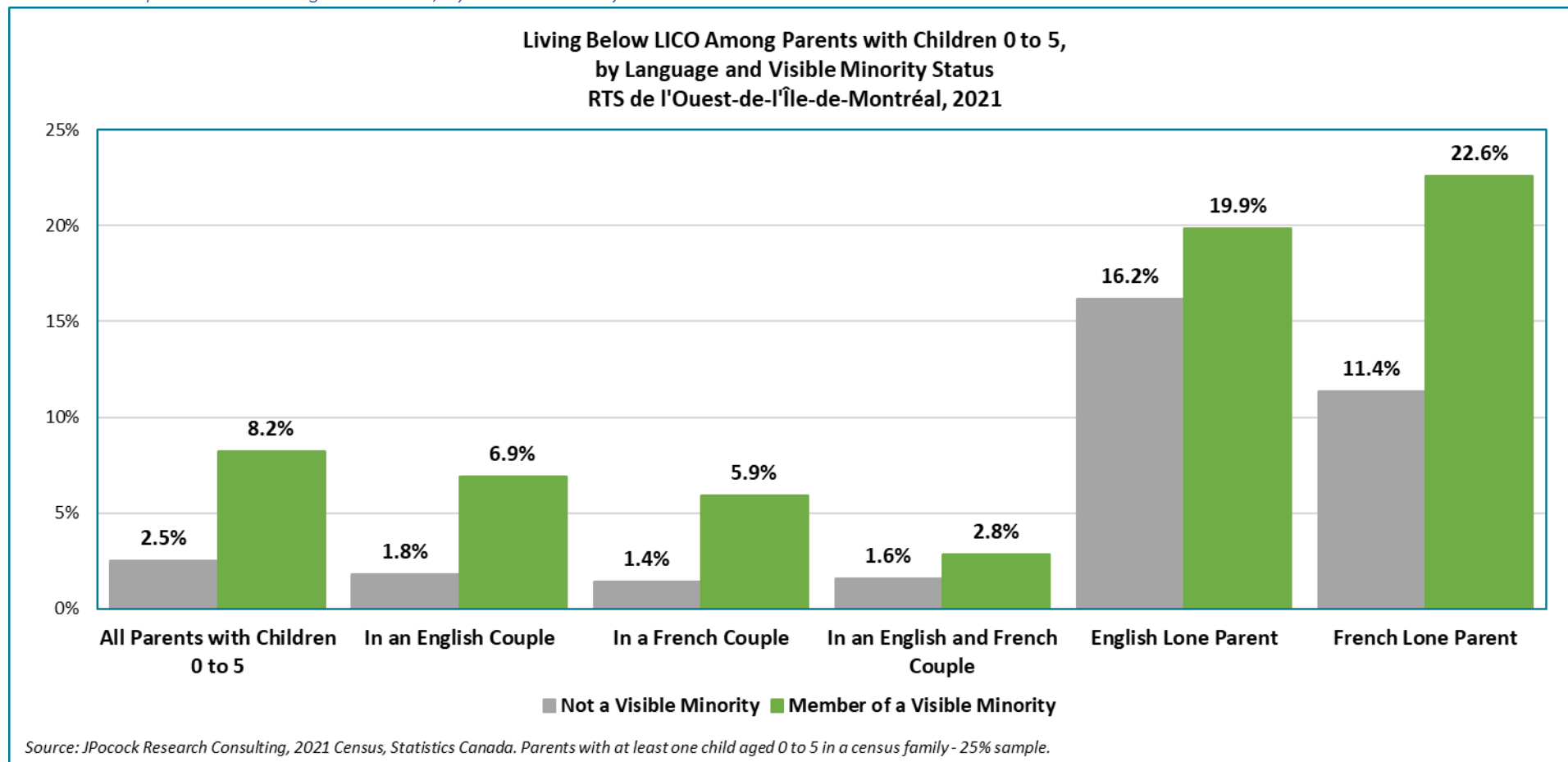
Low Income Cut-off Stats of Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5 by Language, Census Family Structure and Recent* Mobility Status RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021				
Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Non-Migrants	Migrants	External Migrants (Immigrants)
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	29,130	10,730	695	4,140
In an English Couple	11,410	4,840	440	1,645
In a French Couple	7,035	2,005	60	940
In an English and French Couple	3,130	1,030	90	195
English Lone Parent	1,355	475	25	205
French Lone Parent	900	220	-	95
Other Types of Families	5,295	2,165	40	1,065
Living Below LICO-AT				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	1,575	1,000	30	885
In an English Couple	495	380	-	335
In a French Couple	230	130	-	125
In an English and French Couple	65	65	-	55
English Lone Parent	250	125	-	95
French Lone Parent	155	55	-	35
Other Types of Families	375	250	-	240
Percentages				
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	5.4%	9.3%	4.3%	21.4%
In an English Couple	4.3%	7.9%	-	20.4%
In a French Couple	3.3%	6.5%	-	13.3%
In an English and French Couple	2.1%	6.3%	-	28.2%
English Lone Parent	18.5%	26.3%	-	46.3%
French Lone Parent	17.2%	25.0%	-	36.8%
Other Types of Families	7.1%	11.5%	-	22.5%
<i>Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample. LICO After Tax shown. *Recent refers to the past five years, from 2016 to 2021.</i>				



- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 4,140 parents of children 0 to 5 who had immigrated to Canada between 2016 and 2021. Of those parents in English-speaking couples, 20.4% were living below the Low-Income Cut-Off (LICO). This was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (13.3%).
- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 46.3% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were recent immigrants lived below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (36.8%).
- Among parents with children 0 to 5 who were not recent migrants, 7.9% of those in an English-speaking couple were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (6.5%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were not recent migrants, 26.3% lived below LICO. This was higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (25.0%).

**Low Income Cut-off Stats of Parents with at Least One Child Aged 0 to 5
by Language, Census Family Structure and Visible Minority Status
RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 2021**

Census Family Structure and Language	Total	Member of a Visible Minority	Not a Visible Minority
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	29,130	14,645	14,475
In an English Couple	11,410	5,810	5,605
In a French Couple	7,035	3,050	3,990
In an English and French Couple	3,130	890	2,230
English Lone Parent	1,355	830	525
French Lone Parent	900	465	440
Other Types of Families	5,295	3,600	1,690
Living Below LICO-AT			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	1,575	1,205	365
In an English Couple	495	400	100
In a French Couple	230	180	55
In an English and French Couple	65	25	35
English Lone Parent	250	165	85
French Lone Parent	155	105	50
Other Types of Families	375	325	45
Percentages			
All Parents with Children 0 to 5	5.4%	8.2%	2.5%
In an English Couple	4.3%	6.9%	1.8%
In a French Couple	3.3%	5.9%	1.4%
In an English and French Couple	2.1%	2.8%	1.6%
English Lone Parent	18.5%	19.9%	16.2%
French Lone Parent	17.2%	22.6%	11.4%
Other Types of Families	7.1%	9.0%	2.7%
<p><i>Source: JPocock Research Consulting, 2021 Census, Statistics Canada. Parents with at least one child aged 0 to 5 in a census family - 25% sample. LICO After Tax shown.</i></p>			



- Among parents with children 0 to 5 who were not a member of a visible minority, 1.8% of those in an English-speaking couple were living below LICO, which was much higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (1.4%).
- Among English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were not a member of a visible minority, 16.2% lived below LICO. This was much higher than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (11.4%).
- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal there were 14,645 parents of children 0 to 5 who reported being a member of a visible minority. Of those parents in English-speaking couples, 6.9% were living below the Low-Income Cut-Off (LICO). This was higher than the proportion among those in French-speaking couples (5.9%).
- In RTS de l'Ouest-de-l'Île-de-Montréal, 19.9% of English-speaking lone parents with children 0 to 5 who were a member of a visible minority lived below LICO. This was lower than the proportion among French-speaking lone parents (22.6%).