



Santé

Province of Québec

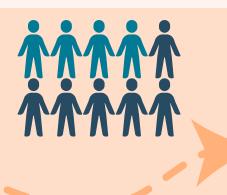
Socio-Demographic Characteristics of Visible Minorities in English-Speaking Communities: 2016 and 2021 Census Data



1,244,440 English-speakers (ES) 447,075 English-Speaking Visible Minorities (ESVM)

2021: Québec

Understanding the most recent provincial-level census data on the personal, social, economic and environmental factors, (determinants of health) and trends over time is a key step towards reducing health inequalities for individuals and groups.



35.9%

of the ES population in QC are visible minorities

This is 3 times higher than the French-speaking visible minority population (FSVM), 12%.

Highlighting Vulnerabilities in the English-speaking Visible Minority Population

The gender breakdown (Male/Female) is approximately equally proportional except in the Filipino community where there are 14.7% more females than males.





37.7% are between the ages of 25-44, followed by 22.5% who are between the ages of 45-64.

13.1% come from a lone parents and children household, and 10.9% live alone.

34.7% of all lone parent and children households are Black.



34.5% of those aged 15+ have high school or no diploma at all.



45.4% of the ES Black community and 40.9% of ES South Asian communities have high school or no diploma at all.

The unemployment rate is 12.3% which is 2.2% higher than the rate for the French-speaking visible minority (FSVM) population, 10.1%.





31% are in the low-income category (earning \$20,000 or less), compared to 28.1% for the FSVM population

Observing trends from 2016 ••••• 2021
The ESVM population....

Grew by 6.1% in comparison to a 2.3% growth for the FSVM population.

Grew substantially in 23 RTS regions across QC with 6 of them more than doubling in size.

Grew by 8% in the 15-24 category, followed by the 0-14 group at 7.7% growth.

Showed a concerning low-income rate in 2016 (55.7% earning less than \$20k). By 2021, the rate decreased significantly, by 24.7%.

Unemployment rate increased by 1.2%.